UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE **SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the Fiscal Year Ended January 28, 2012

Commission File No.0-25464



DOLLAR TREE, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Virginia (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

26-2018846 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

500 Volvo Parkway, Chesapeake, VA 23320 (Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (757) 321-5000

Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: **Title of Each Class** Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered Common Stock (par value \$.01 per share) NASDAO

> Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: (Title of Class)

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes (X)

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act. No (X)

Indicate by check mark whether Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes (X)

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of Registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. ()

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer (X) Accelerated filer ()

Non-accelerated filer () Smaller reporting company ()

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes() No(X)

The aggregate market value of Common Stock held by non-affiliates of the Registrant on July 29, 2011, was \$7,748,097,313, based on a \$65.55 average of the high and low sales prices for the Common Stock on such date. For purposes of this computation, all executive officers and directors have been deemed to be affiliates. Such determination should not be deemed to be an admission that such executive officers and directors are, in fact, affiliates of the Registrant.

On March 7, 2012, there were 115,652,758 shares of the Registrant's Common Stock outstanding.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The information regarding securities authorized for issuance under equity compensation plans called for in Item 5 of Part II and the information called for in Items 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 of Part III are incorporated by reference to the definitive Proxy Statement for the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of the Company to be held June 14, 2012, which will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission not later than May 25, 2012.

DOLLAR TREE, INC. TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
	PART I	
Item 1.	BUSINESS	6
Item 1A.	RISK FACTORS	10
Item 1B.	UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS	13
Item 2.	PROPERTIES	13
Item 3.	LEGAL PROCEEDINGS	14
Item 4.	MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES	15
	PART II	
Item 5.	MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED	
item 5.	STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES	16
Item 6.	SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA	17
Item 7.	MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL	
item 7.	CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS	19
Item 7A.	QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK	28
Item 8.	FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA	29
Item 9.	CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON	
	ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE	52
Item 9A.	CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES	52
Item 9B.	OTHER INFORMATION	53
	PART III	
Item 10.	DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE	53
Item 11.	EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION	53
item 11.	EAECOTIVE COMI ENSATION	33
Item 12.	SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS	54
Item 13.	CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS, RELATED TRANSACTIONS AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE	54
Item 14.	PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES	54
	PART IV	
Item 15.	EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES, AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K	54
	SIGNATURES	50

A WARNING ABOUT FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS: This document contains "forward-looking statements" as that term is used in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements address future events, developments and results. They include statements preceded by, followed by or including words such as "believe," "anticipate," "expect," "intend," "plan," "view," "target" or "estimate." For example, our forward-looking statements include statements regarding:

- · our anticipated sales, including comparable store net sales, net sales growth and earnings growth;
- costs of pending and possible future legal claims;
- · our growth plans, including our plans to add, expand or relocate stores, our anticipated square footage increase, and our ability to renew leases at existing store locations;
- the average size of our stores to be added in 2012 and beyond;
- the effect of a shift in merchandise mix to consumables and the increase in the number of our stores with freezers and coolers on gross profit margin and sales;
- the net sales per square foot, net sales and operating income of our stores and store-level cash payback metrics;
- the potential effect of the current economic downturn, inflation and other economic changes on our costs and profitability, including the potential effect of future changes in minimum wage rates, shipping rates, domestic and import freight costs, fuel costs and wage and benefit costs;
- our gross profit margin, earnings, inventory levels and ability to leverage selling, general and administrative and other fixed costs;
- our seasonal sales patterns including those relating to the length of the holiday selling seasons and the effect of an earlier Easter in 2012;
- the capabilities of our inventory supply chain technology and other systems;
- the reliability of, and cost associated with, our sources of supply, particularly imported goods such as those sourced from China;
- the capacity, performance and cost of our distribution centers;
- our cash needs, including our ability to fund our future capital expenditures and working capital requirements;
- our expectations regarding competition and growth in our retail sector; and
- management's estimates associated with our critical accounting policies, including inventory valuation, accrued expenses, and income taxes.

For a discussion of the risks, uncertainties and assumptions that could affect our future events, developments or results, you should carefully review the risk factors described in Item 1A "Risk Factors" beginning on page 10, as well as Item 7 "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" beginning on page 19 of this Form 10-K.

Our forward-looking statements could be wrong in light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions. The future events, developments or results described in this report could turn out to be materially different. We have no obligation to publicly update or revise our forward-looking statements after the date of this annual report and you should not expect us to do so.

Investors should also be aware that while we do, from time to time, communicate with securities analysts and others, it is against our policy to selectively disclose to them any material, nonpublic information or other confidential commercial information. Accordingly, shareholders should not assume that we agree with any statement or report issued by any securities analyst regardless of the content of the statement or report as we have a policy against confirming information issued by others. Thus, to the extent that reports issued by securities analysts contain any projections, forecasts or opinions, such reports are not our responsibility.

INTRODUCTORY NOTE: Unless otherwise stated, references to "we," "our" and "Dollar Tree" generally refer to Dollar Tree, Inc. and its direct and indirect subsidiaries on a consolidated basis. Unless specifically indicated otherwise, any references to "2012" or "fiscal 2012", "2011" or "fiscal 2011", "2010" or "fiscal 2010", and "2009" or "fiscal 2009", relate to as of or for the years ended February 2, 2013, January 28, 2012, January 29, 2011 and January 30, 2010, respectively.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

Our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act are available free of charge on our website at www.dollartree.com as soon as reasonably practicable after electronic filing of such reports with the SEC.

PART I

Item 1. BUSINESS

Overview

We are the leading operator of discount variety stores offering merchandise at the fixed price of \$1.00. We believe the variety and quality of products we sell for \$1.00 sets us apart from our competitors. At January 28, 2012, we operated 4,351 discount variety retail stores. Our stores operate under the names of Dollar Tree, Deal\$, Dollar Giant and Dollar Bills. Approximately 4,168 of these stores sell substantially all items for \$1.00 or less in the United States and \$1.25(CAD) or less in Canada. Substantially all of the remaining stores, operating as Deal\$, sell items for \$1.00 or less but also sell items for more than \$1.

We believe our optimal store size is between 8,000 and 10,000 selling square feet. This store size provides the appropriate amount of space for our broad merchandise offerings while allowing us to provide great service to our customers. As we have been expanding our merchandise offerings, we have added freezers and coolers to approximately 2,220 stores to increase sales and shopping frequency. At February 2, 2008, we operated 3,411 stores in 48 states. At January 28, 2012, we operated 4,252 stores in 48 states and the District of Columbia, as well as 99 stores in Canada. Our selling square footage increased from approximately 28.4 million square feet in February 2008 to 37.6 million square feet in January 2012. Our store growth has resulted primarily from opening new stores and the acquisition of Dollar Giant.

Business Strategy

Value Merchandise Offering. We strive to exceed our customers' expectations of the variety and quality of products that they can purchase for \$1.00 by offering items that we believe typically sell for higher prices elsewhere. We buy approximately 58% to 60% of our merchandise domestically and import the remaining 40% to 42%. Our domestic purchases include basic, seasonal, closeouts and promotional merchandise. We believe our mix of imported and domestic merchandise affords our buyers flexibility that allows them to consistently exceed the customer's expectations. In addition, direct relationships with manufacturers permit us to select from a broad range of products and customize packaging, product sizes and package quantities that meet our customers' needs.

Mix of Basic Variety and Seasonal Merchandise. We maintain a balanced selection of products within traditional variety store categories. We offer a wide selection of everyday basic products and we supplement these basic, everyday items with seasonal, closeout and promotional merchandise. We attempt to keep certain basic consumable merchandise in our stores continuously to establish our stores as a destination and we have slightly increased the mix of consumable merchandise in order to increase the traffic in our stores. Closeout and promotional merchandise is purchased opportunistically and represents less than 10% of our purchases.

Our merchandise mix consists of:

- consumable merchandise, which includes candy and food, health and beauty care, and household consumables such as paper, plastics and household chemicals and in select stores, frozen and refrigerated food;
- · variety merchandise, which includes toys, durable housewares, gifts, party goods, greeting cards, softlines, and other items; and
- · seasonal goods, which include Easter, Halloween and Christmas merchandise.

We have added freezers and coolers to certain stores and increased the amount of consumable merchandise carried by those stores. We believe this initiative helps drive additional transactions and allows us to appeal to a broader demographic mix. We have added freezers and coolers to 380 additional stores in 2011. Therefore, as of January 28, 2012, we have freezers and coolers in 2,220 of our stores. We plan to add them to 325 more stores in 2012. As a result of the installation of freezers and coolers in select stores, consumable merchandise has grown as a percentage of purchases and sales and we expect this trend to continue. The following table shows the percentage of sales of each major product group for the years ended January 28, 2012 and January 29, 2011:

	January 28,	January 29,
Merchandise Type	2012	2011
Consumable	50.8%	49.5%
Variety categories	44.6%	45.8%
Seasonal	4.6%	4.7%

At any point in time, we carry approximately 6,200 items in our stores and as of the end of 2011 approximately 3,400 of our basic, everyday items are automatically replenished. The remaining items are primarily ordered by our store managers on a weekly basis. Through automatic replenishment and our store managers' ability to order product, each store manager is able to satisfy the demands of their particular customer base.

Customer Payment Methods. All of our stores accept cash, checks, debit cards, VISA credit cards, Discover and American Express and approximately 1,140 stores accept MasterCard credit cards. Along with the shift to more consumables and the rollout of freezers and coolers, we have increased the number of stores accepting Electronic Benefits Transfer(EBT) cards and food stamps (under the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program ("SNAP")) to approximately 3,860 stores as of January 28, 2012.

Convenient Locations and Store Size. We primarily focus on opening new stores in strip shopping centers anchored by mass merchandisers or grocers, whose target customers we believe to be similar to ours. Our stores have proven successful in metropolitan areas, mid-sized cities and small towns. The range of our store sizes allows us to target a particular location with a store that best suits that market and takes advantage of available real estate opportunities. Our stores are attractively designed and create an inviting atmosphere for shoppers by using bright lighting, vibrant colors and decorative signs. We enhance the store design with attractive merchandise displays. We believe this design attracts new and repeat customers and enhances our image as both a destination and impulse purchase store.

For more information on retail locations and retail store leases, see Item 2 "Properties" beginning on page 13 of this Form 10-K.

Profitable Stores with Strong Cash Flow. We maintain a disciplined, cost-sensitive approach to store site selection in order to minimize the initial capital investment required and maximize our potential to generate high operating margins and strong cash flows. We believe that our stores have a relatively small shopping radius, which allows us to profitably concentrate multiple stores within a single market. Our ability to open new stores is dependent upon, among other factors, locating suitable sites and negotiating favorable lease terms.

The strong cash flows generated by our stores allow us to self-fund infrastructure investment and new stores. Over the past five years, cash flows from operating activities have exceeded capital expenditures.

For more information on our results of operations, see Item 7 "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" beginning on page 19 of this Form 10-K.

Cost Control. We believe that our substantial buying power at the \$1.00 price point and our flexibility in making sourcing decisions contributes to our successful purchasing strategy, which includes targeted merchandise margin goals by category. We also believe our ability to select quality merchandise helps to minimize markdowns. We buy products on an order-by-order basis and have no material long-term purchase contracts or other assurances of continued product supply or guaranteed product cost. No vendor accounted for more than 10% of total merchandise purchased in any of the past five years.

Our supply chain systems continue to provide us with valuable sales information to assist our buyers and improve merchandise allocation to our stores. Controlling our inventory levels has resulted in more efficient distribution and store operations.

Information Systems. We believe that investments in technology help us to increase sales and control costs. Our inventory management system has allowed us to improve the efficiency of our supply chain, improve merchandise flow, increase inventory turnover and control distribution and store operating costs. Our automatic replenishment system replenishes key items, based on actual store level sales and inventory. At the end of 2011, we had approximately 3,400 basic, everyday items on automatic replenishment.

Point-of-sale data allows us to track sales and inventory by merchandise category at the store level and assists us in planning for future purchases of inventory. We believe that this information allows us to ship the appropriate product to stores at the quantities commensurate with selling patterns. Using this point-of-sale data to plan purchases of inventory has helped us increase our inventory turns in each of the last five years. Our inventory turns were 4.2 in 2011.

Corporate Culture and Values. We believe that honesty and integrity, doing the right things for the right reasons, and treating people fairly and with respect are core values within our corporate culture. We believe that running a business, and certainly a public company, carries with it a responsibility to be above reproach when making operational and financial decisions. Our executive management team visits and shops our stores like every customer, and ideas and individual creativity on the part of our associates are encouraged, particularly from our store managers who know their stores and their customers. We have standards for store displays, merchandise presentation, and store operations. We maintain an open door policy for all associates. Our distribution centers are operated based on objective measures of performance and virtually everyone in our store support center is available to assist associates in the stores and distribution centers.

Our disclosure committee meets at least quarterly and monitors our internal controls over financial reporting to ensure that our public filings contain discussions about the risks our business faces. We believe that we have the controls in place to be able to certify our financial statements. Additionally, we have complied with the listing requirements for the Nasdaq Stock Market.

Growth Strategy

Store Openings and Square Footage Growth. The primary factors contributing to our net sales growth have been new store openings, an active store expansion and remodel program, and selective mergers and acquisitions. In the last five years, net sales increased at a compound annual growth rate of 11.8%. We expect that the majority of our future sales growth will come primarily from new store openings and from our store expansion and relocation program.

The following table shows the average selling square footage of our stores and the selling square footage per new store opened over the last five years. Our growth and productivity statistics are reported based on selling square footage because our management believes the use of selling square footage yields a more accurate measure of store productivity.

Year	Number of Stores	Average Selling Square Footage Per Store	Average Selling Square Footage Per New Store Opened
2007	3,411	8,330	8,480
2008	3,591	8,440	8,100
2009	3,806	8,480	7,950
2010	4,101	8,570	8,400
2011	4.351	8.640	8 360

We expect to increase our selling square footage in the future by opening new stores in underserved markets and strategically increasing our presence in our existing markets via new store openings and store expansions (expansions include store relocations). In fiscal 2011 and beyond, we plan to predominantly open stores that are approximately 8,000 - 10,000 selling square feet and we believe this size allows us to achieve our objectives in the markets in which we plan to expand. At January 28, 2012, approximately 2,360 of our stores, totaling 65.4% of our selling square footage, were 8,000 selling square feet or larger.

We also continue to grow our Deal\$ format, which offers an expanded assortment of merchandise including items that sell for more than \$1.00. These stores provide us an opportunity to leverage our Dollar Tree infrastructure in different merchandise concepts, including higher price points, without disrupting the single-price point model in our Dollar Tree stores. We operated 182 Deal\$ stores as of January 28, 2012.

In addition to new store openings, we plan to continue our store expansion program to increase our net sales per store and take advantage of market opportunities. We target stores for expansion based on the current sales per selling square foot and changes in market opportunities. Stores targeted for expansion are generally less than 6,000 selling square feet in size. Store expansions generally increase the existing store size by approximately 3,700 selling square feet.

Since 1995, we have added a total of 695 stores through several mergers and acquisitions. Our acquisition strategy has been to target companies that have a similar single-price point concept that have shown success in operations or companies that provide a strategic advantage. We evaluate potential acquisition opportunities in our retail sector as they become available.

In November 2010, we completed our acquisition of 86 Dollar Giant stores based in Vancouver, British Columbia. These stores offer a wide assortment of quality general merchandise, contemporary seasonal goods and everyday consumables, all priced at \$1.25 (CAD) or less. The stores that we acquired operated in the Canadian provinces of British Columbia, Ontario, Alberta and Saskatchewan and we now also have a store in Manitoba. This is the first expansion of our retail operations outside of the United States and provides us with a proven management team and distribution network as well as additional potential store growth in a new market.

From time to time, we also acquire the rights to store leases through bankruptcy or other proceedings. We will continue to take advantage of these opportunities as they arise depending upon several factors including their fit within our location and selling square footage size parameters.

Merchandising and Distribution. Expanding our customer base is important to our growth plans. We plan to continue to stock our new stores with a compelling mix of everchanging merchandise that our current customers have come to appreciate. Consumable merchandise typically leads to more frequent return trips to our stores resulting in increased sales. The presentation and display of merchandise in our stores are critical to communicating value to our customers and creating a more exciting shopping experience. We believe our approach to visual merchandising results in higher sales volume and an environment that encourages impulse purchases.

A strong and efficient distribution network is critical to our ability to grow and to maintain a low-cost operating structure. In 2011, we expanded our Savannah distribution center to 1.0 million square feet. In 2009, we purchased a new distribution center in San Bernardino, California which began shipping merchandise in April 2010. This distribution center replaced the Salt Lake City distribution center which closed when its lease expired in April 2010. We believe our distribution center network is currently capable of supporting approximately \$8.0 billion in annual sales in the United States. New distribution sites, like this one in San Bernardino, California, are strategically located to reduce stem miles, maintain flexibility and improve efficiency in our store service areas. In 2012, we plan to begin construction on a new distribution center in the Northeast which is expected to begin shipping product in 2013. We also are a party to an agreement which provides distribution services from two facilities in Canada.

Our stores receive approximately 90% of their inventory from our distribution centers via contract carriers. The remaining store inventory, primarily perishable consumable items and other vendor-maintained display items, are delivered directly to our stores from vendors. For more information on our distribution center network, see Item 2 "Properties" beginning on page 13 of this Form 10-K.

Competition

The retail industry is highly competitive and we expect competition to increase in the future. We operate in the discount retail merchandise business, which is currently and is expected to continue to be highly competitive with respect to price, store location, merchandise quality, assortment and presentation, and customer service. Our competitors include single-price dollar stores, multi-price dollar stores, mass merchandisers, discount retailers and variety retailers. In addition, several competitors have locations with dollar price point merchandise in their stores, which increases competition. We believe we differentiate ourselves from other retailers by providing high value, high quality, low cost merchandise in attractively designed stores that are conveniently located. Our sales and profits could be reduced by increases in competition. There are no significant economic barriers for others to enter our retail sector.

Trademarks

We are the owners of several federal service mark registrations including "Dollar Tree," the "Dollar Tree" logo, the Dollar Tree logo with a "1", and "One Price...One Dollar." In addition, we own a concurrent use registration for "Dollar Bills" and the related logo. We also acquired the rights to use trade names previously owned by Everything's A Dollar, a former competitor in the \$1.00 price point industry. Several trade names were included in the purchase, including the marks "Everything's \$1.00 We Mean Everything!," and "Everything's \$1.00." With the acquisition of Deal\$, we became the owners of the trademark "Deal\$". With the acquisition of Dollar Giant, we became the owners of the trademark "Dollar Giant" and others in Canada. We have federal trademark registrations for a variety of private labels that we use to market some of our product lines. Our trademark registrations have various expiration dates; however, assuming that the trademark registrations are properly renewed, they have a perpetual duration.

Employees

We employed approximately 14,170 full-time and 58,600 part-time associates on January 28, 2012. Part-time associates work an average of less than 35 hours per week. The number of part-time associates fluctuates depending on seasonal needs. We consider our relationship with our associates to be good, and we have not experienced significant interruptions of operations due to labor disagreements.

Item 1A. RISK FACTORS

An investment in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. Any failure to meet market expectations, including our comparable store sales growth rate, earnings and earnings per share or new store openings, could cause the market price of our stock to decline. You should carefully consider the specific risk factors listed below together with all other information included or incorporated in this report. Any of the following risks may materialize, and additional risks not known to us, or that we now deem immaterial, may arise. In such event, our business, financial condition, results of operations or prospects could be materially adversely affected.

Our profitability is vulnerable to cost increases.

Future increase in costs such as the cost of merchandise, wage and benefit costs, shipping rates, freight costs, fuel costs and store occupancy costs may reduce our profitability. We do not raise the sales price of our merchandise to offset cost increases because we are committed to selling primarily at the \$1.00 price point to continue to provide value to the customer. We are dependent on our ability to adjust our product assortment, to operate more efficiently or effectively or to increase our comparable store net sales in order to offset inflation. We can give no assurance that we will be able to operate more efficiently or increase our comparable store net sales in the future. Please see Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," beginning on page 19 of this Form 10-K for further discussion of the effect of Inflation and Other Economic Factors on our operations.

Litigation may adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our business is subject to the risk of litigation involving employees, consumers, suppliers, competitors, shareholders, government agencies, or others through private actions, class actions, administrative proceedings, regulatory actions or other litigation. We are currently defendants in several employment-related class action cases and changes in Federal law could cause these types of claims to rise. The outcome of litigation, particularly class action lawsuits, regulatory actions and intellectual property claims, is difficult to assess or quantify. Plaintiffs in these types of lawsuits may seek recovery of very large or indeterminate amounts, and the magnitude of the potential loss relating to these lawsuits may remain unknown for substantial periods of time. In addition, certain of these lawsuits, if decided adversely to us or settled by us, may result in liability material to our financial statements as a whole or may negatively affect our operating results if changes to our business operation are required. The cost to defend current and future litigation may be significant. There also may be adverse publicity associated with litigation, including litigation related to product safety and customer information, which could negatively affect customer perception of our business, regardless of whether the allegations are valid or whether we are ultimately found liable.

For a discussion of current legal matters, please see Item 3. "Legal Proceedings" beginning on page 14 of this Form 10-K. Resolution of certain matters described in that item, if decided against the Company, could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, accrued liabilities or cash flows.

Changes in federal, state or local law, or our failure to comply with such laws, could increase our expenses and expose us to legal risks.

Our business is subject to a wide array of laws and regulations. Significant legislative changes, such as the healthcare legislation, that impact our relationship with our workforce could increase our expenses and adversely affect our operations. Changes in other regulatory areas, such as consumer credit, privacy and information security, product safety or environmental protection, among others, could cause our expenses to increase. In addition, if we fail to comply with applicable laws and regulations, particularly wage and hour laws, we could be subject to legal risk, including government enforcement action and class action civil litigation, which could adversely affect our results of operations. Changes in tax laws, the interpretation of existing laws, or our failure to sustain our reporting positions on examination could adversely affect our effective tax rate.

Our growth is dependent on our ability to increase sales in existing stores and to expand our square footage profitably.

Existing store sales growth is dependent on a variety of factors including merchandise selection and availability, store operations and customer satisfaction. In addition, competition could affect our sales. Our highest sales periods are the Christmas and Easter seasons and we generally realize a disproportionate amount of our net sales and our operating and net income during the fourth quarter. In anticipation, we stock extra inventory and hire many temporary employees to prepare our stores. A reduction in sales during these periods could adversely affect our operating results, particularly operating and net income, to a greater extent than if a reduction occurred at other times of the year. Untimely merchandise delays due to receiving or distribution problems could have a similar effect. Easter was observed on April 4, 2010, April 24, 2011, and will be observed on April 8, 2012

Expanding our square footage profitably depends on a number of uncertainties, including our ability to locate, lease, build out and open or expand stores in suitable locations on a timely basis under favorable economic terms. In addition, our expansion is dependent upon third-party developers' abilities to acquire land, obtain financing, and secure necessary permits and approvals. Turmoil in the financial markets has made it difficult for third party developers to obtain financing for new projects. We also open or expand stores within our established geographic markets, where new or expanded stores may draw sales away from our existing stores. We may not manage our expansion effectively, and our failure to achieve our expansion plans could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Risks associated with our domestic and foreign suppliers from whom our products are sourced could affect our financial performance.

We are dependent on our vendors to supply merchandise in a timely and efficient manner. If a vendor fails to deliver on its commitments due to financial or other difficulties, we could experience merchandise shortages which could lead to lost sales or increased merchandise costs if alternative sources must be used.

Merchandise imported directly accounts for approximately 40% to 42% of our total retail value purchases. In addition, we believe that a portion of our goods purchased from domestic vendors is imported. China is the source of a substantial majority of our imports. Imported goods are generally less expensive than domestic goods and increase our profit margins. A disruption in the flow of our imported merchandise or an increase in the cost of those goods may significantly decrease our profits. Risks associated with our reliance on imported goods may include disruptions in the flow of or increases in the cost of imported goods because of factors such as:

- · raw material shortages, work stoppages, strikes and political unrest;
- · economic crises and international disputes;
- changes in currency exchange rates or policies and local economic conditions, including inflation in the country of origin; and
- · failure of the United States to maintain normal trade relations with China.

We could encounter disruptions in our distribution network or additional costs in distributing merchandise.

Our success is dependent on our ability to transport merchandise to our distribution centers and then ship it to our stores in a timely and cost-effective manner. We may not anticipate, respond to or control all of the challenges of operating our receiving and distribution systems. Additionally, if a vendor fails to deliver on its commitments, we could experience merchandise shortages that could lead to lost sales or increased costs. Some of the factors that could have an adverse effect on our distribution network or costs are:

- · Shipping disruption. Our oceanic shipping schedules may be disrupted or delayed from time to time.
- · Shipping costs. We could experience increases in shipping rates imposed by the trans-Pacific ocean carriers. Changes in import duties, import quotas and other trade sanctions could increase our costs.
- · Diesel fuel costs. We have experienced significant volatility in diesel fuel costs over the past few years, which could recur unexpectedly, at any time.
- · Vulnerability to natural or man-made disasters. A fire, explosion or natural disaster at a port or any of our distribution facilities could result in a loss of merchandise and impair our ability to adequately stock our stores. Some facilities are vulnerable to earthquakes, hurricanes or tornadoes.
- · Labor disagreement. Labor disagreements, disruptions or strikes may result in delays in the delivery of merchandise to our distribution centers or stores and increase costs.
- · War, terrorism and other events. War and acts of terrorism in the United States, the Middle East, or in China or other parts of Asia, where we buy a significant amount of our imported merchandise, could disrupt our supply chain or increase our transportation costs.
- · Economic conditions. Suppliers may encounter financial or other difficulties.

A downturn in economic conditions could impact our sales.

Deterioration in economic conditions, such as those caused by a recession, inflation, higher unemployment, consumer debt levels, lack of available credit, cost increases, as well as adverse weather conditions or terrorism, could reduce consumer spending or cause customers to shift their spending to products we either do not sell or do not sell as profitably. Adverse economic conditions could disrupt consumer spending and significantly reduce our sales, decrease our inventory turnover, cause greater markdowns or reduce our profitability due to lower margins.

Our profitability is affected by the mix of products we sell.

Our gross profit margin could decrease if we increase the proportion of higher cost goods we sell in the future. In recent years, the percentage of our sales from higher cost consumable products has increased and is likely to increase in 2012. As a result, our gross profit margin could decrease unless we are able to maintain our current merchandise cost sufficiently to offset any decrease in our product margin percentage. We can give no assurance that we will be able to do so.

Pressure from competitors may reduce our sales and profits.

The retail industry is highly competitive. The marketplace is highly fragmented as many different retailers compete for market share by utilizing a variety of store formats and merchandising strategies. We expect competition to increase in the future. There are no significant economic barriers for others to enter our retail sector. Some of our current or potential competitors have greater financial resources than we do. We cannot guarantee that we will continue to be able to compete successfully against existing or future competitors. Please see Item 1, "Business," beginning on page x of this Form 10-K for further discussion of the effect of competition on our operations.

A significant disruption in or security breach in our computer systems could adversely affect our operations or our ability to secure customer, employee and company data.

We rely extensively on our computer systems to manage inventory, process customer transactions and summarize results. Systems may be subject to damage or interruption from power outages, telecommunication failures, computer viruses, security breaches and catastrophic events. If our systems are damaged or fail to function properly, we may incur substantial costs to repair or replace them, and may experience loss of critical data and interruptions or delays in our ability to manage inventories or process customer transactions, which could aversely affect our results of operations.

The protection of customer, employee, and company data is increasingly demanding, with frequent imposition of new requirements across our business. In addition, our customers have a high expectation that we will adequately protect their personal information. A significant breach of customer, employee, or company data could damage our reputation and result in lost sales, fines, and/or lawsuits.

Our business could be adversely affected if we fail to attract and retain qualified associates and key personnel.

Our growth and performance is dependent on the skills, experience and contributions of our associates, executives and key personnel. Various factors, including overall labor availability, wage rates, regulatory or legislative impacts, and benefit costs could impact the ability to attract and retain qualified associates at our stores, distribution centers and corporate office.

Certain provisions in our Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws could delay or discourage a takeover attempt that may be in a shareholder's best interest.

Our Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws currently contain provisions that may delay or discourage a takeover attempt that a shareholder might consider in his best interest. These provisions, among other things:

- · provide that only the Board of Directors, chairman or president may call special meetings of the shareholders;
- · establish certain advance notice procedures for nominations of candidates for election as directors and for shareholder proposals to be considered at shareholders' meetings;
- · permit the Board of Directors, without further action of the shareholders, to issue and fix the terms of preferred stock, which may have rights senior to those of the common stock.

However, we believe that these provisions allow our Board of Directors to negotiate a higher price in the event of a takeover attempt which would be in the best interest of our shareholders.

In 2010, the shareholders approved an amendment to our Articles of Incorporation which will result in the declassification of our Board of Directors in 2012.

Item 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

Item 2. PROPERTIES

Stores

As of January 28, 2012, we operated 4,351 stores in 48 states and the District of Columbia, as well as the Canadian provinces of British Columbia, Ontario, Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba as detailed below:

. 1 1	0.1	3.6.1	22	0111	50
Alabama	91	Maine	22	Oklahoma	52
Arizona	80	Maryland	94	Oregon	80
Arkansas	46	Massachusetts	82	Pennsylvania	230
California	363	Michigan	164	Rhode Island	19
Colorado	71	Minnesota	70	South Carolina	80
Connecticut	43	Mississippi	54	South Dakota	9
Delaware	24	Missouri	86	Tennessee	109
District of Columbia	1	Montana	9	Texas	268
Florida	306	Nebraska	16	Utah	39
Georgia	167	Nevada	31	Vermont	6
Idaho	23	New Hampshire	29	Virginia	141
Illinois	177	New Jersey	96	Washington	83
Indiana	96	New Mexico	31	West Virginia	33
Iowa	34	New York	187	Wisconsin	82
Kansas	32	North Carolina	169	Wyoming	12
Kentucky	73	North Dakota	6		
Louisiana	68	Ohio	168		
Alberta	16	Manitoba	1	Saskatchewan	3
British Columbia	39	Ontario	40		

We lease the vast majority of our stores and expect to lease the majority of our new stores as we expand. Our leases typically provide for a short initial lease term, generally five years, with options to extend, however in some cases we have initial lease terms of seven to ten years. We believe this leasing strategy enhances our flexibility to pursue various expansion opportunities resulting from changing market conditions. As current leases expire, we believe that we will be able to obtain lease renewals, if desired, for present store locations, or to obtain leases for equivalent or better locations in the same general area.

Distribution Centers

The following table includes information about the distribution centers that we own and operate in the United States. In 2011, we expanded our Savannah distribution center to 1.0 million square feet. In 2009, we purchased a new distribution center in San Bernardino, California which began shipping merchandise in April 2010. This facility replaced the Salt Lake City distribution center which closed when its lease expired in April 2010. We believe our distribution center network is currently capable of supporting approximately \$8.0 billion in annual sales in the United States. In 2012, we plan to begin construction on a new distribution center in the Northeast which is expected to begin shipping product in 2013.

Location	Size in Square Feet
Chesapeake, Virginia	400,000
Olive Branch, Mississippi	425,000
Joliet, Illinois	1,200,000
Stockton, California	525,000
Briar Creek, Pennsylvania	1,003,000
Savannah, Georgia	1,014,000
Marietta, Oklahoma	603,000
San Bernardino, California	448,000
Ridgefield, Washington	665,000

Each of our distribution centers contains advanced materials handling technologies, including radio-frequency inventory tracking equipment and specialized information systems. With the exception of our Ridgefield facility, each of our distribution centers in the United States also contains automated conveyor and sorting systems.

We are also a party to an agreement which provides distribution services from facilities in British Columbia and Ontario.

For more information on financing of our distribution centers, see Item 7 "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations-Funding Requirements" beginning on page 19 of this Form 10-K.

Item 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time, we are defendants in ordinary, routine litigation or proceedings incidental to our business, including allegations regarding:

- · employment-related matters;
- · infringement of intellectual property rights;
- · personal injury/wrongful death claims;
- · product safety matters, which may include product recalls in cooperation with the Consumer Products Safety Commission or other jurisdictions; and
- · real estate matters related to store leases.

In 2006, a former store manager filed a collective action against us in Alabama federal court. She claims that she and other store managers should have been classified as non-exempt employees under the Fair Labor Standards Act and received overtime compensation. The Court preliminarily allowed nationwide (except California) certification. At present, approximately 265 individuals are included in the collective action. Our motion to decertify the collective action was dismissed without prejudice in 2010. We filed another motion to decertify on February 29, 2012. There is no scheduled trial date.

In 2009, 34 plaintiffs, filed a class action Complaint in a federal court in Virginia, alleging gender pay and promotion discrimination under Title VII. In 2010, the case was dismissed with prejudice. Plaintiffs appealed to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Fourth Circuit. The appeal has been fully briefed by the parties and oral arguments were conducted in January 2012. The parties await a decision of the appellate court which is expected by late spring or summer of 2012.

In April 2011, a former assistant store manager, on behalf of himself and those similarly situated, instituted a class action in a California state court primarily alleging a failure by us to provide meal breaks, to compensate for all hours worked, and to pay overtime compensation. We removed the case to federal court which denied Plaintiffs' motion for remand of the case to state court. The case presently awaits a scheduling order. There is no trial date.

In June 2011, Winn-Dixie Stores, Inc. and various of its affiliates instituted suit in federal court in Florida alleging that we, in approximately 48 shopping centers in the state of Florida and five other states where Dollar Tree and Winn-Dixie are both tenants, are selling goods and products in Dollar Tree stores in violation of an exclusive right of Winn-Dixie to sell and distribute such items. It seeks both monetary damages and injunctive relief. At approximately the same time, Winn-Dixie also sued Dollar General, Inc. and Big Lots, Inc. making essentially the same allegations against them and seeking the same relief. The court consolidated the three cases and they are set for trial on May 7, 2012.

In the summer and fall of 2011 collective action lawsuits were filed against us in six federal courts by different assistant store managers, each alleging he or she was forced to work off the clock in violation of the Fair Labor Standards Act. The suits were filed in Georgia, Colorado, Florida, Michigan, Illinois, and Maryland. The Maryland case has since been dismissed. In all of the remaining cases, plaintiffs also assert various state law claims for which they seek class treatment. The Georgia suit seeks statewide class certification for those assistant managers similarly situated during the relevant time periods and the Florida, Colorado, Michigan and Illinois case seek nationwide certifications for those assistant store managers similarly situated during the relevant time periods. The Illinois case also includes a purported class of all other hourly store associates, making the same allegations on their behalf. We have commenced our investigation and have filed motions to dismiss and motions to transfer venue to the Eastern District of Virginia in all cases. No rulings on these motions have been made to date. The Plaintiffs filed a motion with the federal court Multi-District Litigation Panel to consolidate all these and other related cases and that motion was denied. To date, the only cases in which class certification motions have been filed are in the Illinois and Colorado actions. None of the cases have been assigned a trial date.

We will vigorously defend ourselves in these matters. We do not believe that any of these matters will, individually or in the aggregate, have a material effect on our business or financial condition. We cannot give assurance, however, that one or more of these lawsuits will not have a material effect on our results of operations for the period in which they are resolved. Based on the information available, including the amount of time remaining before trial, the results of discovery and the judgment of internal and external counsel, we are unable to express an opinion as to the outcome of those matters which are not settled and cannot estimate a potential range of loss on the outstanding matters.

Item 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

None.

PART II

Item 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDHER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Our common stock is traded on The Nasdaq Global Select Market®. Our common stock has been traded on Nasdaq under the symbol "DLTR" since our initial public offering on March 6, 1995. The following table gives the high and low sales prices of our common stock as reported by Nasdaq for the periods indicated.

Fiscal year ended January 29, 2011:	High	Low
First Quarter	\$ 41.79	\$ 31.33
Second Quarter	45.12	38.40
Third Quarter	52.62	40.60
Fourth Quarter	57.99	50.09
Fiscal year ended January 28, 2012:		
First Quarter	\$ 58.50	\$ 48.51
Second Quarter	70.54	57.64
Third Quarter	82.49	60.00
Fourth Quarter	86.64	72.08

On March 7, 2012, the last reported sale price for our common stock, as quoted by Nasdaq, was\$91.65 per share. As of March 7, 2012, we had approximately 361 shareholders of record.

The following table presents our share repurchase activity for the 13 weeks ended January 28, 2012:

Period	Total number of shares purchased	pr	verage ice paid er share	Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs	dollar shares yet be p under t or pro	oximate value of that may purchased the plans ograms illions)
October 30, 2011 to November 26, 2011	2,896,485	\$	103.57	2,896,485	\$	1,200.0
November 27, 2011 to December 31, 2011	618,879		-	618,879		1,200.0
January 1, 2012 to January 28, 2012	. <u>.</u>		-			1,200.0
Total	3,515,364	\$	85.34	3,515,364	\$	1,200.0

On August 24, 2011, we entered into an agreement to repurchase \$200.0 million of our common shares under a "collared" Accelerated Share Repurchase Agreement (ASR). The ASR concluded on November 15, 2011 and we received an additional 0.1 million shares under the "collared" agreement resulting in 2.7 million total shares being repurchased under this ASR. The number of shares is determined based on the weighted-average market price of the Company's common stock, less a discount, during a specified period of time.

On November 21, 2011, we entered into an agreement to repurchase \$300.0 million of the Company's common shares under a "collared" ASR. Under this agreement, we initially received 3.4 million shares through December 13, 2011, representing the minimum number of shares to be received based on a calculation using the "cap" or high-end of the price range of the "collar." We may receive a maximum of 3.8 million shares under the agreement. The number of shares is determined based on the weighted-average market price of the Company's common stock, less a discount, during a specified period of time. This ASR is expected to be completed in the first quarter of 2012.

For further discussion of our ASRs during 2011, see Item 8 "Financial Statements and Supplementary Data - Note 7 to the Consolidated Financial Statements" beginning on page 45 of this Form 10-K.

Including ASRs, we repurchased approximately 8.7 million shares for approximately \$645.9 million in fiscal 2011. At January 28, 2012, we have approximately \$1.2 billion remaining under Board authorization.

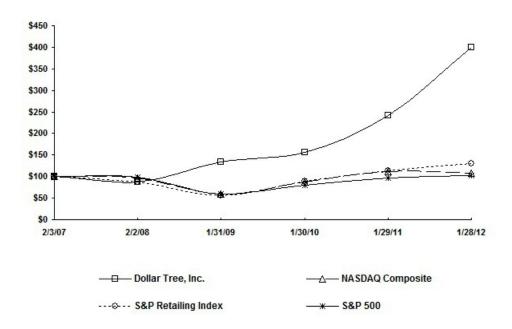
We anticipate that substantially all of our cash flow from operations in the foreseeable future will be retained for the development and expansion of our business, the repayment of indebtedness and, as authorized by our Board of Directors, the repurchase of stock. Management does not anticipate paying dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future.

Stock Performance Graph

The following graph sets forth the yearly percentage change in the cumulative total shareholder return on our common stock during the five fiscal years ended January 28, 2012, compared with the cumulative total returns of the NASDAQ Composite Index, S&P Retailing Index and S&P 500 index. The comparison assumes that \$100 was invested in our common stock on February 3, 2007, and, in each of the foregoing indices on February 3, 2007, and that dividends were reinvested.

COMPARISON OF 5 YEAR CUMULATIVE TOTAL RETURN*

Among Dollar Tree, Inc., the NASDAQ Composite Index, the S&P Retailing Index and the S&P 500 Index



*\$100 invested on 2/3/07 in stock or 1/31/07 in index, including reinvestment of dividends. Indexes calculated on month-end basis.

Item 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The following table presents a summary of our selected financial data for the fiscal years ended January 28, 2012, January 29, 2011, January 30, 2010, January 31, 2009, and February 2, 2008. The selected income statement and balance sheet data have been derived from our consolidated financial statements that have been audited by our independent registered public accounting firm. This information should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and our financial information found elsewhere in this report.

Comparable store net sales compare net sales for stores open throughout each of the two periods being compared, including expanded stores. Net sales per store and net sales per selling square foot are calculated for stores open throughout the period presented.

Amounts in the following tables are in millions, except per share data, number of stores data, net sales per selling square foot data and inventory turns.

							Year E	Inded							
		ary 28, 012			ary 29,		Janua 20				ary 31, 009			nary 2,	
Income Statement Data:		012					20	10			007				
Net sales	\$	6,630.5		\$	5,882.4		\$	5,231.2		\$	4,644.9		\$	4,242.6	
Gross profit		2,378.3			2,087.6			1,856.8			1,592.2			1,461.1	
Selling, general and administrative		4.506.0												4.420.0	
expenses Operating		1,596.2			1,457.6			1,344.0			1,226.4			1,130.8	
income Net income		782.1 488.3			630.0 397.3			512.8 320.5			365.8 229.5			330.3 201.3	
Margin Data (as net sales):	a percen	tage of													
Gross profit		35.9	%		35.5	%		35.5	%		34.3	%		34.4	%
Selling, general and administrative															
expenses		24.1	%		24.8	%		25.7	%		26.4	%		26.6	%
Operating income		11.8	%		10.7	%		9.8	%		7.9	%		7.8	%
Net income		7.4	%		6.8	%		6.1	%		4.9	%		4.7	%
Per Share Data:															
Diluted net income per															
share	\$	4.03		\$	3.10		\$	2.37		\$	1.69		\$	1.39	
Diluted net															
income per share increase		30.0	%		30.8	%		40.2	%		21.6	%		13.0	%
							As								
		anuary 28, 012			anuary 29, 011		Jar 20	nuary 30, 10			nuary 31, 009		Febru 20		
Balance Sheet Data:															
Cash and cash															
equivalents															
and short-															
term investments	\$	288.3		\$	486.0		\$	599.4		\$	364.4		\$	81.1	
Working	Ψ	200.5		Ψ	400.0		Ψ	377.4		Ψ	304.4		Ψ	01.1	
capital		628.4			800.4			829.7			663.3			382.9	
Total assets Total debt, including		2,328.6			2,380.5			2,289.7			2,035.7			1,787.7	
capital lease obligations Shareholders'		265.8			267.8			267.8			268.2			269.4	
equity		1,344.6			1,459.0		Year E	1,429.2 nded			1,253.2			988.4	
	Ja	anuary 28,		J	anuary 29,			nuary 30,		Ja	anuary 31,		Febru	ary 2, 2008	
Selected Operating		2012			2011			2010			2009			2008	
Data: Number of															
stores open at end of								2.00			ā ā				
period Gross square		4,351			4,101			3,806			3,591			3,411	
footage at end of period		47.4			44.4			41.1			38.5			36.1	
Selling square footage at		25.6			25.1			22.2			20.2			20.4	
end of period Selling square footage		37.6			35.1			32.3			30.3			28.4	
annual growth		6.9	%		8.8	%		6.6	%		6.7	%		8.0	%

Net sales annual										
growth	12.7	%	12.4	%	12.6	%	9.5	%	6.9	%
Comparable store net sales										
increase	6.0	%	6.3	%	7.2	%	4.1	%	2.7	9/
Net sales per selling										
square foot	\$ 182		\$ 174		\$ 167		\$ 158		\$ 155	
Net sales per										
store	\$ 1.6		\$ 1.5		\$ 1.4		\$ 1.3		\$ 1.3	
Selected Financial Ratios:										
Return on assets	20.7	%	17.0	%	14.8	%	12.0	%	11.0	%
Return on equity	34.8	%	27.5	%	23.9	%	20.5	%	18.7	%
Inventory turns	4.2		4.2		4.1		3.8		3.7	
			2				2.0		5.,	

Item 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

In Management's Discussion and Analysis, we explain the general financial condition and the results of operations for our company, including:

- · what factors affect our business;
- what our net sales, earnings, gross margins and costs were in 2011, 2010 and 2009;
- why those net sales, earnings, gross margins and costs were different from the year before;
- · how all of this affects our overall financial condition;
- what our expenditures for capital projects were in 2011 and 2010 and what we expect them to be in 2012; and
- where funds will come from to pay for future expenditures.

As you read Management's Discussion and Analysis, please refer to our consolidated financial statements, included in Item 8 of this Form 10-K, which present the results of operations for the fiscal years ended January 28, 2012, January 29, 2011 and January 30, 2010. In Management's Discussion and Analysis, we analyze and explain the annual changes in some specific line items in the consolidated financial statements for fiscal year 2011 compared to fiscal year 2010 and for fiscal year 2010 compared to fiscal year 2009.

Key Events and Recent Developments

Several key events have had or are expected to have a significant effect on our operations. You should keep in mind that:

- On October 7, 2011, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of an additional \$1.5 billion of our common stock. At January 28, 2012, we had approximately \$1.2 billion remaining under Board authorizations.
- On October 7, 2011, we completed a 410,000 square foot expansion of our distribution center in Savannah, Georgia. The Savannah distribution center is now a 1,014,000 square foot, fully automated facility.
- On November 15, 2010, we completed our acquisition of 86 Dollar Giant stores, located in the Canadian provinces of British Columbia, Ontario, Alberta and Saskatchewan and we have since opened a store in Manitoba. These stores offer a wide assortment of quality general merchandise, contemporary seasonal goods and everyday consumables, all priced at \$1.25 (CAD) or less. This is our first expansion of retail operations outside of the United States.
- We assign cost to store inventories using the retail inventory method, determined on a weighted average cost basis. From our inception and through fiscal 2009, we used one inventory pool for this calculation. Because of our investments over the years in our retail technology systems, we were able to refine our estimate of inventory cost under the retail method and on January 31, 2010, the first day of fiscal 2010, we began using approximately 30 inventory pools in our retail inventory calculation. As a result of this change, we recorded a non-recurring, non-cash charge to gross profit and a corresponding reduction in inventory, at cost, of \$26.3 million in the first quarter of 2010. This was a prospective change and did not have any effect on prior periods.
- On November 2, 2009, we purchased a new distribution center in San Bernardino, California. This new distribution center replaced our Salt Lake City, Utah leased facility whose lease ended in April 2010.
- On February 20, 2008, we entered into a five-year \$550.0 million unsecured Credit Agreement (the Agreement). The Agreement provides for a \$300.0 million revolving line of credit, including up to \$150.0 million in available letters of credit, and a \$250.0 million term loan. The interest rate on the facility is based, at our option, on a LIBOR rate, plus a margin, or an alternate base rate, plus a margin.

Overview

Our net sales are derived from the sale of merchandise. Two major factors tend to affect our net sales trends. First is our success at opening new stores or adding new stores through acquisitions. Second, sales vary at our existing stores from one year to the next. We refer to this change as a change in comparable store net sales, because we compare only those stores that are open throughout both of the periods being compared. We include sales from stores expanded during the year in the calculation of comparable store net sales, which has the effect of increasing our comparable store net sales. The term 'expanded' also includes stores that are relocated.

At January 28, 2012, we operated 4,351 stores in 48 states and the District of Columbia, as well as the Canadian provinces of British Columbia, Ontario, Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba, with 37.6 million selling square feet compared to 4,101 stores with 35.1 million selling square feet at January 29, 2011. During fiscal 2011, we opened 278 stores, expanded 91 stores and closed 28 stores, compared to 235 new stores opened, 95 stores expanded, 86 stores acquired and 26 stores closed during fiscal 2010. In the current year we increased our selling square footage by 6.9%. Of the 2.4 million selling square foot increase in 2011, 0.3 million was added by expanding existing stores. The average size of our stores opened in 2011 was approximately 8,360 selling square feet (or about 10,280 gross square feet). For 2012, we continue to plan to open stores that are approximately 8,000 - 10,000 selling square feet (or about 10,000 gross square feet). We believe that this store size is our optimal size operationally and that this size also gives our customers an ideal shopping environment that invites them to shop longer and buy more.

In fiscal 2011, comparable store net sales increased by 6.0%. The comparable store net sales increase was the result of a 4.8% increase in the number of transactions and a 1.2% increase in average ticket. We believe comparable store net sales continued to be positively affected by a number of our initiatives, as debit and credit card penetration continued to increase in 2011, and we continued the roll-out of frozen and refrigerated merchandise to more of our stores. At January 28, 2012 we had frozen and refrigerated merchandise in approximately 2,220 stores compared to approximately 1,840 stores at January 29, 2011. We believe that the addition of frozen and refrigerated product enables us to increase sales and earnings by increasing the number of shopping trips made by our customers. In addition, we accept food stamps (under the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program ("SNAP")) in approximately 3,860 qualified stores compared to 3,500 at the end of 2010.

With the pressures of the current economic environment, we have seen continued demand for basic, consumable products in 2011. As a result, we have continued to shift the mix of inventory carried in our stores to more consumer product merchandise which we believe increases the traffic in our stores and has helped to increase our sales even during the current economic downturn. While this shift in mix has impacted our merchandise costs we were able to offset that impact in the current year with decreased costs for merchandise in many of our categories.

Our point-of-sale technology provides us with valuable sales and inventory information to assist our buyers and improve our merchandise allocation to our stores. We believe that this has enabled us to better manage our inventory flow resulting in more efficient distribution and store operations and increased inventory turnover for each of the last five years.

In 2007, legislation was enacted that increased the Federal Minimum Wage. The last increase to \$7.25 an hour was effective in July 2009. As a result, our wages increased in the third quarter of 2009 through the first half of 2010 compared with the comparable period in the prior year; however, we offset the increase in payroll costs through increased productivity and continued efficiencies in product flow to our stores.

We must continue to control our merchandise costs, inventory levels and our general and administrative expenses as increases in these line items could negatively impact our operating results.

Results of Operations

The following table expresses items from our consolidated statements of operations, as a percentage of net sales. On January 31, 2010, the first day of fiscal 2010, we began using approximately 30 inventory pools in our retail inventory calculation, rather than one inventory pool as we had done since our inception. As a result of this change, we recorded a non-recurring, non-cash charge to gross profit and a corresponding reduction in inventory, at cost, of \$26.3 million in the first quarter of 2010.

			Year Ended			
	January 28, 2012		January 29, 2011		January 30, 2010	
Net sales	100.0	%	100.0	%	100.0	%
Cost of sales, excluding non-cash beginning						
inventory adjustment	64.1	%	64.1	%	64.5	%
Non-cash beginning inventory adjustment	0.0	%	0.4	%	0.0	%
Gross profit	35.9	%	35.5	%	35.5	%
Selling, general and administrative						
expenses	24.1	%	24.8	%	25.7	%
Operating income	11.8	%	10.7	%	9.8	%
Interest expense,net	-		(0.1	%)	(0.1	%)
Other income, net			0.1	%		
Income before income taxes	11.8	%	10.7	%	9.7	%
Provision for income taxes	(4.4	%)	(3.9	%)	(3.6	%)
Net income	7.4	%	6.8	%	6.1	%

Fiscal year ended January 28, 2012 compared to fiscal year ended January 29, 2011

Net Sales. Net sales increased 12.7%, or \$748.0 million, in 2011 compared to 2010, resulting from sales in our new stores and a 6.0% increase in comparable store net sales. Comparable store net sales are positively affected by our expanded and relocated stores, which we include in the calculation, and, to a lesser extent, are negatively affected when we open new stores or expand stores near existing ones.

The following table summarizes the components of the changes in our store count for fiscal years ended January 28, 2012 and January 29, 2011.

	January 28, 2012		January 29, 2011	
New stores	278		235	
Acquired stores	-		86	
Expanded or relocated stores	91		95	
Closed stores	(28)	(26)	

Of the 2.4 million selling square foot increase in 2011 approximately 0.3 million was added by expanding existing stores.

· Gross profit margin was 35.9% in 2011 compared to 35.5% in 2010. Excluding the effect of the \$26.3 million non-cash beginning inventory adjustment, gross profit margin remained at 35.9%. Improvement in initial mark-up in many categories and occupancy and distribution cost leverage were offset by an increase in the mix of higher cost consumer product merchandise and a smaller reduction in the shrink accrual rate in fiscal 2011 than in fiscal 2010.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses, as a percentage of net sales, decreased to 24.1% for 2011 compared to 24.8% for 2010. The decrease is primarily due to the following:

- · Payroll expenses decreased 45 basis points due to leveraging associated with the increase in comparable store net sales in the current year, lower store hourly payroll and lower incentive compensation achievement.
- · Depreciation decreased 25 basis points primarily due to the leveraging associated with the increase in comparable store net sales in the current year.

Operating Income. Operating income margin was 11.8% in 2011 compared to 10.7% in 2010. Excluding the \$26.3 million non-cash adjustment to beginning inventory, operating income margin was 11.1% in 2010. Due to the reasons noted above, operating income margin excluding this charge, improved 70 basis points.

Income Taxes. Our effective tax rate was 37.4% in 2011 and 36.9% in 2010.

Fiscal year ended January 29, 2011 compared to fiscal year ended January 30, 2010

Net Sales. Net sales increased 12.4%, or \$651.2 million, in 2010 compared to 2009, resulting from a 6.3% increase in comparable store net sales and sales in our new stores. Comparable store net sales are positively affected by our expanded and relocated stores, which we include in the calculation, and, to a lesser extent, are negatively affected when we open new stores or expand stores near existing ones.

The following table summarizes the components of the changes in our store count for fiscal years ended January 29, 2011 and January 30, 2010.

	January 29, 2011	January 30, 2010	
New stores	235	240	
Acquired stores	86	-	
Expanded or relocated stores	95	75	
Closed stores	(26) (25)

Of the 2.9 million selling square foot increase in 2010, approximately 0.4 million was added by expanding existing stores and 0.7 million was the result of the acquisition of the Dollar Giant stores.

Gross profit margin was 35.5% in 2010 and 2009. Excluding the effect of the \$26.3 million non-cash beginning inventory adjustment, gross profit margin increased to 35.9%. This increase was due to the net of the following:

- · Occupancy and distribution costs decreased 30 basis points in the current year resulting from the leveraging of the comparable store sales increase.
- Shrink costs decreased 15 basis points due to improved shrink results in the current year and a lower shrink accrual rate during fiscal 2010 compared to fiscal 2009.
- Merchandise costs, including freight, increased 15 basis points due primarily to higher import and domestic freight costs during fiscal 2010 compared to fiscal 2009.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses, as a percentage of net sales, decreased to 24.8% for 2010 compared to 25.7% for 2009. The decrease is primarily due to the following:

- Payroll expenses decreased 45 basis points due to leveraging associated with the increase in comparable store net sales in the current year and lower store hourly payroll.
- Depreciation decreased 30 basis points primarily due to the leveraging associated with the increase in comparable store net sales in the current year.
- Store operating costs decreased 20 basis points primarily as a result of lower utility costs as a percentage of sales, due to lower rates in the current year and the leveraging from the comparable store net sales increase in 2010.

Operating Income. Operating income margin was 10.7% in 2010 compared to 9.8% in 2009. Excluding the \$26.3 million non-cash adjustment to beginning inventory, operating income margin was 11.1%. Due to the reasons noted above, operating income margin, excluding this charge, improved 130 basis points.

Income Taxes. Our effective tax rate was 36.9% in 2010 and 2009.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our business requires capital to build and open new stores, expand our distribution network and operate and expand existing stores. Our working capital requirements for existing stores are seasonal and usually reach their peak in September and October. Historically, we have satisfied our seasonal working capital requirements for existing stores and have funded our store opening and distribution network expansion programs from internally generated funds and borrowings under our credit facilities.

The following table compares cash-flow related information for the years ended January 28, 2012, January 29, 2011 and January 30, 2010:

	Year Ended									
	January 28,			January 29,		January 30,				
(in millions)		2012		2011		2010				
Net cash provided by (used in):										
Operating activities	\$	686.5	\$	518.7	\$	581.0				
Investing activities		(86.1)		(374.1)		(212.5)				
Financing activities		(623.2)		(404.3)		(161.3)				

Net cash provided by operating activities increased \$167.8 million in 2011 compared to 2010 due to increased earnings before income taxes, depreciation and amortization in the current year, a decrease in cash used to purchase merchandise inventories and an increase in other current liabilities due to increases in sales tax collected and accrued expenses.

Net cash provided by operating activities decreased \$62.3 million in 2010 compared to 2009 due to an increase in cash used to purchase merchandise inventories partially offset by increased earnings before income taxes, depreciation and amortization in the current year.

Net cash used in investing activities decreased \$288.0 million in 2011 primarily due to an additional \$170.0 million of proceeds from the sale of short-term investments with minimal purchases of short-term investments compared to \$157.8 million of purchases in 2010. The proceeds were used to fund the share repurchases in 2011. In addition, in 2010 we used \$49.4 million to acquire Dollar Giant. These increased sources of cash were partially offset by a \$71.4 million increase in capital expenditures in 2011 due to funds for new store projects and the expansion of our distribution center in Savannah, Georgia.

Net cash used in investing activities increased \$161.6 million in 2010 compared with 2009 primarily due to short-term investment activity and the Dollar Giant acquisition. In 2010 we purchased \$157.8 million of short-term investments compared to \$27.8 million in 2009. This was partially offset by an increase in proceeds from the sales of short-term investments of \$10.8 million in 2010.

In 2011, net cash used in financing activities increased \$218.9 million as a result of increased share repurchases in 2011.

In 2010, net cash used in financing activities increased \$243.0 million as a result of increased share repurchases in 2010 and payments of \$13.8 million for debt acquired from Dollar Giant.

At January 28, 2012, our long-term borrowings were \$265.5 million and our capital lease commitments were \$0.3 million. We also have \$110.0 million and \$75.0 million Letter of Credit Reimbursement and Security Agreements, under which approximately \$139.5 million were committed to letters of credit issued for routine purchases of imported merchandise at January 28, 2012.

In February 2008, we entered into a five-year \$550.0 million unsecured Credit Agreement (the Agreement). The Agreement provides for a \$300.0 million revolving line of credit, including up to \$150.0 million in available letters of credit, and a \$250.0 million term loan. The interest rate on the Agreement is based, at our option, on a LIBOR rate, plus a margin, or an alternate base rate, plus a margin. The revolving line of credit also bears a facilities fee, calculated as a percentage, as defined, of the amount available under the line of credit, payable quarterly. The term loan is due and payable in full at the five year maturity date of the Agreement. The Agreement also bears an administrative fee payable annually. The Agreement, among other things, requires the maintenance of certain specified financial ratios, restricts the payment of certain distributions and prohibits the incurrence of certain new indebtedness. As of January 28, 2012, the \$250.0 million term loan is outstanding under the Agreement and there were no amounts outstanding under the \$300.0 million revolving line of credit.

We repurchased 8.7 million shares for \$645.9 million in fiscal 2011. We repurchased 9.3 million shares for \$414.7 million in fiscal 2010. We repurchased 6.4 million shares for \$193.1 million in fiscal 2009. At January 28, 2012, we have \$1.2 billion remaining under Board authorization.

Funding Requirements

Overview, Including Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We expect our cash needs for opening new stores and expanding existing stores in fiscal 2012 to total approximately \$205.9million, which includes capital expenditures, initial inventory and pre-opening costs.

Our estimated capital expenditures for fiscal 2012 are between \$330.0 and \$340.0 million, including planned expenditures for our new and expanded stores, the addition of freezers and coolers to approximately 325 stores and approximately \$80.0 million to construct a new distribution center in the Northeast United States. We believe that we can adequately fund our working capital requirements and planned capital expenditures for the next few years from net cash provided by operations and potential borrowings under our existing credit facility.

The following tables summarize our material contractual obligations at January 28, 2012, including both on- and off-balance sheet arrangements, and our commitments, including interest on long-term borrowings (in millions):

Contractual Obligations	Total	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	7	hereafter
Lease Financing								
Operating lease obligations	\$ 1,929.0	\$ 452.9	\$ 401.1	\$ 337.5	\$ 264.4	\$ 182.1	\$	291.0
Capital lease obligations	0.3	0.3						
Long-term Borrowings								
Credit Agreement	250.0		250.0					
Revenue bond financing	15.5	15.5						
Interest on long-term borrowings	2.1	1.9	0.2					
Total obligations	\$ 2,196.9	\$ 470.6	\$ 651.3	\$ 337.5	\$ 264.4	\$ 182.1	\$	291.0

Commitments	Tot	al	Ex	piring in 2012	E	xpiring in 2013	Expiring in 2014		Expiring in 2015		Expiring in 2016		7	hereafter
Letters of credit and surety bonds	\$	170.7	\$	170.7	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Freight contracts		222.3		143.3		58.6		20.4						
Technology assets		8.9		8.9		-								
Telecom contracts		3.3						3.3						
Total commitments	\$	405.2	\$	322.9	\$	58.6	\$	23.7	\$	-	\$		\$	

Lease Financing

Operating Lease Obligations. Our operating lease obligations are primarily for payments under noncancelable store leases. The commitment includes amounts for leases that were signed prior to January 28, 2012 for stores that were not yet open on January 28, 2012.

Long-term Borrowings

Credit Agreement. In February 2008, we entered into a five-year \$550.0 million unsecured Credit Agreement (the Agreement). The Agreement provides for a \$300.0 million revolving line of credit, including up to \$150.0 million in available letters of credit, and a \$250.0 million term loan. The interest rate on the facility will be based, at our option, on a LIBOR rate, plus a margin, or an alternate base rate, plus a margin. The interest rate on the facility was 0.77% at January 28, 2012. The revolving line of credit also bears a facilities fee, calculated as a percentage, as defined, of the amount available under the line of credit, payable quarterly. The term loan is due and payable in full at the five year maturity date of the Agreement. The Agreement also bears an administrative fee payable annually. The Agreement, among other things, requires the maintenance of certain specified financial ratios, restricts the payment of certain distributions and prohibits the incurrence of certain new indebtedness. As of January 28, 2012, we had the \$250.0 million term loan outstanding under the Agreement and no amounts outstanding under the \$300.0 million revolving line of credit.

Revenue Bond Financing. In May 1998, we entered into an agreement with the Mississippi Business Finance Corporation under which it issued \$19.0 million of variable-rate demand revenue bonds. We used the proceeds from the bonds to finance the acquisition, construction and installation of land, buildings, machinery and equipment for our distribution facility in Olive Branch, Mississippi. At January 28, 2012, the balance outstanding on the bonds was \$15.5 million. These bonds are due to be fully repaid in June 2018. The bonds do not have a prepayment penalty as long as the interest rate remains variable. The bonds contain a demand provision and, therefore, outstanding amounts are classified as current liabilities. We pay interest monthly based on a variable interest rate, which was 0.27% at January 28, 2012.

Interest on Long-term Borrowings. This amount represents interest payments on the Credit Agreement and the revenue bond financing using the interest rates for each at January 28, 2012.

Commitments

Letters of Credit and Surety Bonds. We are a party to two Letter of Credit Reimbursement and Security Agreements, one which provides \$110.0 million for letters of credit and one which provides \$75.0 million for letters of credit are generally issued for the routine purchase of imported merchandise and we had approximately \$139.5 million of purchases committed under these letters of credit at January 28, 2012.

We also have approximately \$28.7 million of letters of credit and \$2.5 million of surety bonds outstanding for our self-insurance programs and certain utility payment obligations at some of our stores.

Freight Contracts. We have contracted outbound freight services from various carriers with contracts expiring through fiscal 2014. The total amount of these commitments is approximately \$222.3 million.

Technology Assets. We have commitments totaling approximately \$8.9 million to primarily purchase store technology assets for our stores during 2012.

Telecom Contracts. We have contracted for telecommunication services with contracts expiring in 2014. The total amount of these commitments is approximately \$3.3 million.

Derivative Financial Instruments

In March 2008, we entered into two \$75.0 million interest rate swap agreements. These interest rate swaps were used to manage the risk associated with interest rate fluctuations on a portion of our \$250.0 million variable rate term loan. Under these agreements, we paid interest to financial institutions at a fixed rate of 2.8%. In exchange, the financial institutions paid us at a variable rate, which approximated the variable rate on the debt, excluding the credit spread. These swaps qualified for hedge accounting treatment and expired in March 2011.

In 2011, we were party to fuel derivative contracts with third parties which included approximately 3.5 million gallons of diesel fuel, or approximately 31% of our domestic truckload fuel needs. These derivative contracts do not qualify for hedge accounting and therefore all changes in fair value for these derivatives are included in earnings. We currently have fuel derivative contracts to hedge 2.8 million gallons of diesel fuel, or approximately 41% of our domestic truckload fuel needs from February 2012 through July 2012 and 0.5 million gallons of diesel fuel, or approximately 16% of our domestic truckload fuel needs from August 2012 through October 2012.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of estimates. Certain of our estimates require a high level of judgment and have the potential to have a material effect on the financial statements if actual results vary significantly from those estimates. Following is a discussion of the estimates that we consider critical.

Inventory Valuation

As discussed in Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, inventories at the distribution centers are stated at the lower of cost or market with cost determined on a weighted-average basis. Cost is assigned to store inventories using the retail inventory method on a weighted-average basis. Under the retail inventory method, the valuation of inventories at cost and the resulting gross margins are computed by applying a calculated cost-to-retail ratio to the retail value of inventories. From our inception and through fiscal 2009, we used one inventory pool for this calculation. Because of our investments over the years in our retail technology systems, we were able to refine our estimate of inventory cost under the retail method and on January 31, 2010, the first day of fiscal 2010, we began using approximately 30 inventory pools in our retail inventory calculation. As a result of this change, we recorded a non-recurring, non-cash charge to gross profit and a corresponding reduction in inventory, at cost, of approximately \$26.3 million in the first quarter of 2010. The retail inventory method is an averaging method that is widely used in the retail industry and results in valuing inventories at lower of cost or market when markdowns are taken as a reduction of the retail value of inventories on a timely basis.

Inventory valuation methods require certain significant management estimates and judgments, including estimates of future merchandise markdowns and shrink, which significantly affect the ending inventory valuation at cost as well as the resulting gross margins. The averaging required in applying the retail inventory method and the estimates of shrink and markdowns could, under certain circumstances, result in costs not being recorded in the proper period.

We estimate our markdown reserve based on the consideration of a variety of factors, including, but not limited to, quantities of slow moving or seasonal, carryover merchandise on hand, historical markdown statistics and future merchandising plans. The accuracy of our estimates can be affected by many factors, some of which are outside of our control, including changes in economic conditions and consumer buying trends. Historically, we have not experienced significant differences in our estimated reserve for markdowns compared with actual results.

Our accrual for shrink is based on the actual, historical shrink results of our most recent physical inventories adjusted, if necessary, for current economic conditions and business trends. These estimates are compared to actual results as physical inventory counts are taken and reconciled to the general ledger. Our physical inventory counts are generally taken between January and September of each year; therefore, the shrink accrual recorded at January 28, 2012 is based on estimated shrink for most of 2011, including the fourth quarter. We have not experienced significant fluctuations in historical shrink rates beyond approximately 10-20 basis points in our Dollar Tree stores for the last few years. However, we have sometimes experienced higher than typical shrink in acquired stores in the year following an acquisition. We periodically adjust our shrink estimates to address these factors as they become apparent.

Our management believes that our application of the retail inventory method results in an inventory valuation that reasonably approximates cost and results in carrying inventory at the lower of cost or market each year on a consistent basis.

Accrued Expenses

On a monthly basis, we estimate certain expenses in an effort to record those expenses in the period incurred. Our most material estimates include domestic freight expenses, self-insurance costs, store-level operating expenses, such as property taxes and utilities, and certain other expenses, such as legal reserves. Our freight and store-level operating expenses are estimated based on current activity and historical trends and results. Our workers' compensation and general liability insurance accruals are recorded based on actuarial valuations which are adjusted at least annually based on a review performed by a third-party actuary. These actuarial valuations are estimates based on our historical loss development factors. Certain other expenses are estimated and recorded in the periods that management becomes aware of them. The related accruals are adjusted as management's estimates change. Differences in management's estimates and assumptions could result in an accrual materially different from the calculated accrual. Our experience has been that some of our estimates are too high and others are too low. Historically, the net total of these differences has not had a material effect on our financial condition or results of operations. Our legal proceedings are described in Item 3 "Legal Proceedings" beginning on page 14 of this Form 10-K. The outcome of litigation, particularly class or collective action lawsuits, is difficult to assess, quantify or predict.

Income Taxes

On a quarterly basis, we estimate our required income tax liability and assess the recoverability of our deferred tax assets. Our income taxes payable are estimated based on enacted tax rates, including estimated tax rates in states where our store base is growing, applied to the income expected to be taxed currently. Management assesses the recoverability of deferred tax assets based on the availability of carrybacks of future deductible amounts and management's projections for future taxable income. We cannot guarantee that we will generate taxable income in future years. Historically, we have not experienced significant differences in our estimates of our tax accrual.

In addition, we have a recorded liability for our estimate of uncertain tax positions taken or expected to be taken in our tax returns. Judgment is required in evaluating the application of federal and state tax laws, including relevant case law, and assessing whether it is more likely than not that a tax position will be sustained on examination and, if so, judgment is also required as to the measurement of the amount of tax benefit that will be realized upon settlement with the taxing authority. Income tax expense is adjusted in the period in which new information about a tax position becomes available or the final outcome differs from the amounts recorded. We believe that our liability for uncertain tax positions is adequate. For further discussion of our changes in reserves during 2011, see Item 8 "Financial Statements and Supplementary Data - Note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements" beginning on page 40 of this Form 10-K.

Seasonality and Quarterly Fluctuations

We experience seasonal fluctuations in our net sales, comparable store net sales, operating income and net income and expect this trend to continue. Our results of operations may also fluctuate significantly as a result of a variety of factors, including:

- · shifts in the timing of certain holidays, especially Easter;
- the timing of new store openings;
- the net sales contributed by new stores;
- · changes in our merchandise mix; and
- · competition.

Our highest sales periods are the Christmas and Easter seasons. Easter was observed on April 4, 2010, April 24, 2011, and will be observed on April 8, 2012. We believe that the earlier Easter in 2012 could result in an \$8.0 million decrease in sales in the first quarter of 2012 as compared to the first quarter of 2011. We generally realize a disproportionate amount of our net sales and of our operating and net income during the fourth quarter. In anticipation of increased sales activity during these months, we purchase substantial amounts of inventory and hire a significant number of temporary employees to supplement our continuing store staff. Our operating results, particularly operating and net income, could suffer if our net sales were below seasonal norms during the fourth quarter or during the Easter season for any reason, including merchandise delivery delays due to receiving or distribution problems, changes in consumer sentiment or inclement weather.

Our unaudited results of operations for the eight most recent quarters are shown in a table in Footnote 11 of the Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 8 of this Form 10-K.

Inflation and Other Economic Factors

Our ability to provide quality merchandise at a fixed price and on a profitable basis may be subject to economic factors and influences that we cannot control. Consumer spending could decline because of economic pressures, including unemployment and rising fuel prices. Reductions in consumer confidence and spending could have an adverse effect on our sales. National or international events, including war or terrorism, could lead to disruptions in economies in the United States or in foreign countries. These and other factors could increase our merchandise costs, fuel costs and other costs that are critical to our operations, such as shipping and wage rates.

Shipping Costs. Currently, trans-Pacific shipping rates are negotiated with individual freight lines and are subject to fluctuation based on supply and demand for containers and current fuel costs. We can give no assurances as to the final rate trends for 2012, as we are in the early stages of our negotiations.

Minimum Wage. In 2007, legislation was enacted that increased the Federal Minimum Wage from \$5.15 an hour to \$7.25 an hour over a two year period with the final increase being enacted in July 2009. As a result, our wages increased in 2009 and through the first half of 2010 compared with the prior year periods; however, we offset the increase in payroll costs through increased productivity and continued efficiencies in product flow to our stores.

Item 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are exposed to various types of market risk in the normal course of our business, including the impact of interest rate changes and diesel fuel cost changes. We may enter into interest rate or diesel fuel swaps to manage exposure to interest rate and diesel fuel price changes. We do not enter into derivative instruments for any purpose other than cash flow hedging and we do not hold derivative instruments for trading purposes.

Interest Rate Risk

We use variable-rate debt to finance certain of our operations and capital improvements. These obligations expose us to variability in interest payments due to changes in interest rates. If interest rates increase, interest expense also decreases. We believe it is beneficial to limit the variability of our interest payments.

To meet this objective, we entered into derivative instruments in the form of interest rate swaps to manage fluctuations in cash flows resulting from changes in the variable-interest rates on a portion of our \$250.0 million term loan. The interest rate swaps reduced the interest rate exposure on these variable-rate obligations. Under the interest rate swaps, we paid the bank at a fixed-rate and received variable-interest at a rate approximating the variable-rate on the obligation, thereby creating the economic equivalent of a fixed-rate obligation. We entered into two \$75.0 million interest rate swap agreements in March 2008 to manage the risk associated with the interest rate fluctuations on a portion of our \$250.0 million variable rate term loan. These swaps expired in March 2011.

Diesel Fuel Cost Risk

In order to manage fluctuations in cash flows resulting from changes in diesel fuel costs, we entered into fuel derivative contracts with third parties. We hedged 3.5 million and 5.0 million gallons of diesel fuel in 2011 and 2010, respectively. These hedges represented approximately 31% and 39% of our total domestic truckload fuel needs in 2011 and 2010, respectively. We currently have fuel derivative contracts to hedge 2.8 million gallons of diesel fuel, or approximately 41% of our domestic truckload fuel needs from February 2012 through July 2012 and 0.5 million gallons of diesel fuel, or approximately 16% of our domestic truckload fuel needs from August 2012 through October 2012. Under these contracts, we pay the third party a fixed price for diesel fuel and receive variable diesel fuel prices at amounts approximating current diesel fuel costs, thereby creating the economic equivalent of a fixed-rate obligation. These derivative contracts do not qualify for hedge accounting and therefore all changes in fair value for these derivatives are included in earnings. The fair value of these contracts at January 28, 2012 was an asset of \$0.6 million.

Item 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

Index to Consolidated Financial Statements	Page
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	30
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended	
January 28, 2012, January 29, 2011 and January 30, 2010	31
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of January 28, 2012 and	
January 29, 2011	32
Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity and Comprehensive Income	
for the years ended January 28, 2012, January 29, 2011 and	
January 30, 2010	33
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended	
January 28, 2012, January 29, 2011 and January 30, 2010	34
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	35

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Dollar Tree, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Dollar Tree, Inc. (the Company) as of January 28, 2012 and January 29, 2011, and the related consolidated statements of operations, shareholders' equity and comprehensive income, and cash flows for each of the fiscal years in the three-year period ended January 28, 2012. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of January 28, 2012 and January 29, 2011, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended January 28, 2012, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), Dollar Tree, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as of January 28, 2012, based on criteria established in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO), and our report dated March 15, 2012 expressed an unqualified opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Norfolk, Virginia

March 15, 2012

DOLLAR TREE, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Year Ended									
(in millions, except per share data)	Ja	Jai	nuary 29, 2011	J	anuary 30, 2010					
Net sales	\$	6,630.5	\$	5,882.4	\$	5,231.2				
Cost of sales, excluding non-cash										
beginning inventory adjustment		4,252.2		3,768.5		3,374.4				
Non-cash beginning inventory adjustment		_		26.3		_				
Gross profit		2,378.3		2,087.6		1,856.8				
Selling, general and administrative										
expenses		1,596.2		1,457.6		1,344.0				
		,,,,,,,		,						
Operating income		782.1		630.0		512.8				
		•								
Interest expense, net		2.9		5.6		5.2				
Other income, net		(0.3)		(5.5)	_					
Income before income taxes		779.5		629.9		507.6				
Provision for income taxes		291.2		232.6		187.1				
Net income	\$	488.3	\$	397.3	\$	320.5				
Basic net income per share	\$	4.06	\$	3.13	\$	2.39				
	Ψ		-	5.115	-	2.07				
Diluted net income per share	\$	4.03	\$	3.10	\$	2.37				

DOLLAR TREE, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 288.3 \$ 311.2	(in millions, except share and per share data)	Januar	y 28, 2012	January 29, 2011			
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 288.3 \$ 311.2 Short-term investments - 174.8 Merchandise inventories, net 867.4 803.1 Current deferred tax assets, net 26.2 16.3 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 27.5 27.9 Total current assets 1,209.4 1,333.3 Property, plant and equipment, net 825.3 741.1 Goodwill 173.1 173.1 Deferred tax assets, net 104.0 95.0 Other assets, net 104.0 95.0 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 2,328.6 \$ 2,380.5 LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Eurent liabilities: 2 Current portion of long-term debt \$ 15.5 \$ 16.5 Accounts payable 286.7 261.4 Other current liabilities 215.5 190.5 Income taxes payable 63.3 64.4 Total current liabilities 581.0 532.8 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 250.0 250.0 Income taxes payable, long-term 15.5	ASSETS						
Short-term investments - 174.8 Merchandise inventories, net 867.4 803.1 Current deferred tax assets, net 26.2 16.3 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 27.5 27.9 Total current assets 1,209.4 1,333.3 Property, plant and equipment, net 825.3 741.1 Goodwill 173.1 173.1 Deferred tax assets, net 16.8 38.0 Other assets, net 104.0 95.0 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 2,328.6 2,380.5 LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities 20.0 Current portion of long-term debt \$ 15.5 16.5 Accounts payable 286.7 261.4 Other current liabilities 215.5 190.5 Income taxes payable 63.3 64.4 Total current liabilities 581.0 532.8 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 250.0 250.0 Income taxes payable, long-term 15.5 15.5 Other liabilities 137.5 <t< td=""><td>Current assets:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Current assets:						
Merchandise inventories, net 867.4 803.1 Current deferred tax assets, net 26.2 16.3 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 27.5 27.9 Total current assets 1,209.4 1,333.3 Property, plant and equipment, net 825.3 741.1 Goodwill 173.1 173.1 Deferred tax assets, net 16.8 38.0 Other assets, net 104.0 95.0 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 2,328.6 \$ 2,380.5 ELABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities \$ 15.5 \$ 16.5 Accounts payable 286.7 261.4 Other current liabilities 215.5 190.5 Income taxes payable 63.3 64.4 Total current liabilities 581.0 532.8 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 250.0 250.0 Income taxes payable, long-term 15.5 15.5 Other liabilities 137.5 123.5 Total liabilities 984.0 921.5	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	288.3	\$ 311.2			
Current deferred tax assets, net 26.2 16.3 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 27.5 27.9 Total current assets 1,209.4 1,333.3 Property, plant and equipment, net 825.3 741.1 Goodwill 173.1 173.1 Deferred tax assets, net 16.8 38.0 Other assets, net 104.0 95.0 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 2,328.6 \$ 2,380.5 LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY S \$ 15.5 \$ 16.5 Accounts payable 286.7 261.4 Other current liabilities 215.5 190.5 Income taxes payable 63.3 64.4 Total current liabilities 581.0 532.8 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 250.0 250.0 Income taxes payable, long-term 15.5 15.2 Other liabilities 137.5 123.5 Total liabilities 984.0 921.5	Short-term investments		-	174.8			
Prepaid expenses and other current assets 27.5 27.9 Total current assets 1,209.4 1,333.3 Property, plant and equipment, net 825.3 741.1 Goodwill 173.1 173.1 Deferred tax assets, net 16.8 38.0 Other assets, net 104.0 95.0 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 2,328.6 \$ 2,380.5 LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities: Current portion of long-term debt \$ 15.5 \$ 16.5 Accounts payable 286.7 261.4 Other current liabilities 215.5 190.5 Income taxes payable 63.3 64.4 Total current liabilities 581.0 532.8 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 250.0 250.0 Income taxes payable, long-term 15.5 15.2 Other liabilities 337.5 123.5 Total liabilities 984.0 921.5	Merchandise inventories, net		867.4	803.1			
Total current assets 1,209.4 1,333.3 Property, plant and equipment, net 825.3 741.1 Goodwill 173.1 173.1 Deferred tax assets, net 16.8 38.0 Other assets, net 104.0 95.0 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 2,328.6 \$ 2,380.5 LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities: Current portion of long-term debt \$ 15.5 \$ 16.5 Accounts payable 286.7 261.4 Other current liabilities 215.5 190.5 Income taxes payable 63.3 64.4 Total current liabilities 581.0 532.8 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 250.0 250.0 Income taxes payable, long-term 15.5 15.2 Other liabilities 984.0 921.5 Commitments and contingencies	Current deferred tax assets, net		26.2	16.3			
Property, plant and equipment, net 825.3 741.1 Goodwill 173.1 173.1 Deferred tax assets, net 16.8 38.0 Other assets, net 104.0 95.0 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 2,328.6 \$ 2,380.5 LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities: \$ 15.5 \$ 16.5 Current portion of long-term debt \$ 15.5 \$ 16.5 Accounts payable 286.7 261.4 Other current liabilities 215.5 190.5 Income taxes payable 63.3 64.4 Total current liabilities 581.0 532.8 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 250.0 250.0 Income taxes payable, long-term 15.5 15.2 Other liabilities 137.5 123.5 Total liabilities 984.0 921.5	Prepaid expenses and other current assets		27.5	27.9			
Property, plant and equipment, net 825.3 741.1 Goodwill 173.1 173.1 Deferred tax assets, net 16.8 38.0 Other assets, net 104.0 95.0 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 2,328.6 \$ 2,380.5 LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities: \$ 15.5 \$ 16.5 Current portion of long-term debt \$ 15.5 \$ 16.5 Accounts payable 286.7 261.4 Other current liabilities 215.5 190.5 Income taxes payable 63.3 64.4 Total current liabilities 581.0 532.8 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 250.0 250.0 Income taxes payable, long-term 15.5 15.2 Other liabilities 137.5 123.5 Total liabilities 984.0 921.5	Total current assets		1.209.4	1.333.3			
Goodwill 173.1 173.1 Deferred tax assets, net 16.8 38.0 Other assets, net 104.0 95.0 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 2,328.6 \$ 2,380.5 LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities: Current portion of long-term debt \$ 15.5 \$ 16.5 Accounts payable 286.7 261.4 Other current liabilities 215.5 190.5 Income taxes payable 63.3 64.4 Total current liabilities 581.0 532.8 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 250.0 250.0 Income taxes payable, long-term 15.5 15.2 Other liabilities 137.5 123.5 Total liabilities 984.0 921.5			,	,			
Goodwill 173.1 173.1 Deferred tax assets, net 16.8 38.0 Other assets, net 104.0 95.0 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 2,328.6 \$ 2,380.5 LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities: Current portion of long-term debt \$ 15.5 \$ 16.5 Accounts payable 286.7 261.4 Other current liabilities 215.5 190.5 Income taxes payable 63.3 64.4 Total current liabilities 581.0 532.8 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 250.0 250.0 Income taxes payable, long-term 15.5 15.2 Other liabilities 137.5 123.5 Total liabilities 984.0 921.5	Property, plant and equipment, net		825.3	741.1			
Deferred tax assets, net 16.8 38.0 Other assets, net 104.0 95.0 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 2,328.6 \$ 2,380.5 LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities: Current portion of long-term debt \$ 15.5 \$ 16.5 Accounts payable 286.7 261.4 Other current liabilities 215.5 190.5 Income taxes payable 63.3 64.4 Total current liabilities 581.0 532.8 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 250.0 250.0 Income taxes payable, long-term 15.5 15.2 Other liabilities 137.5 123.5 Total liabilities 984.0 921.5							
Other assets, net 104.0 95.0 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 2,328.6 \$ 2,380.5 LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilitities: Current portion of long-term debt \$ 15.5 \$ 16.5 Accounts payable 286.7 261.4 Other current liabilities 215.5 190.5 Income taxes payable 63.3 64.4 Total current liabilities 581.0 532.8 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 250.0 250.0 Income taxes payable, long-term 15.5 15.2 Other liabilities 137.5 123.5 Total liabilities 984.0 921.5 Commitments and contingencies	Deferred tax assets, net						
TOTAL ASSETS \$ 2,328.6 \$ 2,380.5 LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities: Current portion of long-term debt \$ 15.5 \$ 16.5 Accounts payable 286.7 261.4 Other current liabilities 215.5 190.5 Income taxes payable 63.3 64.4 Total current liabilities 581.0 532.8 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 250.0 250.0 Income taxes payable, long-term 15.5 15.2 Other liabilities 137.5 123.5 Total liabilities 984.0 921.5			104.0				
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities: 15.5 16.5 Current portion of long-term debt \$ 15.5 16.5 Accounts payable 286.7 261.4 Other current liabilities 215.5 190.5 Income taxes payable 63.3 64.4 Total current liabilities 581.0 532.8 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 250.0 250.0 Income taxes payable, long-term 15.5 15.2 Other liabilities 137.5 123.5 Total liabilities 984.0 921.5	\$ 11.12 11.00 11.						
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities: 15.5 16.5 Current portion of long-term debt 286.7 261.4 Accounts payable 215.5 190.5 Income taxes payable 63.3 64.4 Total current liabilities 581.0 532.8 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 250.0 250.0 Income taxes payable, long-term 15.5 15.2 Other liabilities 137.5 123.5 Total liabilities 984.0 921.5 Commitments and contingencies	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,328.6	\$ 2,380.5			
Current liabilities: \$ 15.5 \$ 16.5 Accounts payable 286.7 261.4 Other current liabilities 215.5 190.5 Income taxes payable 63.3 64.4 Total current liabilities 581.0 532.8 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 250.0 250.0 Income taxes payable, long-term 15.5 15.2 Other liabilities 137.5 123.5 Total liabilities 984.0 921.5							
Current liabilities: \$ 15.5 \$ 16.5 Accounts payable 286.7 261.4 Other current liabilities 215.5 190.5 Income taxes payable 63.3 64.4 Total current liabilities 581.0 532.8 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 250.0 250.0 Income taxes payable, long-term 15.5 15.2 Other liabilities 137.5 123.5 Total liabilities 984.0 921.5	LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY						
Current portion of long-term debt \$ 15.5 \$ 16.5 Accounts payable 286.7 261.4 Other current liabilities 215.5 190.5 Income taxes payable 63.3 64.4 Total current liabilities 581.0 532.8 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 250.0 250.0 Income taxes payable, long-term 15.5 15.2 Other liabilities 137.5 123.5 Total liabilities 984.0 921.5 Commitments and contingencies							
Accounts payable 286.7 261.4 Other current liabilities 215.5 190.5 Income taxes payable 63.3 64.4 Total current liabilities 581.0 532.8 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 250.0 250.0 Income taxes payable, long-term 15.5 15.2 Other liabilities 137.5 123.5 Total liabilities 984.0 921.5	- W	\$	15.5	\$ 16.5			
Other current liabilities 215.5 190.5 Income taxes payable 63.3 64.4 Total current liabilities 581.0 532.8 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 250.0 250.0 Income taxes payable, long-term 15.5 15.2 Other liabilities 137.5 123.5 Total liabilities 984.0 921.5		*		•			
Income taxes payable 63.3 64.4 Total current liabilities 581.0 532.8 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 250.0 250.0 Income taxes payable, long-term 15.5 15.2 Other liabilities 137.5 123.5 Total liabilities 984.0 921.5							
Total current liabilities 581.0 532.8 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 250.0 250.0 Income taxes payable, long-term 15.5 15.2 Other liabilities 137.5 123.5 Total liabilities 984.0 921.5 Commitments and contingencies			63.3	64.4			
Long-term debt, excluding current portion 250.0 250.0 Income taxes payable, long-term 15.5 15.2 Other liabilities 137.5 123.5 Total liabilities 984.0 921.5 Commitments and contingencies	1 *						
Income taxes payable, long-term15.515.2Other liabilities137.5123.5Total liabilities984.0921.5Commitments and contingencies	Total carrent habitates		201.0	332.0			
Income taxes payable, long-term15.515.2Other liabilities137.5123.5Total liabilities984.0921.5Commitments and contingencies	Long-term debt, excluding current portion		250.0	250.0			
Other liabilities 137.5 123.5 Total liabilities 984.0 921.5 Commitments and contingencies							
Total liabilities 984.0 921.5 Commitments and contingencies							
Commitments and contingencies							
Commitments and contingencies	Total liabilities		984 0	921.5			
·	Total littorities	-	704.0	721.3			
·	Commitments and contingencies						
	Communicitis and contingencies						
Shareholders' equity:	Shareholders' equity:						
Common stock, par value \$0.01, 400,000,000 shares							
authorized, 115,582,150 and 123,393,816 shares							
issued and outstanding at January 28, 2012							
and January 29, 2011, respectively 1.1 1.2			1.1	1.2			
Accumulated other comprehensive loss (0.6) (0.4)							
Retained earnings 1,344.1 1,458.2			()				
Total shareholders' equity 1,344.6 1,459.0	e						
1,347.0	Total Statemoracis equity		1,5-7-1.0	1,437.0			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY \$ 2,328.6 \$ 2,380.5	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	2,328.6	\$ 2,380.5			

DOLLAR TREE, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED JANUARY 28, 2012, JANUARY 29, 2011, AND JANUARY 30, 2010

(in millions)	Common Stock Shares	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Retained Earnings	Share- holders' Equity
Balance at January 31, 2009	136.1	\$ 0.9	\$ 38.0	\$ (2.6)	\$ 1,216.9	\$ 1,253.2
Net income for the year ended						
January 30, 2010	_	_	-	_	320.5	320.5
Other comprehensive income, net of income tax						
expense of \$0.1	_	_	-	0.2	_	0.2
Total comprehensive income						320.7
Issuance of stock under Employee Stock						320.7
Purchase Plan	0.2	_	1.4	_	3.1	4.5
Exercise of stock options, including	0.2		1.7		5.1	7.5
income tax benefit of \$2.0	1.1	_	8.7	_	14.8	23.5
Repurchase and retirement of shares	(6.4)	_	(48.9)	_	(144.2)	(193.1)
Stock-based compensation, net, including	(0.4)		(40.5)		(144.2)	(175.1)
income tax benefit of \$1.9	0.3	_	0.8	_	19.6	20.4
	131.3	0.9	0.8	(2.4)	1,430.7	1,429.2
Balance at January 30, 2010	131.3	0.9		(2.4)	1,430.7	1,429.2
Net income for the year ended						
January 29, 2011					397.3	397.3
Other comprehensive income, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	397.3	391.3
expense of \$1.3				2.0		2.0
*	-	-	-	2.0	-	
Total comprehensive income						399.3
Transfer from additional paid-in capital		0.4	(0.4)			
for Common Stock dividend	-	0.4	(0.4)	-	-	-
Payment for fractional shares resulting			(0.2)			(0.2)
from Common Stock dividend	-	-	(0.3)	-	-	(0.3)
Issuance of stock under Employee Stock						
Purchase Plan	0.1	_	4.4	_	_	4.4
Exercise of stock options, including						
income tax benefit of \$1.9	0.8	_	17.9	-	_	17.9
Repurchase and retirement of shares	(9.3)	(0.1)	(44.8)	-	(369.8)	(414.7)
Stock-based compensation, net, including	(2.12)	(***)	()		(2 2 7 1 2)	(11.11)
income tax benefit of \$5.9	0.5	-	23.2	-	-	23.2
Balance at January 29, 2011	123.4	1.2		(0.4)	1,458.2	1,459.0
Balance at January 27, 2011	123.4	1.2		(0.4)	1,430.2	1,437.0
Net income for the year ended						
January 28, 2012	_	_	_	_	488.3	488.3
Other comprehensive loss, net of income tax					400.5	400.5
benefit of \$0.1	_	_	_	(0.2)	_	(0.2)
Total comprehensive income				(0.2)		488.1
						400.1
Issuance of stock under Employee Stock Purchase Plan	0.1	_	4.4			4.4
	0.1	-	4.4	-	-	4.4
Exercise of stock options, including	0.4		0.5			0.5
income tax benefit of \$3.0		(0.1)	9.5	-	(602.4)	9.5
Repurchase and retirement of shares	(8.7)	(0.1)	(43.4)	-	(602.4)	(645.9)
Stock-based compensation, net, including	0.4		20.5			20.5
income tax benefit of \$10.8	0.4	-	29.5	-	-	29.5
Balance at January 28, 2012	115.6	\$ 1.1	\$ -	\$ (0.6)	\$ 1,344.1	\$ 1,344.6

DOLLAR TREE, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Year Ended								
	Jan	uary 28,		January 29,		January 30,			
(in millions)		2012		2011		2010			
Cash flows from operating activities:									
Net income	\$	488.3	\$	397.3	\$	320.5			
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash									
provided by operating activities:									
Depreciation and amortization		163.9		159.7		157.8			
Provision for deferred income taxes		10.9		(14.4)		(0.6)			
Stock-based compensation expense		31.6		28.3		21.7			
Non-cash adjustment to beginning inventory		-		26.3		-			
Other non-cash adjustments to net income		4.4		5.0		6.8			
Changes in assets and liabilities increasing									
(decreasing) cash and cash equivalents:									
Merchandise inventories		(64.5)		(126.7)		(4.0)			
Other assets		(1.3)		2.0		5.8			
Accounts payable		26.9		28.1		27.0			
Income taxes payable		(1.1)		15.2		2.0			
Other current liabilities		25.4		(9.2)		30.5			
Other liabilities		2.0		7.1		13.5			
Net cash provided by operating activities		686.5		518.7		581.0			
Cash flows from investing activities:		(250.1)		(150.5)		(1.54.0)			
Capital expenditures		(250.1)		(178.7)		(164.8)			
Purchase of short-term investments		(6.0)		(157.8)		(27.8)			
Proceeds from sale of short-term investments		180.8		10.8		(27.2)			
Purchase of restricted investments		(16.3)		(50.9)		(37.3)			
Proceeds from sale of restricted investments		5.3		52.1		17.4			
Acquisition of Dollar Giant, net of cash acquired of \$1.9 million		- 0.2		(49.4)		-			
Foreign currency gain/loss		0.2		(0.2)		-			
Acquisition of favorable lease rights				(0.2)	_	42.42.5			
Net cash used in investing activities		(86.1)	_	(374.1)	_	(212.5)			
Cash flows from financing activities:									
Principal payments under long-term debt and capital lease obligations		(2.0)		(15.1)		(0.4)			
Payments for share repurchases		(645.9)		(417.1)		(190.7)			
Proceeds from stock issued pursuant to stock-based									
compensation plans		10.9		20.1		25.9			
Tax benefit of exercises/vesting of equity based compensation		13.8		7.8		3.9			
Net cash used in financing activities		(623.2)		(404.3)		(161.3)			
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(0.1)		(0.7)					
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(0.1)	_	(0.7)					
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(22.9)		(260.4)		207.2			
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		311.2		571.6		364.4			
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	288.3	\$	311.2	\$	571.6			
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: Cash paid for:									
Interest	\$	3.2	\$	6.5	\$	7.1			
Income taxes	\$	268.3	\$	223.7	\$	183.5			
meome taxes	Ф	208.3	Þ	223.1	Ф	183.3			

DOLLAR TREE, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of Business

Dollar Tree, Inc. (the Company) is the leading operator of discount variety retail stores offering merchandise at the fixed price of \$1.00 or less with 4,351 discount variety retail stores in the United States and Canada at January 28, 2012. Below are those accounting policies considered by the Company to be significant.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Dollar Tree, Inc., and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Foreign Currency

The functional currencies of the Company's international subsidiaries are primarily the local currencies of the countries in which the subsidiaries are located. Foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities are translated into U.S. dollars using the exchange rates in effect at the consolidated balance sheet date. Results of operations and cash flows are translated using the average exchange rates throughout the period. The effect of exchange rate fluctuations on translation of assets and liabilities is included as a component of shareholders' equity in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). Gains and losses from foreign currency transactions, which are included in non-operating income (expense), have not been significant.

Stock Dividend

On May 26, 2010, the Company's Board of Directors approved a 3-for-2 stock split in the form of a 50% common stock dividend. New shares were distributed on June 24, 2010 to shareholders of record as of the close of business on June 10, 2010. As a result, all share and per share data in these consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes have been retroactively adjusted to reflect these dividends, each having the effect of a 3-for-2 stock split.

Segment Information

The Company's retail stores represent a single operating segment based on the way the Company manages its business. Operating decisions are made at the Company level in order to maintain a consistent retail store presentation. The Company's retail stores sell similar products and services, use similar processes to sell those products and services, and sell their products and services to similar classes of customers. The amounts of long-lived assets and net sales outside of the U.S. were not significant for any of the periods presented.

Fiscal Year

The Company's fiscal year ends on the Saturday closest to January 31. Any reference herein to "2011" or "Fiscal 2011," "2010" or "Fiscal 2010," and "2009" or "Fiscal 2009," relates to as of or for the years ended January 28, 2012, January 29, 2011, and January 30, 2010, respectively.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents at January 28, 2012 and January 29, 2011 includes \$249.3 million and \$271.4 million, respectively, of investments primarily in money market securities which are valued at cost, which approximates fair value. For purposes of the consolidated statements of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The majority of payments due from financial institutions for the settlement of debit card and credit card transactions process within three business days, and therefore are classified as cash and cash equivalents.

Short-Term Investments

At January 28, 2012 the Company held no short-term investments. The Company's short-term investments at January 29, 2011 were \$174.8 million. These investments consisted primarily of government-sponsored municipal bonds which were convertible into cash on the dates that the interest rates for these bonds reset, which was typically weekly or monthly, depending on the terms of the underlying agreement. These investments were classified as available for sale and were recorded at fair value, which approximated cost.

Merchandise Inventories

Merchandise inventories at the Company's distribution centers are stated at the lower of cost or market, determined on a weighted-average cost basis. Cost is assigned to store inventories using the retail inventory method on a weighted-average basis. Under the retail inventory method, the valuation of inventories at cost and the resulting gross margins are computed by applying a calculated cost-to-retail ratio to the retail value of inventories. From its inception through fiscal 2009, the Company used one inventory pool for this calculation. Because of investments over the years in retail technology systems, the Company was able to refine the estimate of inventory cost under the retail method. On January 31, 2010, the first day of fiscal 2010, the Company began using approximately thirty inventory pools in its retail inventory calculation. As a result of this change, the Company recorded a non-recurring, non-cash charge to gross profit and a corresponding reduction in inventory, at cost, of approximately \$26.3 million in the first quarter of 2010. This was a prospective change and did not have any effect on prior periods. This change in estimate to include thirty inventory pools in the retail method calculation is preferable to using one pool in the calculation as it gives the Company a more accurate estimate of cost of store level inventories.

Costs directly associated with warehousing and distribution are capitalized as merchandise inventories. Total warehousing and distribution costs capitalized into inventory amounted to \$34.5 million and \$30.8 million at January 28, 2012 and January 29, 2011, respectively.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets as follows:

Buildings 39 to 40 years Furniture, fixtures and equipment 3 to 15 years

Leasehold improvements and assets held under capital leases are amortized over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets or the committed terms of the related leases, whichever is shorter. Amortization is included in "selling, general and administrative expenses" in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

Costs incurred related to software developed for internal use are capitalized and amortized generally over three years.

Goodwill

Goodwill is not amortized, but rather tested for impairment at least annually. In addition, goodwill will be tested on an interim basis if an event or circumstance indicates that it is more likely than not that an impairment loss has been incurred. The Company performed its annual impairment testing in November 2011 and determined that no impairment loss existed.

Other Assets, Net

Other assets, net consists primarily of restricted investments and intangible assets. Restricted investments were \$83.6 million and \$72.1 million at January 28, 2012 and January 29, 2011, respectively and were purchased to collateralize long-term insurance obligations. These investments consist primarily of government-sponsored municipal bonds, similar to the Company's short-term investments held at the end of fiscal 2010 and money market securities. These investments are classified as available for sale and are recorded at fair value, which approximates cost. Intangible assets primarily include favorable lease rights with finite useful lives and are amortized over their respective estimated useful lives.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and Long-Lived Assets to Be Disposed Of

The Company reviews its long-lived assets and certain identifiable intangible assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by comparing the carrying amount of an asset to future net undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets based on discounted cash flows or other readily available evidence of fair value, if any. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell. In fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, the Company recorded charges of \$0.9 million, \$1.1 million, respectively, to write down certain assets. These charges are recorded as a component of "selling, general and administrative expenses" in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

Financial Instruments

The Company utilizes derivative financial instruments to reduce its exposure to market risks from changes in interest rates and diesel fuel costs. By entering into receive-variable, pay-fixed interest rate and diesel fuel swaps, the Company limits its exposure to changes in variable interest rates and diesel fuel prices. The Company is exposed to credit-related losses in the event of non-performance by the counterparty to these instruments but minimizes this risk by entering into transactions with high quality counterparties. Interest rate or diesel fuel cost differentials paid or received on the swaps are recognized as adjustments to interest and freight expense, respectively, in the period earned or incurred. The Company formally documents all hedging relationships, if applicable, and assesses hedge effectiveness both at inception and on an ongoing basis. The interest rate swaps that qualified for hedge accounting are recorded at fair value in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as a component of "other liabilities". Changes in the fair value of these interest rate swaps are recorded in "accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)", net of tax, in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The Company entered into diesel fuel swaps that do not qualify for hedge accounting. The fair values of these diesel fuel swaps are recorded in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as a component of "other current assets".

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as an exit price, representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. As such, fair value is a market-based measurement that should be determined based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. As a basis for considering such assumptions, a fair value hierarchy has been established that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

The Company's cash and cash equivalents, restricted investments and diesel fuel swaps represent the financial assets and liabilities that were accounted for at fair value as of January 28, 2012. As required, financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The Company's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment, and may affect the valuation of fair value assets and liabilities and their placement within the fair value hierarchy levels. The fair value of the Company's cash and cash equivalents and restricted investments was \$288.3 million and \$83.6 million, respectively at January 28, 2012. These fair values were determined using Level 1 measurements in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of the diesel fuel swaps was an asset of \$0.6 million as of January 28, 2012. The fair values of the swaps were estimated using Level 2 measurements in the fair value hierarchy. These estimates used discounted cash flow calculations based upon forward interest-rate yield and diesel cost curves. The curves were obtained from independent pricing services reflecting broker market quotes.

The carrying value of the Company's long-term debt approximates its fair value because the debt's interest rate varies with market interest rates.

Certain assets and liabilities are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis; that is, the assets and liabilities are not measured at fair value on an ongoing basis but are subject to fair value adjustments in certain circumstances (e.g., when there is evidence of impairment). The Company recorded an impairment charge of \$0.9 million in fiscal 2011 to reduce certain store assets to their estimated fair value. The fair values were determined based on the income approach, in which the Company utilized internal cash flow projections over the life of the underlying lease agreements discounted based on a risk-free rate of return. These measures of fair value, and related inputs, are considered a level 3 approach under the fair value hierarchy. There were no other changes related to level 3 assets.

Lease Accounting

The Company leases most all of its retail locations under operating leases. The Company recognizes minimum rent expense starting when possession of the property is taken from the landlord, which normally includes a construction period prior to store opening. When a lease contains a predetermined fixed escalation of the minimum rent, the Company recognizes the related rent expense on a straight-line basis and records the difference between the recognized rental expense and the amounts payable under the lease as deferred rent. The Company also receives tenant allowances, which are recorded in deferred rent and are amortized as a reduction of rent expense over the term of the lease.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes sales revenue at the time a sale is made to its customer.

Taxes Collected

The Company reports taxes assessed by a governmental authority that are directly imposed on revenue-producing transactions (i.e., sales tax) on a net (excluded from revenues) basis.

Cost of Sales

The Company includes the cost of merchandise, warehousing and distribution costs, and certain occupancy costs in cost of sales.

Pre-Opening Costs

The Company expenses pre-opening costs for new, expanded and relocated stores, as incurred.

Advertising Costs

The Company expenses advertising costs as they are incurred and they are included in "selling, general and administrative expenses" on the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. Advertising costs approximated \$13.8 million, \$11.1 million and \$8.3 million for the years ended January 28, 2012, January 29, 2011, and January 30, 2010, respectively.

Income Taxes

Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date of such change.

The Company includes interest and penalties in the provision for income tax expense and income taxes payable. The Company does not provide for any penalties associated with tax contingencies unless they are considered probable of assessment.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company recognizes all share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, in the financial statements based on their fair values. Total stock-based compensation expense for 2011, 2010 and 2009 was \$31.0 million, \$27.9 million and \$21.7 million, respectively.

The Company recognizes expense related to the fair value of stock options and restricted stock units (RSUs) over the requisite service period on a straight-line basis or a shorter period based on the retirement eligibility of the grantee. The fair value of stock option grants is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The fair value of the RSUs is determined using the closing price of the Company's common stock on the date of grant.

Net Income Per Share

Basic net income per share has been computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares outstanding. Diluted net income per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur assuming the inclusion of dilutive potential shares and has been computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares and dilutive potential shares outstanding. Dilutive potential shares include all outstanding stock options and unvested RSUs after applying the treasury stock method.

NOTE 2 - BALANCE SHEET COMPONENTS

Property, Plant and Equipment, Net

Property, plant and equipment, net, as of January 28, 2012 and January 29, 2011 consists of the following:

(in millions)		January 28, 2012		•		ry 29, 11
Land	\$	38.2	\$	35.1		
Buildings		209.8		192.3		
Leasehold improvements		783.6		706.3		
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		1,075.5		980.9		
Construction in progress		48.7		30.8		
Total property, plant and equipment		2,155.8		1,945.4		
Less: accumulated depreciation		1,330.5		1,204.3		
Total property, plant and equipment, net	\$	825.3	\$	741.1		

Depreciation expense was \$164.2 million, \$159.7 million and \$157.8 million for the years ended January 28, 2012, January 29, 2011, and January 30, 2010, respectively.

Other Current Liabilities

Other current liabilities as of January 28, 2012 and January 29, 2011 consist of accrued expenses for the following:

(in millions)	January 28, 2012		y 29, I 1
Compensation and benefits	\$ 81.2	\$	76.5
Taxes (other than income taxes)	33.6		21.2
Insurance	31.2		29.7
Other	69.5		63.1
Total other current liabilities	\$ 215.5	\$	190.5

Other Long-Term Liabilities

Other long-term liabilities as of January 28, 2012 and January 29, 2011 consist of the following:

(in millions)	Januar 20		Januar 20	
Deferred rent	\$	77.9	\$	73.0
Insurance		48.9		39.9
Other		10.7		10.6
Total other long-term liabilities	\$	137.5	\$	123.5

NOTE 3 - INCOME TAXES

Total income taxes were allocated as follows:

				Year E	Inded			
	Janua 20	•		Januar 20	•		Janua 20	•
(in millions)								
Income from continuing operations	\$	291.2		\$	232.6		\$	187.1
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)								
marking derivative financial instruments								
to fair value		(0.1)		1.3			0.1
Stockholders' equity, tax benefit on								
exercises/vesting of equity-based								
compensation		(13.8)		(7.8)		(3.9
	\$	277.3		\$	226.1		\$	183.3

The provision for income taxes consists of the following:

	Year Ended									
(in millions)	January 28, 2012		•		January 29, 2011			Januar 20	•	
Federal - current	\$	240.4		\$	215.7	\$	160.2			
State - current		39.4			31.3			27.5		
Foreign - current		0.3			_					
Total current		280.1			247.0			187.7		
Federal - deferred		14.9			(10.0)		(0.4)	
State - deferred		0.1			(4.4)		(0.2)	
Foreign - deferred		(3.9)							
Total deferred		11.1			(14.4)		(0.6)	

Included in current tax expense for the years ended January 28, 2012, January 29, 2011 and January 30, 2010, are amounts related to uncertain tax positions associated with temporary differences, in accordance with ASC 740.

A reconciliation of the statutory federal income tax rate and the effective rate follows:

			Year Ended			
	January 28, 2012		January 29, 2011		January 30, 2010	
Statutory tax rate	35.0	%	35.0	%	35.0	%
Effect of:						
State and local income taxes,						
net of federal income tax						
benefit	3.4		3.4		3.3	
Other, net	(1.0)	(1.5)	(1.4)
Effective tax rate	37.4	%	36.9	%	36.9	%

The rate reduction in "other, net" consists primarily of benefits from the resolution of tax uncertainties, interest on tax reserves, federal jobs credits and tax-exempt interest offset by certain nondeductible expenses and foreign taxes.

United States income taxes have not been provided on accumulated but undistributed earnings of its foreign subsidiaries as the company intends to permanently reinvest earnings.

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets based on the classification of the underlying asset or liability. Significant components of the Company's net deferred tax assets (liabilities) follow:

	January 201			Januar 201	•	
(in millions)					<u>.</u>	
Deferred tax assets:						
Deferred rent	\$	31.5		\$	31.4	
Accrued expenses		31.4			25.4	
Net operating losses and credit						
carryforwards		9.1			6.4	
Accrued compensation expense		27.0			22.5	
Other		1.5			1.9	
Total deferred tax assets		100.5			87.6	
Valuation allowance		(3.5)		(4.8)
Deferred tax assets, net		97.0			82.8	
					_	
Deferred tax liabilities:						
Property and equipment		(34.0)		(4.6)
Goodwill		(15.1)		(15.8)
Prepaid expenses		(0.4)		(3.8)
Inventory		(4.5)		(4.3)
Total deferred tax liabilities		(54.0)		(28.5)
Net deferred tax asset	\$	43.0		\$	54.3	

A valuation allowance of \$3.5 million, net of federal tax benefits, has been provided principally for certain state credit carryforwards and net operating loss carryforwards. In assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets, the Company considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred taxes will not be realized. Based upon the availability of carrybacks of future deductible amounts to the past two years' taxable income and the Company's projections for future taxable income over the periods in which the deferred tax assets are deductible, the Company believes it is more likely than not the remaining existing deductible temporary differences will reverse during periods in which carrybacks are available or in which the Company generates net taxable income.

The company is participating in the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") Compliance Assurance Program ("CAP") for the 2011 fiscal year and has applied to participate for fiscal year 2012. This program accelerates the examination of key transactions with the goal of resolving any issues before the tax return is filed. Our federal tax returns have been examined and all issues have been settled through our fiscal 2010 tax year. In addition, several states completed their examination during the fiscal year. In general, fiscal years 2008 and forward are within the statute of limitations for state tax purposes. The statute of limitations is still open prior to 2008 for some states.

ASC 740 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. Under the guidelines of ASC 740, an entity should recognize a financial statement benefit for a tax position if it determines that it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained upon examination.

The balance for unrecognized tax benefits at January 28, 2012, was \$15.5 million. The total amount of unrecognized tax benefits at January 28, 2012, that, if recognized, would affect the effective tax rate was \$10.2 million (net of the federal tax benefit). The following is a reconciliation of the Company's total gross unrecognized tax benefits for the year ended January 28, 2012:

(in mi	llions)	
\$	15.2	
	0.8	
	0.6	
	-	
	-	
	(1.1)
\$	15.5	
	(in mi \$	0.8 0.6 - - (1.1

During fiscal 2011, the Company accrued potential interest of \$0.4 million, related to these unrecognized tax benefits. No potential penalties were accrued during 2011 related to the unrecognized tax benefits. As of January 28, 2012, the Company has recorded a liability for potential penalties and interest of \$0.1 million and \$4.1 million, respectively.

It is possible that state tax reserves will be reduced for audit settlements and statute expirations within the next 12 months. At this point it is not possible to estimate a range associated with the resolution of these audits.

NOTE 4 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Operating Lease Commitments

Future minimum lease payments under noncancelable store operating leases are as follows:

	(in mi	llions)
2012	\$	452.9
2013		401.1
2014		337.5
2015		264.4
2016		182.1
Thereafter		291.0
	•	
Total minimum lease payments	\$	1,929.0

The above future minimum lease payments include amounts for leases that were signed prior to January 28, 2012 for stores that were not open as of January 28, 2012.

Minimum rental payments for operating leases do not include contingent rentals that may be paid under certain store leases based on a percentage of sales in excess of stipulated amounts. Future minimum lease payments have not been reduced by expected future minimum sublease rentals of \$1.6 million under operating leases.

Minimum and Contingent Rentals

Rental expense for store and distribution center operating leases (including payments to related parties) included in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations are as follows:

				Year Ended			
(in millions)		January 28, 2012		January 29, 2011		January 30, 2010	
Minimum rentals	\$	421.8	\$	381.5	\$	349.9	
Contingent rentals		1.8		1.4		1.0	

Related Parties

The Company leased properties for six of its stores from partnerships owned by related parties. The total rental payments related to these leases were \$0.5 million for each of the years ended January 28, 2012, January 29, 2011, and January 30, 2010, respectively. Total future commitments under the five remaining related party leases are \$1.7 million.

Freight Services

The Company has contracted outbound freight services from various contract carriers with contracts expiring through fiscal 2014. The total amount of these commitments is approximately \$222.3 million, of which approximately \$143.3 million is committed in 2012, \$58.6 million in 2013 and \$20.4 million is committed in 2014

Technology Assets

The Company has commitments totaling approximately \$8.9 million to purchase primarily store technology assets for its stores during 2012.

Telecom Contracts

The Company has contracted for telecommunication services with contracts expiring in 2014. The total amount of these commitments is approximately \$3.3 million.

Letters of Credit

The Company is a party to two Letter of Credit Reimbursement and Security Agreements providing \$110.0 million and \$75.0 million, respectively for letters of credit. Letters of credit under both of these agreements are generally issued for the routine purchase of imported merchandise and approximately \$139.5 million was committed to these letters of credit at January 28, 2012. As discussed in Note 5, the Company also has \$150.0 million of available letters of credit included in the \$550.0 million Unsecured Credit Agreement (the Agreement) entered into in 2008. As of January 28, 2012, there were no letters of credit committed under the Agreement.

The Company also has approximately \$28.7 million in stand-by letters of credit that serve as collateral for its self-insurance programs and expire in fiscal 2012.

Surety Bonds

The Company has issued various surety bonds that primarily serve as collateral for utility payments at the Company's stores. The total amount of the commitment is approximately \$2.5 million, which is committed through various dates through fiscal 2013.

Contingencies

In 2006, a former store manager filed a collective action against the Company in Alabama federal court. She claims that she and other store managers should have been classified as non-exempt employees under the Fair Labor Standards Act and received overtime compensation. The Court preliminarily allowed nationwide (except California) certification. At present, approximately 265 individuals are included in the collective action. The Company's motion to decertify the collective action was dismissed without prejudice in 2010. The Company filed another motion to decertify on February 29, 2012. There is no scheduled trial date.

In 2009, 34 plaintiffs, filed a class action Complaint in a federal court in Virginia, alleging gender pay and promotion discrimination under Title VII. In 2010, the case was dismissed with prejudice. Plaintiffs appealed to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Fourth Circuit. The appeal has been fully briefed by the parties and oral arguments were conducted in January 2012. The parties await a decision of the appellate court which is expected by late spring or summer of 2012.

In April 2011, a former assistant store manager, on behalf of himself and those similarly situated, instituted a class action in a California state court primarily alleging a failure by the Company to provide meal breaks, to compensate for all hours worked, and to pay overtime compensation. The Company removed the case to federal court which denied Plaintiffs' motion for remand of the case to state court. The case presently awaits a scheduling order. There is no trial date.

In June 2011, Winn-Dixie Stores, Inc. and various of its affiliates instituted suit in federal court in Florida alleging that the Company, in approximately 48 shopping centers in the state of Florida and five other states where Dollar Tree and Winn-Dixie are both tenants, is selling goods and products in Dollar Tree stores in violation of an exclusive right of Winn-Dixie to sell and distribute such items. It seeks both monetary damages and injunctive relief. At approximately the same time, Winn-Dixie also sued Dollar General, Inc. and Big Lots, Inc. making essentially the same allegations against them and seeking the same relief. The court consolidated the three cases and they are set for trial on May 7, 2012.

In the summer and fall of 2011 collective action lawsuits were filed against the Company in six federal courts by different assistant store managers, each alleging he or she was forced to work off the clock in violation of the Fair Labor Standards Act. The suits were filed in Georgia, Colorado, Florida, Michigan, Illinois, and Maryland. The Maryland case has since been dismissed. In all of the remaining cases, plaintiffs also assert various state law claims for which they seek class treatment. The Georgia suit seeks statewide class certification for those assistant managers similarly situated during the relevant time periods and the Florida, Colorado, Michigan and Illinois cases seek nationwide certifications for those assistant store managers similarly situated during the relevant time periods. The Illinois case also includes a purported class of all other hourly store associates, making the same allegations on their behalf. The Company has commenced its investigation and has filed a motion to dismiss and motions to transfer venue to the Eastern District of Virginia in all cases. No rulings on these motions have been made to date. The Plaintiffs filed a motion with the federal court Multi-District Litigation Panel to consolidate all these and other related cases which motion was denied. To date, the only cases in which class certification motions have been filed is in the Illinois and Colorado actions. None of the cases have been assigned a trial date.

The Company will vigorously defend itself in these matters. The Company does not believe that any of these matters will, individually or in the aggregate, have a material effect on its business or financial condition. The Company cannot give assurance, however, that one or more of these lawsuits will not have a material effect on its results of operations for the period in which they are resolved. Based on the information available to the Company, including the amount of time remaining before trial, the results of discovery and the judgment of internal and external counsel, the Company is unable to express an opinion as to the outcome of those matters which are not settled and cannot estimate a potential range of loss on the outstanding matters.

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt at January 28, 2012 and January 29, 2011 consists of the following:

(in millions)	January 2 2012		Ja	nuary 29, 2011
\$550.0 million Unsecured Credit Agreement,				
interest payable monthly at LIBOR,				
plus 0.50%, which was 0.77% at				
January 28, 2012, principal payable upon				
expiration of the facility in February 2013	\$	250.0	\$	250.0
Demand Revenue Bonds, interest payable monthly				
at a variable rate which was 0.27% at				
January 28, 2012, principal payable on				
demand, maturing June 2018		15.5		16.5
Total long-term debt	\$	265.5	\$	266.5
,				
Less current portion		15.5		16.5
Long-term debt, excluding current portion	\$	250.0	\$	250.0

Maturities of long-term debt are as follows: 2012 - \$15.5 million and 2013 - \$250.0 million.

Unsecured Credit Agreement

In 2008, the Company entered into the Agreement which provides for a \$300.0 million revolving line of credit, including up to \$150.0 million in available letters of credit, and a \$250.0 million term loan. The interest rate on the facility is based, at the Company's option, on a LIBOR rate, plus a margin, or an alternate base rate, plus a margin. The revolving line of credit also bears a facilities fee, calculated as a percentage, as defined, of the amount available under the line of credit, payable quarterly. The term loan is due and payable in full at the five year maturity date of the Agreement. The Agreement also bears an administrative fee payable annually. The Agreement, among other things, requires the maintenance of certain specified financial ratios, restricts the payment of certain distributions and prohibits the incurrence of certain new indebtedness. As of January 28, 2012, the Company had the \$250.0 million term loan outstanding under the Agreement and no amounts outstanding under the \$300.0 million revolving line of credit.

Demand Revenue Bonds

In 1998, the Company entered into an unsecured Loan Agreement with the Mississippi Business Finance Corporation (MBFC) under which the MBFC issued Taxable Variable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds (the Bonds) in an aggregate principal amount of \$19.0 million to finance the acquisition, construction, and installation of land, buildings, machinery and equipment for the Company's distribution facility in Olive Branch, Mississippi. The Bonds do not contain a prepayment penalty as long as the interest rate remains variable. The Bonds contain a demand provision and, therefore, are classified as current liabilities.

NOTE 6 - DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Hedging Derivatives

In 2008, the Company entered into two \$75.0 million interest rate swap agreements. These interest rate swaps were used to manage the risk associated with interest rate fluctuations on a portion of the Company's variable rate debt. Under these agreements, the Company paid interest to financial institutions at a fixed rate of 2.8%. In exchange, the financial institutions paid the Company at a variable rate, which equals the variable rate on the debt, excluding the credit spread. These swaps qualified for hedge accounting treatment and expired in March 2011.

In order to manage fluctuations in cash flows resulting from changes in diesel fuel costs, the Company entered into fuel derivative contracts with third parties. The Company hedged 3.5 million and 5.0 million gallons of diesel fuel in 2011 and 2010, respectively. These hedges represented approximately 31% and 39% of the total domestic truckload fuel needs in 2011 and 2010, respectively. The Company currently has fuel derivative contracts to hedge 2.8 million gallons of diesel fuel, or approximately 41% of the Company's domestic truckload fuel needs from February 2012 through July 2012 and 0.5 million gallons of diesel fuel, or approximately 16% of the Company's domestic truckload fuel needs from August 2012 through October 2012. Under these contracts, the Company pays the third party a fixed price for diesel fuel and receives variable diesel fuel prices at amounts approximating current diesel fuel costs, thereby creating the economic equivalent of a fixed-rate obligation. These derivative contracts do not qualify for hedge accounting and therefore all changes in fair value for these derivatives are included under "other income, net" on the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. The fair value of these contracts at January 28, 2012 was an asset of \$0.6 million.

NOTE 7 - SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Preferred Stock

The Company is authorized to issue 10,000,000 shares of Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value per share. No preferred shares are issued and outstanding at January 28, 2012 and January 29, 2011.

Net Income Per Share

The following table sets forth the calculation of basic and diluted net income per share:

	Year Ended							
(in millions, except per share data)		January 28, 2012		January 29, 2011		ry 30, 10		
Basic net income per share:								
Net income	\$	488.3	\$	397.3	\$	320.5		
Weighted average number of shares			-		-			
outstanding	_	120.3		127.1		134.1		
Basic net income per share	\$	4.06	\$	3.13	\$	2.39		
Diluted net income per share:								
Net income	\$	488.3	\$	397.3	\$	320.5		
Weighted average number of shares								
outstanding		120.3		127.1		134.1		
Dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock (as determined by								
applying the treasury stock method)		0.9		0.9		0.9		
Weighted average number of shares and								
dilutive potential shares outstanding		121.2		128.0		135.0		
Diluted net income per share	\$	4.03	\$	3.10	\$	2.37		

At January 28, 2012, January 29, 2011 and January 30, 2010 substantially all of the stock options outstanding were included in the calculation of the weighted average number of shares and dilutive potential shares outstanding.

Share Repurchase Programs

The Company repurchases shares on the open market and under Accelerated Share Repurchase agreements.

On the open market, the Company repurchased 2.6 million shares for \$145.9 million in fiscal 2011. The Company repurchased 4.3 million shares for \$214.7 million in fiscal 2010. The Company repurchased 6.4 million shares for \$193.1 million in fiscal 2009. At January 28, 2012, the Company had \$1.2 billion remaining under Board authorization.

On November 21, 2011, the Company entered into an agreement to repurchase \$300.0 million of the Company's common shares under a "collared" Accelerated Share Repurchase Agreement (ASR). Under this agreement, the Company initially received 3.4 million shares through December 13, 2011, representing the minimum number of shares to be received based on a calculation using the "cap" or high-end of the price range of the "collar." The Company may receive a maximum of 3.8 million shares under the agreement. The number of shares is determined based on the weighted average market price of the Company's common stock, less a discount, during a specified period of time. The weighted average market price through January 28, 2012 as defined in the "collared" agreement was \$83.27. Therefore, if the transaction had settled on January 28, 2012, the Company would have received an additional 0.4 million shares under the "collared" agreement. Based on the applicable accounting literature, these additional shares were not included in the weighted average diluted earnings per share calculation because their effect would be antidilutive. Based on the hedge period reference price of \$80.37, there is approximately \$27.3 million of the \$300.0 million related to the agreement, as of January 28, 2012, that is recorded as a reduction to shareholders' equity pending final settlement of the agreement. The ASR is expected to be completed in the first quarter of 2012.

On August 24, 2011, the Company entered into an agreement to repurchase \$200.0 million of the Company's common shares under a "collared" ASR. Under this agreement, the Company initially received 2.6 million shares through September 2, 2011, representing the minimum number of shares to be received based on a calculation using the "cap" or high-end of the price range of the "collar." The ASR concluded on November 15, 2011 and the Company received an additional 0.1 million shares under the "collared" agreement resulting in 2.7 million total shares being repurchased under this ASR. The number of shares is determined based on the weighted average market price of the Company's common stock, less a discount, during a specified period of time.

On March 19, 2010, the Company entered into an agreement to repurchase \$200.0 million of the Company's common shares under a "collared" ASR. Under this agreement, the Company initially received 4.6 million shares through March 31, 2010, representing the minimum number of shares to be received based on a calculation using the "cap" or high-end of the price range of the collar. The ASR concluded on August 6, 2010 and the Company received an additional 0.4 million shares under the "collared" agreement resulting in 5.0 million total shares being repurchased under this ASR. The number of shares is determined based on the weighted average market price of the Company's common stock, less a discount, during a specified period of time.

NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

Profit Sharing and 401(k) Retirement Plan

The Company maintains a defined contribution profit sharing and 401(k) plan which is available to all employees over 21 years of age who have completed one year of service in which they have worked at least 1,000 hours. Eligible employees may make elective salary deferrals. The Company may make contributions at its discretion.

Contributions to and reimbursements by the Company of expenses of the plan included in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations were as follows:

Year Ended January 28, 2012	\$37.9 million	
Year Ended January 29, 2011	35.1 million	
Year Ended January 30, 2010	30.4 million	

Eligible employees hired prior to January 1, 2007 are immediately vested in the Company's profit sharing contributions. Eligible employees hired on or subsequent to January 1, 2007 vest in the Company's profit sharing contributions based on the following schedule:

· 20% after two years of service · 40% after three years of service · 60% after four years of service · 100% after five years of service

All eligible employees are immediately vested in any Company match contributions under the 401(k) portion of the plan.

Deferred Compensation Plan

The Company has a deferred compensation plan which provides certain officers and executives the ability to defer a portion of their base compensation and bonuses and invest their deferred amounts. The plan is a nonqualified plan and the Company may make discretionary contributions. The deferred amounts and earnings thereon are payable to participants, or designated beneficiaries, at specified future dates, or upon retirement or death. Total cumulative participant deferrals were approximately \$3.3 million and \$2.8 million, respectively, at January 28, 2012 and January 29, 2011, and are included in "other liabilities" on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The related assets are included in "other assets, net" on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The Company did not make any discretionary contributions in the years ended January 28, 2012, January 29, 2011, or January 30, 2010.

NOTE 9 - STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION PLANS

At January 28, 2012, the Company has nine stock-based compensation plans. Each plan and the accounting method are described below.

Fixed Stock Option Compensation Plans

Under the Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan (SOP), the Company granted options to its employees for 1,570,896 shares of Common Stock in 1993 and 1,572,434 shares in 1994. Options granted under the SOP have an exercise price of \$0.57 and are fully vested at the date of grant.

Under the 1995 Stock Incentive Plan (SIP), the Company granted options to its employees for the purchase of up to 18.9 million shares of Common Stock. The exercise price of each option equaled the market price of the Company's stock at the date of grant, unless a higher price was established by the Board of Directors, and an option's maximum term is 10 years. Options granted under the SIP generally vested over a three-year period. This plan was terminated on July 1, 2003 and replaced with the Company's 2003 Equity Incentive Plan (EIP).

Under the EIP, the Company granted up to 9.0 million shares of its Common Stock, plus any shares available for future awards under the SIP, to the Company's employees, including executive officers and independent contractors. The EIP permitted the Company to grant equity awards in the form of stock options, stock appreciation rights and restricted stock. The exercise price of each stock option granted equaled the market price of the Company's stock at the date of grant. The options generally vest over a three-year period and have a maximum term of 10 years. This plan was terminated on June 16, 2011 and replaced with the Company's Omnibus Incentive Plan (Omnibus Plan).

The Executive Officer Equity Incentive Plan (EOEP) was available only to the Chief Executive Officer and certain other executive officers. These officers no longer received awards under the EIP. The EOEP allowed the Company to grant the same type of equity awards as the EIP. These awards generally vest over a three-year period, with a maximum term of 10 years. This plan was terminated on June 16, 2011 and replaced with the Company's Omnibus Incentive Plan (Omnibus Plan).

Stock appreciation rights may be awarded alone or in tandem with stock options. When the stock appreciation rights are exercisable, the holder may surrender all or a portion of the unexercised stock appreciation right and receive in exchange an amount equal to the excess of the fair market value at the date of exercise over the fair market value at the date of the grant. No stock appreciation rights have been granted to date.

Any restricted stock or RSUs awarded are subject to certain general restrictions. The restricted stock shares or units may not be sold, transferred, pledged or disposed of until the restrictions on the shares or units have lapsed or have been removed under the provisions of the plan. In addition, if a holder of restricted shares or units ceases to be employed by the Company, any shares or units in which the restrictions have not lapsed will be forfeited.

The 2003 Non-Employee Director Stock Option Plan (NEDP) provided non-qualified stock options to non-employee members of the Company's Board of Directors. The stock options were functionally equivalent to such options issued under the EIP discussed above. The exercise price of each stock option granted equaled the closing market price of the Company's stock on the date of grant. The options generally vested immediately. This plan was terminated on June 16, 2011 and replaced with the Company's Omnibus Incentive Plan (Omnibus Plan).

The 2003 Director Deferred Compensation Plan permits any of the Company's directors who receive a retainer or other fees for Board or Board committee service to defer all or a portion of such fees until a future date, at which time they may be paid in cash or shares of the Company's common stock, or receive all or a portion of such fees in non-statutory stock options. Deferred fees that are paid out in cash will earn interest at the 30-year Treasury Bond Rate. If a director elects to be paid in common stock, the number of shares will be determined by dividing the deferred fee amount by the closing market price of a share of the Company's common stock on the date of deferral. The number of options issued to a director will equal the deferred fee amount divided by 33% of the price of a share of the Company's common stock. The exercise price will equal the fair market value of the Company's common stock at the date the option is issued. The options are fully vested when issued and have a term of 10 years.

Under the Omnibus Plan, the Company may grant up to 2.0 million shares of its Common Stock, plus any shares available for future awards under the EIP, EOEP, or NEDP plans, to the Company's employees, including executive officers and independent contractors. The Omnibus Plan permits the Company to grant equity awards in the form of incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, restricted stock units, performance bonuses, performance units, non-employee director stock options and other equity-related awards. These awards generally vest over a three-year period with a maximum term of 10 years.

Restricted Stock

The Company granted 0.4 million, 0.6 million and 0.6 million service-based RSUs, net of forfeitures in 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively, from the EIP and the EOEP to the Company's employees and officers. The fair value of all of these RSUs is being expensed ratably over the three-year vesting periods, or a shorter period based on the retirement eligibility of the grantee. The fair value was determined using the Company's closing stock price on the date of grant. The Company recognized \$19.2 million, \$17.3 million and \$12.8 million of expense related to these RSUs during 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. As of January 28, 2012, there was approximately \$23.0 million of total unrecognized compensation expense related to these RSUs which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 21 months.

In 2011, the Company granted 0.1 million RSUs from the EIP and the EOEP to certain officers of the Company, contingent on the Company meeting certain performance targets in 2011 and future service of these officers through March 2014. The Company meet these performance targets in fiscal 2011; therefore, the fair value of these RSUs of \$7.3 million is being expensed over the service period or a shorter period based on the retirement eligibility of the grantee. The Company recognized \$5.4 million of expense related to these RSUs in 2011. The fair value of these RSUs was determined using the Company's closing stock price on the grant date.

In 2010, the Company granted 0.2 million RSUs from the EIP and the EOEP to certain officers of the Company, contingent on the Company meeting certain performance targets in 2010 and future service of these officers through March 2013. The Company meet these performance targets in fiscal 2010; therefore, the fair value of these RSUs of \$7.8 million is being expensed over the service period or a shorter period based on the retirement eligibility of the grantee. The Company recognized \$1.8 million and \$4.8 million of expense related to these RSUs in 2011 and 2010, respectively. The fair value of these RSUs was determined using the Company's closing stock price on the grant date.

In 2009, the Company granted 0.2 million RSUs from the EIP and the EOEP to certain officers of the Company, contingent on the Company meeting certain performance targets in 2009 and future service of these officers through March 2012. The Company met these performance targets in fiscal 2009; therefore, the fair value of these RSUs of \$6.4 million is being expensed over the service period or a shorter period based on the retirement eligibility of the grantee. The Company recognized \$1.0 million, \$2.6 million and \$2.7 million of expense related to these RSUs in 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The fair value of these RSUs was determined using the Company's closing stock price on the grant date.

In 2011, the Company granted RSUs with a target value of \$0.7 million from the Omnibus Plan to certain officers of the Company. Each officer has the opportunity to earn an amount between zero percent (0%) and two hundred percent (200%) of the individual target award contingent on the Company meeting certain performance targets for the period beginning on January 30, 2011 and ending on February 1, 2014. Providing the vesting conditions are satisfied, the awards will vest at the end of the performance period. The Company recognized \$0.4 million of expense related on these RSUs in 2011. The fair value of these RSUs was determined using the Company's closing stock price on the grant date.

The following table summarizes the status of RSUs as of January 28, 2012, and changes during the year then ended:

	Shares		Weig Aver Gra Date Va	rage ant
Nonvested at January 29, 2011	1,444,761		\$	33.88
Granted	534,030			56.99
Vested	(675,980)		30.94
Forfeited	(47,086)		42.82
Nonvested at January 28, 2012	1,255,725		\$	44.97

In connection with the vesting of RSUs in 2011, 2010 and 2009, certain employees elected to receive shares net of minimum statutory tax withholding amounts which totaled \$13.2 million, \$11.1 million and \$4.8 million, respectively. The total fair value of the restricted shares vested during the years ended January 28, 2012, January 29, 2011 and January 30, 2010 was \$20.9 million, \$19.1 million and \$9.6 million, respectively.

Stock Options

In 2011, 2010 and 2009, the Company granted less than 0.1 million service based stock options from the EIP, EOP and the NEDP, respectively. The fair value of all of these options is being expensed ratably over the three-year vesting periods, or a shorter period based on the retirement eligibility of the grantee. All options granted to directors vest immediately and are expensed on the grant date. During 2011, 2010 and 2009, the Company recognized \$1.1 million, \$2.3 million and \$3.7 million, respectively of expense related to service-based stock option grants.

The following tables summarize the Company's various option plans and information about options outstanding at January 28, 2012 and changes during the year then ended.

Stock Option Activity

			January 28, 2	012		
	Weighted Average Per Share Exercise Shares Price		Weighted Average Remaining Term	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in millions)		
Outstanding, beginning						
of period	1,022,071	\$	19.16			
Granted	7,639		69.41			
Exercised	(355,640)		18.40			
Forfeited	(18,517)		14.31			
Outstanding, end of period	655,553	\$	20.29	3.6	\$	13.3
Options vested and expected to vest						
at January 28, 2012	655,553	\$	20.29	3.6	\$	13.3
Options exercisable at end of period	630,554	\$	19.97	3.5	\$	40.8
	Options Outstanding			Options	Exercisable	:
Opti Pango of Outsta		***	ahtod Ava	Options Exercise blo	Wojaht	1.4

		Outstanding					
Range of Exercise Prices	Options Outstanding at January 28, 2012	Weighted Avg. Remaining Contractual Life	Weighted Avg. Exercise Price		Options Exercisable at January 28, 2012		Weighted Avg. Exercise Price
\$0.57	921	N/A	\$	0.57	921	\$	0.57
\$0.58 to \$14.18	100,419	1.1	·	13.35	100,419	•	13.35
\$14.19 to \$19.86	311,356	3.8		17.50	311,356		17.50
\$19.87 to \$29.04	219,231	3.7		24.26	194,232		23.70
\$29.05 to \$32.24	5,525	7.8		32.22	5,525		32.22
\$32.25 to \$56.08	10,462	8.6		46.52	10,462		46.52
\$56.09 to \$84.64	7,639	9.5		69.41	7,639		69.41
\$0.57 to \$84.64	655,553	3.6	\$	20.29	630,554	\$	19.97

The intrinsic value of options exercised during 2011, 2010 and 2009 was approximately \$16.4 million, \$16.0 million and \$11.0 million, respectively.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

Under the Dollar Tree, Inc. Employee Stock Purchase Plan (ESPP), the Company is authorized to issue up to 2,639,063 shares of common stock to eligible employees. Under the terms of the ESPP, employees can choose to have up to 10% of their annual base earnings withheld to purchase the Company's common stock. The purchase price of the stock is 85% of the lower of the price at the beginning or the end of the quarterly offering period. Under the ESPP, the Company has sold 2,219,369 shares as of January 28, 2012.

The fair value of the employees' purchase rights is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions:

	Fiscal 2011	Fiscal 2010	Fiscal 2009
Expected term	3 months	3 months	3 months
Expected volatility	12.6%	13.2%	17.4%
Annual dividend yield	-	-	-
Risk free interest rate	0.1%	0.1%	1.8%

The weighted average per share fair value of those purchase rights granted in 2011, 2010 and 2009 was \$10.43, \$6.59 and \$5.19, respectively. Total expense recognized for these purchase rights was \$0.9 million in each of 2011, 2010 and 2009.

NOTE 10 - ACQUISITION

On November 15, 2010, the Company completed its acquisition of 86 Dollar Giant stores, located in the Canadian provinces of British Columbia, Ontario, Alberta and Saskatchewan. These stores offer a wide assortment of quality general merchandise, contemporary seasonal goods and everyday consumables, all priced at \$1.25 (CAD) or less. This is the Company's first expansion of its retail operations outside of the United States and provides the Company with a proven management team and distribution network as well as additional potential store growth in a new market.

The Company paid approximately \$51.3 million including the assumption of certain liabilities. The results of Dollar Giant store operations are included in the Company's financial statements since the acquisition date and did not have a significant impact on the Company's operating results in 2011 or 2010. This acquisition is immaterial to the Company's operations as a whole and therefore no proforma disclosure of financial information has been presented. The following table summarizes the final allocation of the purchase price to the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on the exchange rate in effect at the date of purchase.

(in millions)			
Cash	\$	1.9	
Inventory		22.8	
Other current assets		3.4	
Property and equipment		10.1	
Goodwill		39.9	
Other intangibles		3.9	
Debt		(13.8)
Accounts payable and			
accrued liabilities		(16.9)
	\$	51.3	

Goodwill related to this acquisition is presented in the consolidated balance sheet at the exchange rate in effect at January 28, 2012 and January 29, 2011; however, the opening balance sheet and resulting goodwill and acquired intangible assets were recorded based on the exchange rate in effect at the acquisition date.

NOTE 11 - QUARTERLY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (Unaudited)

The following table sets forth certain items from the Company's unaudited consolidated statements of operations for each quarter of fiscal year 2011 and 2010. The unaudited information has been prepared on the same basis as the audited consolidated financial statements appearing elsewhere in this report and includes all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, which management considers necessary for a fair presentation of the financial data shown. The operating results for any quarter are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year or for any future period.

	First arter (1)	_	Second Quarter	_	Third Quarter	_	Fourth Quarter
Fiscal 2011:							
Net sales	\$ 1,545.9	\$	1,542.4	\$	1,596.6	\$	1,945.6
Gross profit	\$ 540.8	\$	542.4	\$	560.6	\$	734.5
Operating income	\$ 161.7	\$	153.5	\$	164.9	\$	302.0
Net income	\$ 101.0	\$	94.9	\$	104.5	\$	187.9
Diluted net income per share	\$ 0.82	\$	0.77	\$	0.87	\$	1.60
Stores open at end of quarter	4,177		4,242		4,335		4,351
Comparable store net sales change	7.1%	,)	4.7%)	4.8%	,	7.3%
Fiscal 2010:							
Net sales	\$ 1,352.6	\$	1,377.9	\$	1,426.6	\$	1,725.3
Gross profit	\$ 450.2	\$	483.5	\$	506.0	\$	647.9
Operating income	\$ 102.6	\$	127.8	\$	140.9	\$	258.7
Net income	\$ 63.6	\$	78.0	\$	93.2	\$	162.5
Diluted net income per share	\$ 0.49	\$	0.61	\$	0.73	\$	1.29
Stores open at end of quarter	3,874		3,925		4,009		4,101
Comparable store net sales change	6.5%	Ò	6.7%)	8.7%)	3.9%

⁽¹⁾ Easter was observed on April 24, 2011 and April 4, 2010

Item 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None

Item 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Exchange Act) is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, we recognize that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management necessarily is required to apply our judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

Our management has carried out, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of January 28, 2012, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were designed and functioning effectively to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms and (ii) accumulated and communicated to our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding disclosure.

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f). The Company's management conducted an assessment of the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on the framework established by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission in *Internal Control-Integrated Framework*. Based on this assessment, the Company's management has concluded that, as of January 28, 2012, the Company's internal control over financial reporting is effective. The Company's independent registered public accounting firm, KPMG LLP, has audited the Company's consolidated financial statements and has issued an attestation report on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Their report appears below.

Changes in internal controls

There were no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during our most recently completed fiscal quarter that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Dollar Tree, Inc.:

We have audited Dollar Tree, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as of January 28, 2012, based on criteria established in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Dollar Tree, Inc.'s management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audit also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expeditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, Dollar Tree, Inc. maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of January 28, 2012, based on criteria established in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets of Dollar Tree, Inc. as of January 28, 2012 and January 29, 2011, and the related consolidated statements of operations, shareholders' equity and comprehensive income, and cash flows for each of the fiscal years in the three-year period ended January 28, 2012, and our report dated March 15, 2012 expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Norfolk, Virginia March 15, 2012

Item 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

PART III

Item 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The information concerning our Directors and Executive Officers required by this Item is incorporated by reference in Dollar Tree, Inc.'s Proxy Statement relating to our Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on June 14, 2012 (Proxy Statement), under the caption "Information concerning Nominees, Directors and Executive Officers."

Information set forth in the Proxy Statement under the caption "Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance," with respect to director and executive officer compliance with Section 16(a), is incorporated herein by reference.

Information set forth in the Proxy Statement under the caption "Committees of the Board of Directors – Audit Committee" with respect to our audit committee financial expert required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference.

The information concerning our code of ethics required by this Item is incorporated by reference to the Proxy Statement, under the caption "Code of Ethics."

Item 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Information set forth in the Proxy Statement under the caption "Compensation of Executive Officers," with respect to executive compensation, is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The information concerning our securities authorized for issuance under equity compensation plans required by this Item is incorporated by reference to the Proxy Statement under the caption "Equity Compensation Plan Information."

Information set forth in the Proxy Statement under the caption "Ownership of Common Stock," with respect to security ownership of certain beneficial owners and management, is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS, RELATED TRANSACTIONS AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

Information set forth in the Proxy Statement under the caption "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions," is incorporated herein by reference.

The information concerning the independence of our directors required by this Item is incorporated by reference to the Proxy Statement under the caption "Corporate Governance and Director Independence - Independence."

Item 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES

Information set forth in the Proxy Statement under the caption "Our Principal Accountants," is incorporated herein by reference.

PART IV

Item 15. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES, AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

- 1. Documents filed as part of this report:
- 1. Financial Statements. Reference is made to the Index to the Consolidated Financial Statements set forth under Part II, Item 8, on Page 29 of this Form 10-K.
- Financial Statement Schedules. All schedules for which provision is made in the applicable accounting regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission
 are not required under the related instructions, are not applicable, or the information is included in the Consolidated Financial Statements, and therefore have
 been omitted.
- 3... Exhibits. The following exhibits, are filed as part of, or incorporated by reference into, this report.
- 2. Plan of Reorganization
- 2.1 Agreement and Plan of Merger among Dollar Tree Stores, Inc., Dollar Tree, Inc. and Dollar Tree Merger Sub, Inc., dated February 27, 2008(Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's February 27, 2008 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).
- 3. Articles and Bylaws
- 3.1 Articles of Incorporation of Dollar Tree, Inc. (as amended, effective June 17, 2010) (Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's June 17, 2010 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).
- 3.2 Bylaws of Dollar Tree, Inc., as amended (Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's October 6, 2011 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).
- 4. Instruments Defining the Rights of Security Holders
- 4.1 Form of Common Stock Certificate (Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's March 13, 2008 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).

10. Material Contracts

- 10.1 \$550.0 million unsecured Credit Agreement, dated February 20, 2008 (Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's February 15, 2008 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).
- 10.2.1 Stock Incentive Plan (SIP) (Exhibit 10.15 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 1995, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.2.2 First Amendment to the SIP (Exhibit 10.3 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1996, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.2.3 Second Amendment to the SIP (Exhibit 10.5 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1997, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.2.4 Third Amendment to the SIP (Appendix to the Definitive Proxy Statement, filed April 19, 2000, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.2.5 Fourth Amendment to the Company's SIP (Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's January 16, 2008 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.2.6 Fifth Amendment to the SIP (Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's February 27, 2008 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.2.7 Sixth Amendment to the SIP ((Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 2, 2008, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.3.1 The Company's 2005 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (ESPP) (Appendix A to the Company's 2005 Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14-A, initially filed with the Commission on May 9, 2005, which is incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.3.2 Amendment to the ESPP (Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's February 27, 2008 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.4.1 The Company's 2003 Equity Incentive Plan (as amended) (EIP) (Exhibit A to the Definitive Proxy Statement filed on April 29, 2004, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.4.2 Second Amendment to the Company's EIP (Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's January 16, 2008 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.4.3 Third Amendment to the EIP (Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's February 27, 2008 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.5.1 The Company's 2004 Executive Officer Equity Plan (EOEP) (Exhibit B to the Definitive Proxy Statement filed on April 29, 2004, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.5.2 Second Amendment to the Company's EOEP (Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's January 16, 2008 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.5.3 Third Amendment to the Company's EOEP (Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's February 27, 2008 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.5.4 Fourth Amendment to the Company's EOEP (Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's June 19, 2008 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.6 Form of Standard Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement for use under the Company's EIP and the Company's EOEP (Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's February 15, 2008 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.7 Form of Standard Stock Option Agreement for use under the Company's 2003 EIP and the Company's EOEP (Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's February 15, 2008 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.8 Form of Standard Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement for use under the Company's EIP and EOEP (Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's March 24, 2005 Current Report on Form 8-K incorporated herein by this reference).*
 - * Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement

- 10.9 Form of Standard Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement for use under the Company's EIP and EOEP (Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended October 30, 2004, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.10 Form of Standard Option Award Agreement for use under the Company's EIP and EOEP (Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended October 30, 2004, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.11 Form of the Company's Named Executive Officer Option Agreement (Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's January 30, 2009 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.12 Form of the Company's Named Executive Officer Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's January 30, 2009 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.13.1 The Company's 2004 Executive Officer Cash Bonus Plan (Exhibit C to the Definitive Proxy Statement filed on April 29, 2004, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.13.2 Third Amendment to the 2004 Executive Officer Cash Bonus Plan (Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's June 19, 2008 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.14.1 2003 Non-Employee Director Stock Option Plan (Exhibit C to the Definitive Proxy Statement, filed April 30, 2003, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.14.2 Second Amendment to the 2003 Non-Employee Director Stock Option Plan (Exhibit 10.7 to the Company's February 27, 2008 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.14.3 Third Amendment to the Company's 2003 Non-Employee Director Stock Option Plan (Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 2, 2008, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.15.1 2003 Director Deferred Compensation Plan (Exhibit D to the Definitive Proxy Statement, filed April 30, 2003, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.15.2 Second Amendment to the Company's 2003 Director Deferred Compensation Plan (Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's January 16, 2008 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.15.3 Third Amendment to the 2003 Director Deferred Compensation Plan (Exhibit 10.6 to the Company's February 27, 2008 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.16 Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan (Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.17 Amendments to the Company's Stock Plans (Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's January 16, 2008 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.18 Amendments to the Assumed Incentive Plans (Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's June 19, 2008 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.19 Assignment and Assumption Agreement (Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's February 27, 2008 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.20 Change in Control Retention Agreements (Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's March 14, 2007 Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.21 Change in Control Retention Agreement between the Company and Kevin Wampler, Chief Financial Officer (Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's December 2, 2008 Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.21.1 Amendment to Change in Control Retention Agreement between the Company and Kevin Wampler, Chief Financial Officer (Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's October 6, 2011 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
 - * Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement

- 10.22 Amended and Restated Severance Agreement between the Company and Robert H. Rudman dated March 29, 2007 (Exhibit 10.6 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 3, 2007, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.23 Form of consulting agreement between the Company and certain members of the Board of Directors (Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's February 3, 2005 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.24 New policy for director compensation (as described in Item 1.01 of the Company's January 16, 2008 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.25 Post-Retirement Benefit Agreement Between the Company and H. Ray Compton dated June 21, 2007 (Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended August 4, 2007, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.26 Store Lease with Suburban Management and Related Renewals (Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's May 3, 2008 Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, incorporated herein by this reference).
- 10.27 Store Lease with DMK Associates and Related Renewals (Exhibit 10.2 to the company's May 3, 2008 Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, incorporated herein by this reference).
- 10.28 Store Lease with DMK Associates and Related Renewals (Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's May 3, 2008 Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, incorporated herein by this reference).
- 10.29 Description of Management Incentive Compensation Plan (Exhibit 10.29 to the Company's January 30, 2010 Annual Report on Form 10-K/A, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.30 Purchase Agreement dated October 10, 2010 (Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's October 12, 2010 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).
- 10.31 Description of Dollar Tree, Inc. Management Incentive Compensation Plan (Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's April 30, 2011 Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, incorporated herein by reference).*
- 10.32 2011 Omnibus Incentive Plan (Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's June 16, 2011 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.33 Form of Long-Term Performance Plan Award Agreement (Exhibit 10.2 to the Company June 16, 2011 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.34 Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's June 16, 2011 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.35 Form of Non-employee Director Option Agreement (Exhibit 10.4 to the company June 16, 2011 Current Report on Form 8-K, incorporated herein by this reference).*
- 10.36 Accelerated Share Repurchase Program Collared Master Confirmation dated August 24, 2011 (Exhibit 10.6 to the Company's October 29, 2011 Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, incorporated herein by this reference).
- 10.37 Accelerated Share Repurchase Program Supplemental Confirmation dated August 24, 2011 (Exhibit 10.7 to the Company's October 29, 2011 Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, incorporated herein by this reference).
- 10.38 Accelerated Share Repurchase Program Collared Master Confirmation dated November 21, 2011 (filed herewith and portions of the exhibit have been omitted pursuant to a request for confidential treatment).
- 10.39 Accelerated Share Repurchase Program Supplemental Confirmation dated November 21, 2011 (filed herewith and portions of the exhibit have been omitted pursuant to a request for confidential treatment).
 - * Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement

- 21. Subsidiaries of the Registrant
- 21.1 Subsidiaries (filed herewith)
- 23. <u>Consents of Experts and Counsel</u>
 - 23.1 Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm (filed herewith)
 - 31. Certifications required under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act
 - 31.1 Certification required under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of Chief Executive Officer
 - 31.2 Certification required under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of Chief Financial Officer
 - 32. Statements under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act
 - 32.1 Statement under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of Chief Executive Officer
 - 32.2 Statement under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of Chief Financial Officer
- 101.0 <u>Interactive Data Files</u>
- 101.INS XBRL Instance Document (1)
- 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Schema Document (1)
- 101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document (1)
- 101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document(1)
- 101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document (1)
- 101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document (1)

(1) IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TEMPORARY HARDSHIP EXEMPTION PROVIDED BY RULE 201 OF REGULATION S-T, THE DATE BY WHICH THE INTERACTIVE DATA FILE IS REQUIRED TO BE SUBMITTED HAS BEEN EXTENDED BY SIX BUSINESS DAYS.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

DOLLAR TREE, INC.

DATE: March 15, 2012 By: <u>/s/ Bob Sasser</u>

Bob Sasser

President, Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
/s/ Macon F. Brock, Jr. Macon F. Brock, Jr.	Chairman; Director	March 15, 2012
/s/ Bob Sasser Bob Sasser	Director, President and Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer)	March 15, 2012
/s/ Thomas A. Saunders, III Thomas A. Saunders, III	Lead Independent Director	March 15, 2012
/s/ J. Douglas Perry J. Douglas Perry	Chairman Emeritus; Director	March 15, 2012
/s/ Arnold S. Barron Arnold S. Barron	Director	March 15, 2012
/s/ Mary Anne Citrino Mary Anne Citrino	Director	March 15, 2012
/s/ H. Ray Compton H. Ray Compton	Director	March 15, 2012
/s/ Conrad M. Hall Conrad M. Hall	Director	March 15, 2012
/s/ Lemuel E. Lewis Lemuel E. Lewis	Director	March 15, 2012
/s/ Kevin S. Wampler Kevin S. Wampler	Chief Financial Officer (principal financial and accounting officer)	March 15, 2012
/s/ Thomas E. Whiddon Thomas E. Whiddon	Director	March 15, 2012
/s/ Dr. Carl P. Zeithaml Dr. Carl P. Zeithaml	Director	March 15, 2012
	59	

CONFIDENTIAL TREATMENT REQUESTED

Confidential material has been separately filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission under an application for confidential treatment. Terms for which confidential treatment has been requested have been omitted and marked with an asterisk [*]



November 21, 2011

To: Dollar Tree, Inc.

500 Volvo Parkway Chesapeake, VA 23320

Attn: Roger Dean, VP – Treasurer

Shawnta Totten, VP – Governance and Corporate Counsel

Facsimile: 757-321-5111

From Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, solely as agent (the "Agent")

of Wells Fargo Bank, National Association

375 Park Avenue New York, NY 10152

Attn: Derivatives Structuring Group

Telephone: 212-214-6101 Facsimile: 212-214-5913

Re: Issuer Forward Repurchase Transaction

Ladies and Gentlemen:

This master confirmation (this "Master Confirmation") is intended to supplement the terms and provisions of certain Transactions (each, a "Transaction") entered into from time to time between Wells Fargo Bank, National Association ("Wells Fargo") and Dollar Tree, Inc. ("Counterparty"). This Master Confirmation, taken alone, is neither a commitment by either party to enter into any Transaction nor evidence of a Transaction. The terms of any particular Transaction shall be set forth in (i) a Supplemental Confirmation in the form of Exhibit A hereto (a "Supplemental Confirmation"), which shall reference this Master Confirmation and supplement, form a part of, and be subject to this Master Confirmation and (ii) a Trade Notification in the form of Exhibit B hereto (a "Trade Notification"), which shall reference the relevant Supplemental Confirmation and supplement, form a part of, and be subject to such Supplemental Confirmation. This Master Confirmation, each Supplemental Confirmation and the related Trade Notification together shall constitute a "Confirmation" as referred to in the Agreement specified below.

The definitions and provisions contained in the 2000 ISDA Definitions (the "2000 Definitions") and the 2002 ISDA Equity Derivatives Definitions (the "Equity Definitions" and together with the 2000 Definitions, the "Definitions"), as published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. ("ISDA"), are incorporated into this Master Confirmation and each Supplemental Confirmation and Trade Notification. This Master Confirmation, each Supplemental Confirmation and the related Trade Notification evidence a complete binding agreement between Counterparty and Wells Fargo as to the subject matter and terms of each Transaction to which this Master Confirmation, such Supplemental Confirmation and Trade Notification relate and shall supersede all prior or contemporaneous written or oral communications with respect thereto.

This Master Confirmation, each Supplemental Confirmation and each Trade Notification supplement, form a part of, and are subject to an agreement (the "Agreement") in the form of the ISDA 2002 Master Agreement (the "ISDA Form") as if Wells Fargo and Counterparty had executed an agreement in such form (without any Schedule but with the elections set forth in this Master Confirmation, each Supplemental Confirmation and each Trade Notification).

For each Transaction, all provisions contained or incorporated by reference in the Agreement shall govern this Master Confirmation, the Supplemental Confirmation and each Trade Notification relating to such Transaction except as expressly modified herein or in such Supplemental Confirmation or Trade Notification.

If, in relation to any Transaction to which this Master Confirmation, a Supplemental Confirmation and a Trade Notification relate, there is any inconsistency between the Agreement, this Master Confirmation, any Supplemental Confirmation, any Trade Notification and the Equity Definitions, the following will prevail for purposes of such Transaction in the order of precedence indicated: (i) such Trade Notification, (ii) such Supplemental Confirmation; (iii) this Master Confirmation; (iv) the Agreement; and (v) the Equity Definitions.

1. Each Transaction constitutes a Share Forward Transaction for the purposes of the Equity Definitions Set forth below are the terms and conditions which, together with the terms and conditions set forth in the related Supplemental Confirmation and Trade Notification (in respect of the relevant Transaction), shall govern each such

General Terms:

Trade Date: For each Transaction, as set forth in the Supplemental Confirmation.

Buyer: Counterparty
Seller: Wells Fargo

Shares: Shares of common stock, par value USD 0.01 per share, of Counterparty (Exchange Ticker: "DLTR")

Forward Price: The arithmetic average of the VWAP Prices for each Exchange Business Day in the Calculation Period

VWAP Price: For any Exchange Business Day, as determined by the Calculation Agent based on the Rule 10b-18 Volume Weighted Average Price

per Share for the regular trading session (including any extensions thereof) of the Exchange on such Exchange Business Day (without regard to pre-open or after hours trading outside of such regular trading session for such Exchange Business Day), as published by Bloomberg at 4:15 p.m. New York time (or 15 minutes following the end of any extension of the regular trading session) on such Exchange Business Day, on Bloomberg page "DLTR US <Equity> AQR SEC" (or any successor thereto). For purposes of calculating the VWAP Price, the Calculation Agent will include only those trades that are reported during the period of time during which Counterparty could purchase its own shares under Rule 10b-18(b)(2) and pursuant to the conditions of Rule 10b-18(b)(3), each under

the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") (such trades, "Rule 10b-18 eligible transactions").

Forward Price

Adjustment Amount: For each Transaction, as set forth in the Supplemental Confirmation.

Calculation Period: The period from and including the Calculation Period Start Date to and including the Termination Date (as adjusted in accordance with

the provisions hereof).

Calculation Period Start Date: The Exchange Business Day following the Hedge Completion Date.

Termination Date: For each Transaction, the Scheduled Termination Date set forth in the Supplemental Confirmation (as the same may be postponed in

accordance with the provisions hereof); provided that Wells Fargo shall have the right to designate any date (the "Accelerated Termination Date") on or after the First Acceleration Date to be the Termination Date by providing notice to Counterparty of any

such designation by 7:00 p.m. New York City time on the Exchange Business Day following such date.

First Acceleration Date: For each Transaction, as set forth in the Supplemental Confirmation.

Hedge Period: The period from and including the day immediately after the Trade Date to and including the Hedge Completion Date (as adjusted in

accordance with the provisions hereof).

Hedge Completion Date: For each Transaction, as set forth in the Trade Notification, to be the Exchange Business Day on which Wells Fargo finishes

establishing its initial Hedge Positions in respect of such Transaction, as determined by Wells Fargo in its good faith and commercially reasonable discretion, which date shall be subject to any limitations set forth in the Supplemental Confirmation.

commence and commence and such as a such as a

Hedge Period Reference Price:

eference Price: For each Transaction, as set forth in the Trade Notification, to be the arithmetic average of the VWAP Prices for each Exchange

Business Day in the Hedge Period.

Market Disruption Event: The definition of "Market Disruption Event" in Section 6.3(a) of the Equity Definitions is hereby amended by deleting the words "at any time during the one-hour period that ends at the relevant Valuation Time" and inserting the words "at any time on any Scheduled

Trading Day during the Hedge Period or Calculation Period or" after the word "material," in the third line thereof.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Equity Definitions, to the extent that a Disrupted Day occurs in the Hedge Period or the Calculation Period, the Calculation Agent may in good faith and acting in a commercially reasonable manner postpone the Hedge Completion Date or the Termination Date, as the case may be. In such event, the Calculation Agent must determine whether (i) such Disrupted Day is a Disrupted Day in full, in which case the VWAP Price for such Disrupted Day shall not be included for purposes of determining the Hedge Period Reference Price or the Forward Price, as the case may be, or (ii) such Disrupted Day is a Disrupted Day only in part, in which case the VWAP Price for such Disrupted Day shall be determined by the Calculation Agent based on Rule 10b-18 eligible transactions in the Shares on such Disrupted Day effected before the relevant Market Disruption Event occurred and/or after the relevant Market Disruption Event ended, and the weighting of the VWAP Price for the relevant Exchange Business Days during the Hedge Period or the Calculation Period, as the case may be, shall be adjusted in a commercially reasonable manner by the Calculation Agent for purposes of determining the Hedge Period Reference Price or the Forward Price, as the case may be, with such adjustments based on, among other factors, the duration of any Market Disruption Event and the volume, historical trading patterns and price of the Shares.

If a Disrupted Day occurs during the Hedge Period or the Calculation Period, as the case may be, and each of the seven immediately following Scheduled Trading Days is a Disrupted Day, then the Calculation Agent, in its good faith and commercially reasonable discretion, may either (i) deem such seventh Scheduled Trading Day to be an Exchange Business Day and determine the VWAP Price for such seventh Scheduled Trading Day using its good faith estimate of the value of the Shares on such seventh Scheduled Trading Day based on the volume, historical trading patterns and price of the Shares and any other factors that may customarily be used for the purposes of valuation of common equity securities or (ii) further extend the Hedge Period or the Calculation Period, as the case may be, as it deems necessary to determine the VWAP Price.

Exchange: NASDAQ Global Select Market

Related Exchange(s): All Exchanges.

Prepayment\

Variable Obligation: Applicable

Prepayment Amount: For each Transaction, as set forth in the Supplemental Confirmation.

Prepayment Date: Two (2) Exchange Business Day following the Trade Date.

Settlement Terms:

Physical Settlement: Applicable; provided that Wells Fargo does not, and shall not, make the agreement or the representations set forth in Section 9.11 of

the Equity Definitions related to the restrictions imposed by applicable securities laws with respect to any Shares delivered by Wells

Fargo to Counterparty under any Transaction.

Number of Shares

to be Delivered: A number of Shares equal to (a) the Prepayment Amount divided by (b) (i) the Forward Price minus (ii) the Forward Price Adjustment

Amount; *provided* that the Number of Shares to be Delivered shall not be less than the Minimum Shares and shall not be greater than the Maximum Shares; and *provided further* that the Number of Shares to be Delivered on the Settlement Date shall be reduced, but not below zero, by (i) any Shares delivered pursuant to the Initial Share Delivery described below and (ii) any Shares delivered pursuant

to the Minimum Share Delivery described below.

Excess Dividend Amount: For the avoidance of doubt, all references to the Excess Dividend Amount shall be deleted from Section 9.2(a)(iii) of the Equity

Definitions.

Settlement Date: Three (3) Exchange Business Days following the Termination Date.

Settlement Currency: USD

Initial Share Delivery: Wells Fargo shall deliver a number of Shares equal to the Initial Shares to Counterparty on the Initial Share Delivery Date in

accordance with Section 9.4 of the Equity Definitions, with the Initial Share Delivery Date deemed to be a "Settlement Date" for

purposes of such Section 9.4.

Initial Share Delivery Date: Two (2) Exchange Business Day following the Trade Date.

Initial Shares: For each Transaction, as set forth in the Supplemental Confirmation.

Minimum Share Delivery: Wells Fargo shall deliver a number of Shares equal to the excess, if any, of the Minimum Shares over the Initial Shares on the

Minimum Share Delivery Date in accordance with Section 9.4 of the Equity Definitions, with the Minimum Share Delivery Date

deemed to be a "Settlement Date" for purposes of such Section 9.4.

Minimum Share

Delivery Date: Three (3) Exchange Business Days following the Hedge Completion Date.

Minimum Shares: For each Transaction, as set forth in the Supplemental Confirmation.

Maximum Shares: For each Transaction, as set forth in the Supplemental Confirmation.

Share Adjustments:

Potential Adjustment Event: Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Section 11.2(e) of the Equity Definitions, an Extraordinary Dividend shall not constitute a

Potential Adjustment Event.

It shall constitute an additional Potential Adjustment Event if the Termination Date is postponed pursuant to "Market Disruption Event" above, in which case the Calculation Agent shall, in its commercially reasonable discretion, adjust any relevant terms of each Transaction as the Calculation Agent determines appropriate to account for the economic effect on such Transaction of such postponement based on market price of the Shares, stock price volatility, interest rates, strike price, stock loan rate, liquidity and VWAP averaging dates.

Extraordinary Dividend: From and including the first day of the Hedge Period to and including the Termination Date, any dividend or distribution on the Shares

with an ex-dividend date occurring during such period (other than any dividend or distribution of the type described in Section 11.2(e)

(i) or Section 11.2(e)(ii)(A) or (B) of the Equity Definitions).

Agreement Regarding Notwithstanding any other provision of this Confirmation, the Definitions or the Agreement to the contrary, in calculating any adjustment pursuant to Dividends:

Article 11 of the Equity Definitions or any amount payable in respect of any termination or cancellation of the Transaction pursuant to Article 12 of

the Equity Definitions or Section 6 of the Agreement, the Calculation Agent shall not take into account changes to any dividends since the Trade Date. For the avoidance of doubt, if an Early Termination Date occurs in respect of the Transaction, the amount payable pursuant to Section 6 of the Agreement in respect of such Early Termination Date shall be determined without regard to the difference between actual dividends declared

(including Extraordinary Dividends) and expected dividends as of the Trade Date.

Method of Adjustment: Calculation Agent Adjustment

Consequences of Merger Events and Tender Offers:

(a) Share for Share: Modified Calculation Agent Adjustment

(b) Share-for-Other: Cancellation and Payment

(c) Share-for- Component Adjustment

Combined:

Determining Party: Wells Fargo

Tender Offer: Applicable

New Shares: In the definition of New Shares in Section 12.1(i) of the Equity Definitions, the text in clause (i) thereof shall be deleted in its entirety

(including the word "and" following such clause (i)) and replaced with "publicly quoted, traded or listed on any of the New York

Stock Exchange, the NASDAQ Global Select Market or the NASDAQ Global Market (or their respective successors)".

Nationalization, Insolvency

or Delisting:

Cancellation and Payment (Calculation Agent Determination); *provided* that in addition to the provisions of Section 12.6(a)(iii) of the Equity Definitions, it shall also constitute a Delisting if the Exchange is located in the United States and the Shares are not immediately re-listed, re-traded or re-quoted on any of the New York Stock Exchange, the NASDAQ Global Select Market or the NASDAQ Global Market (or their respective successors); if the Shares are immediately re-listed, re-traded or re-quoted on any such exchange or quotation system, such exchange or quotation system shall thereafter be deemed to be the Exchange.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Equity Definitions, if, as a result of a Merger Event, a Tender Offer, a Nationalization, an Insolvency or a Delisting, Cancellation and Payment applies to one or more Transactions hereunder (whether in whole or in part), an Additional Termination Event (with the Transactions (or portions thereof) to which Cancellation and Payment applies being the Affected Transactions, Counterparty being the sole Affected Party and the Early Termination Date being the date on which such Transactions would be cancelled pursuant to Article 12 of the Equity Definitions) shall be deemed to occur, and, in lieu of Sections 12.7 and 12.8 of the Equity Definitions, Section 6 of the Agreement shall apply to such Affected Transactions.

Additional Disruption Events:

(a) Change in Law: Applicable

(b) Failure to Deliver: Applicable

(c) Insolvency Filing: Applicable

(d) Hedging Applicable

Disruption:

(e) Increased Cost of

Hedging: Applicable

(f) Loss of

Stock Borrow: Applicable

Maximum Stock

Loan Rate: [*]

Hedging Party: Wells Fargo

Determining Party: Wells Fargo

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Equity Definitions, if, as a result of an Additional Disruption Event, any Transaction is cancelled or terminated, an Additional Termination Event (with such terminated Transaction(s) being the Affected Transaction(s), Counterparty being the sole Affected Party and the Early Termination Date being the date on which such Transaction(s) would be cancelled or terminated pursuant to Article 12 of the Equity Definitions) shall be deemed to occur, and, in lieu of Sections 12.7 and 12.8 of the Equity Definitions, Section 6 of the Agreement shall apply to such Affected Transaction(s).

Non-Reliance/Agreements and Acknowledgements Regarding Hedging Activities/Additional

Acknowledgements: Applicable

Transfer: Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Agreement, Wells Fargo may transfer or assign its rights and obligations hereunder

and under the Agreement, in whole or in part, to (i) any of its Affiliates (as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act")), (ii) any entities sponsored or organized by, or on behalf of or for the benefit of, Wells Fargo, or (iii)

any third party, in each case without the consent of Counterparty.

Account Details:

(a) Instructions for delivery of

Shares to Counterparty: Computershare

7530 Lucerne Drive, Suite 305 Cleveland, OH 44130 Attn: Sharon R. Boughter Phone: (440) 239-7361 Facsimile: (440) 239-7355

sharon.boughter@computershare.com Janelle.calame@computershare.com Options.services@computershare.com

(b) Account for payments to

Counterparty: To be provided upon request.

(c) Account for payments to Wells Fargo:

ABA

Internal acct no.

A/C name: WFB Equity Derivatives

Offices:

- (a) The Office of Counterparty for the Transaction is: Counterparty is not a Multibranch Party
- (b) The Office of Wells Fargo for the Transaction is: Charlotte, North Carolina

Notices: For purposes of this Confirmation:

(a) Address for notices or communications to Counterparty:

Dollar Tree, Inc. 500 Volvo Parkway Chesapeake, VA 23320

Attn: Roger Dean, VP – Treasurer

Shawnta Totten, VP - Governance and Corporate Counsel

Facsimile: 757-321-5111

(b) Address for notices or communications to Wells Fargo:

Wells Fargo Securities, LLC Derivatives Structuring Group 375 Park Avenue New York, NY 10152

Telephone: (212) 214-6101 Facsimile: (212) 214-5913

Mark Kohn or Head Trader Wells Fargo Securities, LLC 375 Park Avenue New York, NY 10152 Telephone: (212) 214-6089 Facsimile: (212) 214-8914

2. Calculation Agent: Wells Fargo

- 3. <u>Additional Mutual Representations</u>, <u>Warranties and Covenants of Wells Fargo and Counterparty</u>. In addition to the representations and warranties in the Agreement, each party represents, warrants and covenants to the other party that:
- (a) Eligible Contract Participant. (i) It is an "eligible contract participant", as defined in the U.S. Commodity Exchange Act (as amended), and (ii) is entering into each Transaction hereunder as principal (and not as agent or in any other capacity, fiduciary or otherwise) and not for the benefit of any third party.
- (b) <u>Accredited Investor</u>. Each party acknowledges that the offer and sale of each Transaction to it is intended to be exempt from registration under the Securities Act, by virtue of Section 4(2) thereof and the provisions of Regulation D promulgated thereunder ("**Regulation D**"). Accordingly, each party represents and warrants to the other that (i) it has the financial ability to bear the economic risk of its investment in each Transaction and is able to bear a total loss of its investment, (ii) it is an "accredited investor" as that term is defined under Regulation D, (iii) it will purchase each Transaction not with a view to the distribution or resale thereof in a manner that would violate the Securities Act and (iv) the disposition of each Transaction is restricted under this Master Confirmation, the Securities Act and state securities laws.
- 4. <u>Additional Representations, Warranties and Covenants of Wells Fargo.</u> In addition to the representations, warranties and covenants in the Agreement and those contained herein, Wells Fargo hereby represents, warrants and covenants to Counterparty that:
- (a) with respect to all purchases of Shares made by Wells Fargo during any relevant Hedge Period in respect of any Transaction, Wells Fargo will use good faith efforts to effect such purchases in a manner so that, if such purchases were made by Counterparty, they would meet the requirements of Rule 10b-18(b)(2), (3) and (4), and effect calculations in respect thereof, taking into account any applicable Securities and Exchange Commission no-action letters as appropriate and subject to any delays between the execution and reporting of a trade of the Shares on the Exchange and other circumstances beyond Wells Fargo's control;

- (b) it will conduct its purchases in connection herewith in a commercially reasonable manner that would not be deemed to constitute a tender offer within the meaning of Section 14(d)(1) of the Exchange Act; and
- (c) for the avoidance of doubt, Wells Fargo has implemented reasonable policies and procedures, taking into consideration the nature of its business, to ensure that individuals making investment decisions would not violate laws prohibiting trading on the basis of material nonpublic information. Such individuals shall not be in possession of material nonpublic information during all relevant times beginning on the date hereof and continuing through the Hedge Period and the Calculation Period for any Transaction.
- 5. <u>Additional Representations</u>, <u>Warranties and Covenants of Counterparty</u>. In addition to the representations, warranties and covenants in the Agreement and those contained herein, as of (i) the date hereof, (ii) the Trade Date for each Transaction hereunder and (iii) to the extent indicated below, each day during the Hedge Period and Calculation Period for each Transaction hereunder, Counterparty represents, warrants and covenants to Wells Fargo that:
- (a) assuming the accuracy of the representations by Wells Fargo in Section 4(b) hereof, the purchase or writing of each Transaction and the transactions contemplated hereby will not violate Rule 13e-1 or Rule 13e-4 under the Exchange Act;
- (b) it is not entering into any Transaction (i) on the basis of, and is not aware of, any material non-public information with respect to the Shares (ii) in anticipation of, in connection with, or to facilitate, a distribution of its securities, a self tender offer or a third-party tender offer or (iii) to create actual or apparent trading activity in the Shares (or any security convertible into or exchangeable for the Shares) or to raise or depress or otherwise manipulate the price of the Shares (or any security convertible into or exchangeable for the Shares);
- (c) each Transaction is being entered into pursuant to a publicly disclosed Share buy-back program and its Board of Directors has approved the use of derivatives to effect the Share buy-back program;
- (d) without limiting the generality of Section 13.1 of the Equity Definitions, it acknowledges that Wells Fargo is not making any representations or warranties with respect to the treatment of any Transaction under any accounting standards, including ASC Topic 260, Earnings Per Share, ASC Topic 815, Derivatives and Hedging, or ASC Topic 480, Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity and ASC 815-40, Derivatives and Hedging Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (or any successor issue statements);
- (e) Counterparty is in compliance with its reporting obligations under the Exchange Act in all material respects and its most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, together with all reports subsequently filed by it pursuant to the Exchange Act, taken together and as amended and supplemented to the date of this representation, do not, as of their respective filing dates, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading;
 - (f) Counterparty shall report each Transaction as required under Regulation S-K and/or Regulation S-B under the Exchange Act, as applicable;
- (g) Counterparty is not, and will not be, engaged in a "distribution" of Shares or securities that are convertible into, or exchangeable or exercisable for Shares for purposes of Regulation M promulgated under the Exchange Act ("Regulation M") at any time during the Hedge Period or the period commencing on the first day of the Calculation Period and ending on the last day of the Calculation Period or, in the event Wells Fargo designates an Accelerated Termination Date or either party designates an Early Termination Date or an Early Termination Date is deemed to occur, the 15th Exchange Business Day immediately following such Accelerated Termination Date or Early Termination Date, as the case may be, or such earlier day as elected by Wells Fargo and communicated to Counterparty on such day (the "Relevant Period") unless Counterparty has provided written notice to Wells Fargo of such distribution (a "Regulation M Distribution Notice") not later than the Scheduled Trading Day immediately preceding the first day of the relevant "restricted period" (as defined in Regulation M); Counterparty acknowledges that any such notice may cause the Hedge Period or the Calculation Period to be extended or suspended pursuant to Section 6 below; accordingly, Counterparty acknowledges that its delivery of such notice must comply with the standards set forth in Section 7 below;

- (h) Counterparty acknowledges that each Transaction is a derivatives transaction in which it has granted Wells Fargo an option; Wells Fargo may purchase shares for its own account at an average price that may be greater than, or less than, the price paid by Counterparty under the terms of the related Transaction;
- (i) as of the Trade Date, the Prepayment Date, the Initial Share Delivery Date, the Minimum Share Delivery Date and the Settlement Date for each Transaction, Counterparty is not and will not be "insolvent" (as such term is defined under Section 101(32) of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code (Title 11 of the United States Code) (the "Bankruptcy Code")) and Counterparty would be able to purchase a number of Shares equal to the Maximum Shares in compliance with the laws of the jurisdiction of Counterparty's incorporation;
- (j) Counterparty is not and, after giving effect to any Transaction, will not be, required to register as an "investment company" as such term is defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended; and
- (k) Counterparty has not and, during the Hedge Period or Relevant Period for any Transaction, will not enter into agreements similar to the Transactions described herein where any initial hedge period (however defined), the calculation period (however defined) or the relevant period (however defined) in such other transaction will overlap at any time (including as a result of extensions in such initial hedge period, calculation period or relevant period as provided in the relevant agreements) with any Hedge Period or Relevant Period under this Master Confirmation. In the event that the initial hedge period, calculation period or relevant period in any other similar transaction overlaps with any Hedge Period or Relevant Period under this Master Confirmation as a result of an extension of the Termination Date pursuant to Section 6 herein, Counterparty shall promptly amend such transaction to avoid any such overlap.
- (l) Indemnity. In the event that Seller and any of its affiliates, directors, officers, employees, partners, controlling entities or agents (each, an "Indemnified Party") becomes involved in any capacity in any action, proceeding or investigation brought by or against any person in connection with, or arising out of, any breach by Counterparty of any of the representations, warranties, covenants or agreements of Buyer contained in Section 3, Section 5(a)-(k) and Sections 6, 7 or 8 of this Master Confirmation or Section 3 of the Agreement, Buyer shall indemnify and hold harmless such Indemnified Parties from and against any and all claims, losses, damages and liabilities (including, without limitation, its reasonable legal and other out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection therewith) ("Losses") to which the Indemnified Parties become subject in connection with any such action, proceeding or investigation, except to the extent that such claim, loss, damage, liability or expense is found in a final non-appealable judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction to have resulted solely from the gross negligence or bad faith of any Indemnified Party. This indemnity agreement shall be in addition to any liability that Buyer otherwise may have. The provisions of this paragraph shall survive the termination of this Confirmation.

6. Suspension of Hedge Period or Calculation Period.

(a) If Counterparty concludes that it will be engaged in a distribution of the Shares for purposes of Regulation M, Counterparty agrees that it will, on a day no later than the Scheduled Trading Day immediately preceding the start of the relevant restricted period, provide Wells Fargo with a Regulation M Distribution Notice. Upon the effectiveness of such Regulation M Distribution Notice, Wells Fargo shall halt any purchase of Shares in connection with hedging any Transaction during the relevant restricted period (other than any purchases made by Wells Fargo in connection with dynamic hedge adjustments of Wells Fargo's exposure to any Transaction as a result of any equity optionality contained in such Transaction). If on any Scheduled Trading Day Counterparty delivers the Regulation M Distribution Notice in writing (and confirms by telephone) by 8:30 a.m. New York City time (the "Notification Time") then such notice shall be effective as of such Notification Time. In the event that Counterparty delivers such Regulation M Distribution Notice in writing and/or confirms by telephone after the Notification Time, then such notice shall be effective as of 8:30 a.m. New York City time on the following Scheduled Trading Day or as otherwise required by law or agreed between Counterparty and Wells Fargo. Upon the effectiveness of such Regulation M Distribution Notice, the Calculation Period or the Hedge Period, as the case may be, shall be suspended and the Termination Date or the Hedge Completion Date or both, as the case may be, shall postponed for each Scheduled Trading Day in such restricted period; accordingly, Counterparty acknowledges that its delivery of such notice must comply with the standards set forth in Section 7 below, including, without limitation, the requirement that such notice be made at a time at which none of Counterparty or any officer, director, manager or similar person of Counterparty is aware of any material non-public information regarding Counterparty or the Shares.

- (b) In the event that Wells Fargo reasonably concludes, in its good faith discretion, based on advice of legal counsel, that it is appropriate with respect to any legal, regulatory or self-regulatory requirements or related policies and procedures (whether or not such requirements, policies or procedures are imposed by law or have been voluntarily adopted by Wells Fargo), for it to refrain from purchasing Shares on any Scheduled Trading Day during the Hedge Period or the Calculation Period, Wells Fargo may by written notice to Counterparty (confirmed by telephone) elect to suspend the Hedge Period or the Calculation Period, as the case may be, for such number of Scheduled Trading Days as is specified in the notice; *provided* that Wells Fargo may exercise this right to suspend only in relation to events or circumstances that are unknown to it or any of its Affiliates at the Trade Date of any Transaction, occur within the normal course of its or any of its Affiliates with the intent to avoid its obligations under the terms of any Transaction. The notice shall not specify, and Wells Fargo shall not otherwise communicate to Counterparty, the reason for Wells Fargo's election to suspend the Hedge Period or the Calculation Period, as the case may be. The Hedge Period or the Calculation Period, or both, as the case may be, shall be suspended and the Termination Date shall be extended for each Scheduled Trading Day occurring during any such suspension.
- (c) In the event that the Calculation Period or the Hedge Period, as the case may be, is suspended pursuant to Section 6(a) or 6(b) above during the regular trading session on the Exchange, such suspension shall be deemed to be an additional Market Disruption Event, and the second and third paragraphs under "Market Disruption Event" shall apply.
- (d) In the event that the Calculation Period is extended pursuant to any provision hereof, the Calculation Agent, in its good faith and commercially reasonable discretion, shall adjust any relevant terms of the related Transaction if necessary to preserve as nearly as practicable the economic terms of such Transaction prior to such extension; provided that Counterparty shall not be required to make any additional cash payments or deliver any Shares in connection with any such adjustments.
 - 7. 10b5-1 Plan. Counterparty represents, warrants and covenants to Wells Fargo that for each Transaction:
- (a) Counterparty is entering into this Master Confirmation and each Transaction hereunder in good faith and not as part of a plan or scheme to evade the prohibitions of Rule 10b5-1 under the Exchange Act ("Rule 10b5-1") or any antifraud or anti-manipulation provisions of the federal or applicable state securities laws and that it has not entered into or altered and will not enter into or alter any corresponding or hedging transaction or position with respect to the Shares. Counterparty acknowledges that it is the intent of the parties that each Transaction entered into under this Master Confirmation comply with the requirements of Rule 10b5-1(c)(1)(i)(A) and (B) and each Transaction entered into under this Master Confirmation shall be interpreted to comply with the requirements of Rule 10b5-1(c).
- (b) Counterparty will not seek to control or influence Wells Fargo to make "purchases or sales" (within the meaning of Rule 10b5-1(c)(1)(i)(B)(3)) under any Transaction entered into under this Master Confirmation, including, without limitation, Wells Fargo's decision to enter into any hedging transactions. Counterparty represents and warrants that it has consulted with its own advisors as to the legal aspects of its adoption and implementation of this Master Confirmation, each Supplemental Confirmation and each Trade Notification under Rule 10b5-1.

(c) Counterparty acknowledges and agrees that any amendment, modification, waiver or termination of this Master Confirmation, the relevant Supplemental Confirmation or Trade Notification must be effected in accordance with the requirements for the amendment or termination of a "plan" as defined in Rule 10b5-1(c). Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, any such amendment, modification, waiver or termination shall be made in good faith and not as part of a plan or scheme to evade the prohibitions of Rule 10b-5, and no such amendment, modification, waiver or termination shall be made at any time at which Counterparty or any officer, director, manager or similar person of Counterparty is aware of any material non-public information regarding Counterparty or the Shares.

8. Counterparty Purchases.

Counterparty (or any "affiliated purchaser" as defined in Rule 10b-18 under the Exchange Act ("Rule 10b-18")) shall not, without the prior written consent of Wells Fargo, directly or indirectly purchase any Shares (including by means of a derivative instrument), listed contracts on the Shares or securities that are convertible into, or exchangeable or exercisable for Shares (including, without limitation, any Rule 10b-18 purchases of blocks (as defined in Rule 10b-18)) during any Hedge Period or Relevant Period (as extended pursuant to the provisions hereof). During this time, any such purchases by Counterparty shall be made through Wells Fargo Securities, LLC ("WFS"), which is an Affiliate of Wells Fargo, or if not through WFS, with the prior written consent of Wells Fargo (which shall not be unreasonably withheld), and in compliance with Rule 10b-18 or otherwise in a manner that Counterparty and Wells Fargo reasonably believe is in compliance with applicable requirements. However, the foregoing shall not limit Counterparty's ability, pursuant to its employee incentive plan, to re-acquire Shares in connection with the related equity transactions or to limit Counterparty's ability to withhold shares to cover tax liabilities associated with such equity transaction or otherwise restrict Counterparty's ability to repurchase Shares under privately negotiated transactions with any of its employees, officers, directors or affiliates, so long as any re-acquisition, withholding or repurchase does not constitute a "Rule 10b-18 purchase" (as defined in Rule 10b-18). Furthermore, this Section shall not restrict any purchase by Counterparty of Shares effected during any suspension of any Hedge Period or Calculation Period in accordance with Section 6(b).

- 9. <u>Additional Termination Event</u>. It shall constitute an Additional Termination Event with Counterparty as the sole Affected Party and all Transactions hereunder as the Affected Transactions if, at any time during the Hedge Period or Calculation Period for any Transaction, Counterparty shall declare any Extraordinary Dividend.
 - 10. Special Provisions for Merger Transactions Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein or in the Equity Definitions,
- (a) Counterparty shall promptly notify Wells Fargo prior to the opening of trading in the Shares on any day during any Hedge Period or Calculation Period on which Counterparty or any entity makes, or expects to be made, any public announcement (as defined in Rule 165(f) under the Securities Act) of any Merger Transaction;
- (b) Counterparty shall promptly provide Wells Fargo with written notice specifying (i) Counterparty's average daily Rule 10b-18 Purchases (as defined in Rule 10b-18) during the three full calendar months immediately preceding the Announcement Date that were not effected through Wells Fargo or its affiliates and (ii) the number of Shares purchased pursuant to the proviso in Rule 10b-18(b)(4) under the Exchange Act for the three full calendar months preceding the Announcement Date. Such written notice shall be deemed to be a certification by Counterparty to Wells Fargo that such information is true and correct. In addition, Counterparty shall promptly notify Wells Fargo of the earlier to occur of the completion of such transaction and the completion of the vote by target shareholders. Counterparty acknowledges that any such notice may cause the terms of any Transaction to be adjusted or such Transaction to be terminated; accordingly, Counterparty acknowledges that its delivery of such notice must comply with the standards set forth in Section 7; and
- (c) Wells Fargo in its good faith and commercially reasonable discretion may (i) make adjustments to the terms of any Transaction, including, without limitation, the Termination Date, the Forward Price Adjustment Amount and the Maximum Shares to account for the number of Shares that could be purchased on each day during the Hedge Period or the Calculation Period in compliance with Rule 10b-18 following any public announcement by Counterparty or any entity as described in clause (a) above, provided that Counterparty shall not be required to make any additional cash payments or deliver any Shares in connection with any such adjustments or (ii) treat the occurrence of any public announcement by Counterparty or any entity as described in clause (a) above as an Additional Termination Event with Counterparty as the sole Affected Party and the Transactions hereunder as the Affected Transactions.

"Merger Transaction" means any merger, acquisition or similar transaction involving a recapitalization as contemplated by Rule 10b-18(a)(13)(iv) under the Exchange Act.

- 11. Acknowledgments. The parties hereto intend for:
- (a) each Transaction to be a "securities contract" as defined in Section 741(7) of the Bankruptcy Code, a "swap agreement" as defined in Section 101(53B) of the Bankruptcy Code and a "forward contract" as defined in Section 101(25) of the Bankruptcy Code, and the parties hereto to be entitled to the protections afforded by, among other Sections, Sections 362(b)(6), 362(b)(17), 362(b)(27), 362(o), 546(e), 546(g), 555, 556, 560 and 561 of the Bankruptcy Code;
- (b) a party's right to liquidate or terminate any Transaction and to exercise any other remedies upon the occurrence of any Event of Default or Termination Event under the Agreement with respect to the other party or any Extraordinary Event that results in the termination or cancellation of any Transaction to constitute a "contractual right" (as defined in the Bankruptcy Code);
- (c) any cash, securities or other property transferred as performance assurance, credit support or collateral with respect to each Transaction to constitute "margin payments" (as defined in the Bankruptcy Code); and
- (d) all payments for, under or in connection with each Transaction, all payments for the Shares and the transfer of such Shares to constitute "settlement payments" and "transfers" (as defined in the Bankruptcy Code).
 - 12. Credit Support Documents. The parties hereto acknowledge that no Transaction hereunder is secured by any collateral.
- 13. No Netting and Set-off. Notwithstanding any provision of the Agreement (including without limitation Section 6(f) thereof) and this Master Confirmation or any other agreement between the parties to the contrary, neither party shall net or set off its obligations under any Transaction against its rights against the other party under any other transaction or instrument.
- 14. Early Termination. In the event that an Early Termination Date (whether as a result of an Event of Default or a Termination Event) occurs or is designated with respect to any Transaction (except as a result of a Merger Event in which the consideration or proceeds to be paid to holders of Shares consists solely of cash), if Wells Fargo would owe any amount to Counterparty pursuant to Section 6(d)(ii) of the Agreement (calculated as if the Transactions being terminated on such Early Termination Date were the sole Transactions under the Agreement) (any such amount, a "Wells Fargo Amount"), then, in lieu of any payment of such Wells Fargo Amount, Counterparty may, no later than the Early Termination Date or the date on which such Transaction is terminated, elect for Wells Fargo to deliver to Counterparty a number of Shares (or, in the case of a Merger Event, a number of units, each comprising the number or amount of the securities or property that a hypothetical holder of one Share would receive in such Merger Event (each such unit, an "Alternative Delivery Unit" and, the securities or property comprising such unit, "Alternative Delivery Property")) with a value equal to the Wells Fargo Amount, as determined by the Calculation Agent (and the parties agree that, in making such determination of value, the Calculation Agent may take into account the market price of the Shares or Alternative Delivery Property on the date of early termination under this Section 14); provided that in determining the composition of any Alternative Delivery Unit, if the relevant Merger Event involves a choice of consideration to be received by holders, such holder shall be deemed to have elected to receive the maximum possible amount of cash.
- 15. <u>Payment Date upon Early Termination</u>. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Section 6(d)(ii) of the Agreement, all amounts calculated as being due in respect of an Early Termination Date under Section 6(e) of the Agreement will be payable on the day that notice of the amount payable is effective; *provided* that if Counterparty elects to receive Shares or Alternative Delivery Property in accordance with Section 14, such Shares or Alternative Delivery Property shall be delivered on a date selected by Wells Fargo as promptly as practicable.

- 16. Special Provisions for Counterparty Payments. The parties hereby agree that, notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein or in the Agreement, in the event that an Early Termination Date (whether as a result of an Event of Default or a Termination Event) occurs or is designated with respect to any Transaction and, as a result, Counterparty owes to Wells Fargo an amount calculated under Section 6(e) of the Agreement (calculated as if the Transactions being terminated on such Early Termination Date were the sole Transactions under the Agreement), such amount shall be deemed to be zero. It is understood and agreed that once Buyer has paid the Prepayment Amount for any Transaction, it has no further obligations to deliver cash or securities upon the settlement of such Transaction or under Section 6(e) of the Agreement in respect of such Transaction.
- 17. Claim in Bankruptcy. Wells Fargo agrees that in the event of the bankruptcy of Counterparty, Wells Fargo shall not have rights or assert a claim that is senior in priority to the rights and claims available to the shareholders of the common stock of Counterparty.
- 18. Staggered Settlement. Wells Fargo may, by notice to Counterparty prior to the Settlement Date (a "Nominal Settlement Date"), elect to deliver the Shares deliverable on such Nominal Settlement Date on two or more dates (each, a "Staggered Settlement Date") or at two or more times on the Nominal Settlement Date as follows: (i) in such notice, Wells Fargo will specify to Counterparty the related Staggered Settlement Dates (each of which will be on or prior to such Nominal Settlement Date) or delivery times and how it will allocate the Shares it is required to deliver under "Physical Settlement" among the Staggered Settlement Dates or delivery times; and (ii) the aggregate number of Shares that Wells Fargo will deliver to Counterparty hereunder on all such Staggered Settlement Dates and delivery times will equal the number of Shares that Wells Fargo would otherwise be required to deliver on such Nominal Settlement Date.
 - 19. Amendments to Equity Definitions. The following amendments shall be made to the Equity Definitions:
- (a) The first sentence of Section 11.2(c) of the Equity Definitions, prior to clause (A) thereof, is hereby amended to read as follows: '(c) If "Calculation Agent Adjustment" is specified as the Method of Adjustment in the related Confirmation of a Share Option Transaction or Share Forward Transaction, then following the announcement or occurrence of any Potential Adjustment Event, the Calculation Agent will determine whether such Potential Adjustment Event has a material effect on the theoretical value of the relevant Shares or options on the Shares and, if so, will (i) make appropriate adjustment(s), if any, to any one or more of: 'and clause (B) thereof is hereby amended by inserting, after 'the Forward Price,' 'the Maximum Shares, the Minimum Shares,' and the portion of such sentence immediately preceding clause (ii) thereof is hereby amended by deleting the words "diluting or concentrative" and the words "(provided that no adjustments will be made to account solely for changes in volatility, expected dividends, stock loan rate or liquidity relative to the relevant Shares)"; and replacing such latter phrase with the words "(and, for the avoidance of doubt, adjustments may be made to account solely for changes in volatility, stock loan rate or liquidity relative to the relevant Shares)";
 - (b) Section 11.2(e)(vii) of the Equity Definitions is hereby amended by deleting the words "diluting or concentrative" and replacing them with "material"; and
- (c) Section 12.6(a)(ii) of the Equity Definitions is hereby amended by (1) deleting from the fourth line thereof the word "or" after the word "official" and inserting a comma therefor, and (2) deleting the semi-colon at the end of subsection (B) thereof and inserting the following words therefor "or (C) at Wells Fargo's option, the occurrence of any of the events specified in Section 5(a)(vii) (1) through (9) of the ISDA Master Agreement with respect to that issuer".
- 20. <u>Designation by Wells Fargo</u>. Notwithstanding any other provision in this Master Confirmation to the contrary requiring or allowing Wells Fargo to sell or deliver any Shares or other securities to Counterparty, Wells Fargo (the "**Designator**") may designate any of its Affiliates (the "**Designee**") to deliver and otherwise perform its obligations to deliver, if any, any such Shares or other securities in respect of each Transaction, and the Designee may assume such obligations, if any. Such designation shall not relieve the Designator of any of its obligations, if any, hereunder. Notwithstanding the previous sentence, if the Designee shall have performed the obligations, if any, of the Designator hereunder, then the Designator shall be discharged of its obligations, if any, to Counterparty to the extent of such performance.

21. Agreements regarding each Supplemental Confirmation and related Trade Notification

- (a) Counterparty accepts and agrees to be bound by the contractual terms and conditions as set forth in a properly completed Supplemental Confirmation and related Trade Notification for each Transaction. Upon receipt of the Trade Notification, Counterparty shall promptly execute and return a properly completed Trade Notification to Wells Fargo; *provided* that Counterparty's failure to so execute and return a properly completed Trade Notification shall not affect the binding nature of the Trade Notification, and the terms set forth therein shall be binding on Counterparty to the same extent, and with the same force and effect, as if Counterparty had executed a written version of the Trade Notification
- (b) Counterparty and Wells Fargo agree and acknowledge that (A) the Transactions contemplated by this Master Confirmation will be entered into in reliance on the fact that this Master Confirmation, and each Supplemental Confirmation and related Trade Notification form a single agreement between Counterparty and Wells Fargo, and Wells Fargo would not otherwise enter into such transactions; (B) this Master Confirmation, as amended by each Supplemental Confirmation and related Trade Notification, is a "qualified financial contract", as such term is defined in Section 5-701(b)(2) of the General Obligations Law of New York (the "General Obligations Law"); (C) the Trade Notification, regardless of whether the Trade Notification is transmitted electronically or otherwise, constitutes a "confirmation in writing sufficient to indicate that a contract has been made between the parties" hereto, as set forth in Section 5-701(b)(3)(b) of the General Obligations Law; and (D) this Master Confirmation and each Supplemental Confirmation constitutes a prior "written contract", as set forth in Section 5-701(b)(1)(b) of the General Obligations Law, and each party hereto intends and agrees to be bound by this Master Confirmation, as supplemented by each Supplemental Confirmation and related Trade Notification.
- (c) Counterparty and Wells Fargo further agree and acknowledge that this Master Confirmation, as supplemented by each Supplemental Confirmation and related Trade Notification, constitutes a contract "for the sale or purchase of a security", as set forth in Section 8-113 of the Uniform Commercial Code of New York.
 - 22. Termination Currency. The Termination Currency shall be USD.
- 23. Waiver of Trial by Jury. EACH OF COUNTERPARTY AND WELLS FARGO HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES (ON ITS OWN BEHALF AND, TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, ON BEHALF OF ITS STOCKHOLDERS) ALL RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY ACTION, PROCEEDING OR COUNTERCLAIM (WHETHER BASED ON CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE) ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO ANY TRANSACTION OR THE ACTIONS OF WELLS FARGO OR ITS AFFILIATES IN THE NEGOTIATION, PERFORMANCE OR ENFORCEMENT HEREOF.
- 24. Governing Law. The Agreement, this Master Confirmation, each Supplemental Confirmation, each Trade Notification and all matters arising in connection with the Agreement, this Master Confirmation, each Supplemental Confirmation and each Trade Notification shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York, without reference to the conflict of laws provisions thereof.
- 25. Jurisdiction. Section 13(b) of the Agreement is hereby amended by (i) deleting the word "non-exclusive" appearing in subparagraph (i)(2) thereof and substituting therefor the word "exclusive" and (ii) deleting subparagraph (iii) of Section 13(b) and substituting therefor the following:
 - "(iii) agrees for purposes of Section 13(b)(i)(2) that nothing in this Agreement precludes either party from bringing Proceedings in any other jurisdiction if (1) the courts of the State of New York or the United States District Court located in the Borough of Manhattan in New York City lacks jurisdiction over the parties or the subject matter of the Proceedings or declines to accept the Proceedings on the grounds of lacking such jurisdiction; (2) the Proceedings are commenced by a party for the purpose of enforcing against the other party's property, assets or estate any decision or judgment rendered by any court in which Proceedings may be brought as provided hereunder; (3) the Proceedings are commenced to appeal any such court's decision or judgment to any higher court with competent appellate jurisdiction over that court's decisions or judgments if that higher court is located outside the State of New York or Borough of Manhattan, such as a federal court of appeals or the U.S. Supreme Court; or (4) any suit, action or proceeding has been commenced in another jurisdiction by or against the other party or against its property, assets or estate (including, without limitation, any suit, action or proceeding described in Section 5(a)(vii)(4) of this Agreement), and, in order to exercise or protect its rights, interests or remedies under this Agreement, the party (A) joins, files a claim, or takes any other action, in any such suit, action or proceeding, or (B) otherwise commences any Proceeding in that other jurisdiction as the result of that other suit, action or proceeding having commenced in that other jurisdiction."

26. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Master Confirmation may be executed in any number of counterparts, all of which shall constitute one and the same instrument, and any party hereto may execute this Master Confirmation by signing and delivering one or more counterparts.

27. Terms Relating to the Agent.

- (a) The Agent is registered as a broker-dealer with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA), is acting hereunder for and on behalf of Wells Fargo solely in its capacity as agent for Wells Fargo pursuant to instructions from Wells Fargo, and is not and will not be acting as the Counterparty's agent, broker, advisor or fiduciary in any respect under or in connection with the Transaction.
- (b) In addition to acting as Wells Fargo's agent in executing the Transaction, the Agent is authorized from time to time to give written payment and/or delivery instructions to the Counterparty directing it to make its payments and/or deliveries under the Transaction to an account of the Agent for remittance to Wells Fargo (or its designee), and for that purpose any such payment or delivery by the Counterparty to the Agent shall be treated as a payment or delivery to Wells Fargo.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided herein, any and all notices, demands, or communications of any kind transmitted in writing by either Wells Fargo or the Counterparty under or in connection with the Transaction will be transmitted exclusively by such party to the other party through the Agent at the following address:

Wells Fargo Securities, LLC 201 South College Street, 6th Floor Charlotte, NC 28288-0601 Facsimile No.: (704) 383-8425 Telephone No.: (704) 715-8086 Attention: Equity Derivatives

- (d) The Agent shall have no responsibility or liability to Wells Fargo or the Counterparty for or arising from (i) any failure by either Wells Fargo or the Counterparty to perform any of their respective obligations under or in connection with the Transaction, (ii) the collection or enforcement of any such obligations, or (iii) the exercise of any of the rights and remedies of either Wells Fargo or the Counterparty under or in connection with the Transaction. Each of Wells Fargo and the Counterparty agrees to proceed solely against the other to collect or enforce any such obligations, and the Agent shall have no liability in respect of the Transaction except for its gross negligence or willful misconduct in performing its duties as the agent of Wells Fargo.
- (e) Upon written request, the Agent will furnish to Wells Fargo and the Counterparty the date and time of the execution of the Transaction and a statement as to the source and amount of any remuneration received or to be received by the Agent in connection with the Transaction.

Please confirm that the foregoing correctly sets forth the terms of our agreement by executing the copy of this Master Confirmation enclosed for that purpose and returning it to Wells Fargo's Structured Derivatives Documentation Unit, Facsimile No. (212) 214-5913.

Yours sincerely,

WELLS FARGO SECURITIES, LLC,

acting solely in its capacity as Agent of Wells Fargo Bank, National Association

By: /s/ Cathleen Burke
Name: Cathleen Burke
Title: Managing Director

Confirmed as of the date first above written:

DOLLAR TREE, INC.

By: /s/Kevin S. Wampler
Name: Kevin Wampler
Title: Chief Financial Officer

WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

By: Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, acting solely in its capacity as its Agent

By: /s/ Cathleen Burke
Name: Cathleen Burke
Title: Managing Director

FORM OF SUPPLEMENTAL CONFIRMATION

[Date]

To: Dollar Tree, Inc. 500 Volvo Parkway Chesapeake, VA 23320

Roger Dean, VP - Treasurer Attn:

Shawnta Totten, VP - Governance and Corporate Counsel

Facsimile: 757-321-5111

From: Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, solely as agent (the "Agent") of Wells Fargo Bank, National Association 375 Park Avenue

New York, NY 10152

Attn: Derivatives Structuring Group

Telephone: 212-214-6101 Facsimile: 212-214-5913

Re: Issuer Share Forward Transaction

Reference:

The purpose of this Supplemental Confirmation is to confirm the terms and conditions of the Transaction entered into between Wells Fargo Bank, National Association ("Wells Fargo") and Dollar Tree, Inc. ("Counterparty" and together with Wells Fargo, the "Contracting Parties") on the Trade Date specified below. This Supplemental Confirmation is a binding contract between Wells Fargo and Counterparty as of the relevant Trade Date for the Transaction referenced below.

- 1. This Supplemental Confirmation supplements, forms part of, and is subject to the Master Confirmation dated as of November ____, 2011 (the Master Confirmation") between the Contracting Parties, as amended and supplemented from time to time. All provisions contained in the Master Confirmation govern this Supplemental Confirmation except as expressly modified below.
 - 2. The terms of the Transaction to which this Supplemental Confirmation relates are as follows:

Trade Date:	
Hedge Completion Date:	As set forth in the Trade Notification, but in no event later than [].
Scheduled Termination Date:	[] (or if such date is not an Exchange Business Day, the next following Exchange Business Day), subject to Wells Fargo's right to accelerate the Termination Date to any date on or after the First Acceleration Date.
First Acceleration Date:	
Initial Shares:	
Prepayment Amount:	USD[]

Minimum Shares:	As set forth in the Trade Notification, to be a number of shares equal to (a) the Prepayment Amount divided by (b) 110.0% of the Hedge Period Reference Price.
Maximum Shares:	As set forth in the Trade Notification, to be a number of shares equal to (a) the Prepayment Amount divided by (b) 97.5% of the Hedge Period Reference Price.

Forward Price Adjustment
Amount: []% of the Hedge Period Reference Price.

- 3. Counterparty represents and warrants to Wells Fargo that neither it nor any "affiliated purchaser" (as defined in Rule 10b-18 under the Exchange Act) has made any purchases of blocks pursuant to the proviso in Rule 10b-18(b)(4) under the Exchange Act during the four full calendar weeks immediately preceding the Trade Date other than through Wells Fargo.
- 4. This Supplemental Confirmation may be executed in any number of counterparts, all of which shall constitute one and the same instrument, and any party hereto may execute this Supplemental Confirmation by signing and delivering one or more counterparts.

Please confirm that the foregoing correctly sets forth the terms of our agreement by executing the copy of this Supplemental Confirmation enclosed for that purpose and returning it to us to Wells Fargo's Structured Derivatives Documentation Unit, Facsimile No. (212) 214-5913.					
Yours sincerely,					
WELLS FARGO SECURITIES, LLC, acting solely in its capacity as Agent of Wells Fargo Bank, National Association	WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION By: Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, acting solely in its capacity as its Agent				
By: Name: Title:	By: Name: Title:				
Confirmed as of the date first above written:					

DOLLAR TREE, INC.

By: Name: Title:

FORM OF TRADE NOTIFICATION

[

To:

], 2011

Dollar Tree, Inc.

500 Volvo Parkway			
Chesapeake, VA 23320			
	n, VP – Treasurer		
Shawnta 10 Facsimile: 757-321-5111	otten, VP – Govern	nance and	d Corporate Counsel
racsimile: /3/-321-3111			
From Wells Fargo Securities of Wells Fargo Bank, National 2 375 Park Avenue New York, NY 10152 Attn: Derivatives Structure Telephone: 212-214-6 Facsimile: 212-214-59	Association eturing Group 101 013	gent (the '	"Agent")
Re: <u>Issuer Share Forward T</u> Reference:	ransaction		
Reference.			
			tify you of certain terms in the Transaction entered into between Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (Wells the "Contracting Parties") on the Trade Date specified below.
Confirmation ") between the Coas of November, 2011 (the	ontracting Parties, "Master Confirm	as amend	art of, and is subject to the Supplemental Confirmation dated as of November, 2011 (the Supplemental ded and supplemented from time to time. The Supplemental Confirmation is subject to the Master Confirmation dated between the Contracting Parties, as amended and supplemented from time to time. All provisions contained in the overn this Trade Notification except as expressly modified below.
Trade Date:]]	
Hedge Completion Date:	[]	
Hedge Period Reference Price:	USI] [1
Minimum Shares:	[]	
Maximum Shares:	[]	

Yours sincerely,

By: Name: Title:

WELLS FARGO SECURITIES, LLC, acting solely in its capacity as Agent of Wells Fargo Bank, National Association

WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
By: Wells Fargo Securities, LLC,
acting solely in its capacity as its Agent

By: Name: Title:

CONFIDENTIAL TREATMENT REQUESTED

Confidential material has been separately filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission under an application for confidential treatment. Terms for which confidential treatment has been requested have been omitted and marked with an asterisk [*]



SUPPLEMENTAL CONFIRMATION

November 21, 2011

To: Dollar Tree, Inc. 500 Volvo Parkway Chesapeake, VA 23320

Attn: Roger Dean, VP – Treasurer

Shawnta Totten, VP - Governance and Corporate Counsel

Facsimile: 757-321-5111

From: Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, solely as agent (the "Agent")

of Wells Fargo Bank, National Association

375 Park Avenue New York, NY 10152

Attn: Derivatives Structuring Group

Telephone: 212-214-6101 Facsimile: 212-214-5913

Re: <u>Issuer Share Forward Transaction</u>

The purpose of this Supplemental Confirmation is to confirm the terms and conditions of the Transaction entered into between Wells Fargo Bank, National Association ("Wells Fargo") and Dollar Tree, Inc. ("Counterparty" and together with Wells Fargo, the "Contracting Parties") on the Trade Date specified below. This Supplemental Confirmation is a binding contract between Wells Fargo and Counterparty as of the relevant Trade Date for the Transaction referenced below.

- 1. This Supplemental Confirmation supplements, forms part of, and is subject to the Master Confirmation dated as of November 21, 2011 (the **Master Confirmation**") between the Contracting Parties, as amended and supplemented from time to time. All provisions contained in the Master Confirmation govern this Supplemental Confirmation except as expressly modified below.
 - 2. The terms of the Transaction to which this Supplemental Confirmation relates are as follows:

Trade Date: November 21, 2011

Hedge Completion Date: As set forth in the Trade Notification, but in no event later than December 8, 2011.

Scheduled Termination Date: [*] (or if such date is not an Exchange Business Day, the next following Exchange Business Day), subject to Wells Fargo's right to

accelerate the Termination Date to any date on or after the First Acceleration Date.

First Acceleration Date: [*]

Initial Shares: 2,774,475

Prepayment Amount: USD 300,000,000

Minimum Shares: As set forth in the Trade Notification, to be a number of shares equal to (a) the Prepayment Amount divided by (b) 110.0% of the

Hedge Period Reference Price.

Maximum Shares: As set forth in the Trade Notification, to be a number of shares equal to (a) the Prepayment Amount divided by (b) 97.5% of the Hedge

Period Reference Price.

Forward Price Adjustment

Amount: [*].

- 3. Counterparty represents and warrants to Wells Fargo that neither it nor any "affiliated purchaser" (as defined in Rule 10b-18 under the Exchange Act) has made any purchases of blocks pursuant to the proviso in Rule 10b-18(b)(4) under the Exchange Act during the four full calendar weeks immediately preceding the Trade Date other than through Wells Fargo.
- 4. This Supplemental Confirmation may be executed in any number of counterparts, all of which shall constitute one and the same instrument, and any party hereto may execute this Supplemental Confirmation by signing and delivering one or more counterparts.

Please confirm that the foregoing correctly sets forth the terms of our agreement by executing the copy of this Supplemental Confirmation enclosed for that purpose and returning it to us to Wells Fargo's Structured Derivatives Documentation Unit, Facsimile No. (212) 214-5913.

Yours sincerely,

WELLS FARGO SECURITIES, LLC,

acting solely in its capacity as Agent of Wells Fargo Bank, National Association

WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

By: Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, acting solely in its capacity as its Agent

By: <u>/s/ Cathleen Burke</u> Name: Cathleen Burke Title: Managing Director

Confirmed as of the date first above written:

DOLLAR TREE, INC.

By: /s/ Kevin S. Wampler
Name: Kevin S. Wampler
Title: Chief Financial Officer

By: <u>/s/ Cathleen Burke</u>
Name: Cathleen Burke
Title: Managing Director

SUBSIDIARIES OF THE REGISTRANT

The registrant is the parent company of Dollar Tree Stores, Inc., a retail company, Dollar Tree Distribution, Inc., a distribution and warehousing company and Greenbrier International, Inc, a sourcing company. Dollar Tree Management, Inc., a management services company is a subsidiary of Dollar Tree Stores, Inc. Dollar Tree Distribution, Inc. and Dollar Tree Management, Inc. are Virginia companies. Greenbrier International, Inc. is a Delaware company. The registrant also indirectly holds an interest in Dollar Tree Stores Canada, Inc., a British Columbia company. Certain other subsidiaries are not included because, when considered in the aggregate as a single subsidiary, they do not constitute a significant subsidiary as of January 28, 2012.

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors Dollar Tree, Inc.:

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the registration statements (numbers 333-175121, 333-126286, 333-117337, 333-106886, 333-106884, 333-106883, 333-41248, 033-92812, 033-92814 and 333-38735) on Form S-8 and registration statement (number 333-61139) on Form S-4 of Dollar Tree, Inc. of our report dated March 15, 2012, with respect to the consolidated balance sheets of Dollar Tree, Inc. as of January 28, 2012 and January 29, 2011, and the related consolidated statements of operations, shareholders' equity and comprehensive income, and cash flows for each of the fiscal years in the three-year period ended January 28, 2012, and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of January 28, 2012, which reports appear in the January 28, 2012 annual report on Form 10-K of Dollar Tree, Inc.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Norfolk, Virginia March 15, 2012

Chief Executive Officer Certification

- I, Bob Sasser, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Dollar Tree, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 15, 2012

/s/ Bob Sasser Bob Sasser Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer Certification

- I, Kevin S. Wampler, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Dollar Tree, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 15, 2012

/s/ Kevin S. Wampler Kevin S. Wampler Chief Financial Officer

Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of Dollar Tree, Inc. (the Company) on Form 10-K for the year ending January 28, 2012, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the Report), I, Bob Sasser, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss.1350, as adopted pursuant to ss.906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

March 15, 2012

Date

/s/ Bob Sasser Bob Sasser

President, Chief Executive Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been furnished to Dollar Tree, Inc. and will be retained by Dollar Tree, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of Dollar Tree, Inc. (the Company) on Form 10-K for the year ending January 28, 2012, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the Report), I, Kevin S. Wampler, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss.1350, as adopted pursuant to ss.906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

March 15, 2012 Date /s/ Kevin S. Wampler Kevin S. Wampler Chief Financial Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been furnished to Dollar Tree, Inc. and will be retained by Dollar Tree, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.